THE CARDINALS

JEALOUS AS TO WHICH WILL SUCCEED LEO. NINE LEADING RIVALS. THE WORLD OF SPORT ILLUSTRATED IN TOMORROW'S 12-PAGE SUN.

THE LOWELL SUN

FEATURES UNIQUE.

IN TOMORROW'S SUN, IN THE WOMAN'S PAGE BAB TELLS HOW ALL MAY BE BEAUTIFUL. A WHOLE PAGE OF CONVULSING COMICALITIES.

21ST YEAR — LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1897. — 8 PAGES 1 CENT.

FIRST EDITION

THE WEATHER.

As the storm is moving very slowly the threatening weather and rain will probably last in New England till Saturday, followed by clearing and colder. Sunday now promises fine weather, with freezing temperature; variable winds.

ALMANAC, SATURDAY, NOV. 27.
Sun rises—6:50; sets, 4:14.
Moon sets—7:50 p. m.
Tide—1 a. m.; 1:15 p. m.

A BIG BURGLARY

Thieves Enter a House on Philipps Street.

TWO POLISH BROTHERS USE THE KNIFE.

Holiday Happenings With the Police.

A very successful break was made at the home of Mrs. Mason at 31 Phillips street between 7.40 and 10.15 o'clock, last night, the burglars getting away with the following articles: Lady's gold watch with monogram, "C.M." one pair of gold plated cuff buttons with brillants; a light colored suit of clothes; a banjorine with leather case; two dollars in money; a solid gold wedding ring and a white silk muffler.

It is thought that the burglars obtained entrance by means of a skeleton key.

STOLE A COAT.

Some one who wasn't appreciative stole an overcoat from the Y.M.C.A. last night. If he will return it to the association it will gratefully show him the right way to reform.

It was discovered later that a long gold neck chain had been stolen. The works of the watch were numbered 3,102,830 and the case 27,659.

A CUTTING AFFRAY.

Two Poles and brothers, Joseph and William Rouski, had a very savage scuffle at their abiding place in Davidson street yesterday, in which Joseph was quite badly cut about the wrist and hand, and the room in which they fought was red with his blood. William did the cutting and Officer Dan Lane went in to arrest the pair. He got the injured man down and Officer Henry Farrington, who was on the wagon attempted to arrest William, whereupon there was a fight in which Henry was somewhat bruised though he came out ahead. Dr. Smith attended the injured man.

The police arrested for drunkenness last night John Rogers of Webster street and Lawrence Holton of Middlesex street. A complaint was received that men answering their description held up a man in the Jackson street alley early in the evening and the police are looking up the evidence which will connect the men with the crime.

POLICE COURT—HADLEY, J.

At the Thanksgiving session, there were 11 drunks.

Rosalie Roussel, Zoe Nadeau, and Louis Roussel were charged with larceny and they were continued until today. They induced O. M. Pollard to stop over night in their house and they took his money, it is alleged, while he slept. Several other cases were continued until today.

TRUANT OFFICERS

IN SESSION AT CITY HALL THIS MORNING.

The annual convention of the state association of truant commissioners is being held at City Hall today. President Lynch of Holyoke is in the chair. The morning session was devoted to reading reports.

TO GO TO KLONDIKE

Requires nerve and lots of it. People with weak nerves should take Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, the great vegetable remedy for Nervous Exhaustion, Nervous Prostration, Indigestion and Constipation. It cleanses the blood imperceptibly but effectually of all impurities, banishing pimples, eruptions, itch, boils, carbuncles, and sallow skin. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

BROKE HIS LEG.

Owen Smith, the well known slater residing on Common street, fell from a roof of one of the Tewksbury almshouse buildings Monday and broke his leg.

Christmas Drafts

On Ireland, England and Scotland. Payable in every town free of discount. Money order agency. Cor. Market and Worthen Sts.

J. F. O'Donnell, Agt.

$7 TO $15

GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.

GEORGE A. GARDNER,
20 Prescott Street.

TURKEY ROASTERS, just what you want for your Thanksgiving turkey; with one pound of 60 cent Tea at O'Brien Bros.' Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street, Telephone 69-3. Free delivery.

CONGRESSMAN WILLIAM S. KNOX.

HON. W. S. KNOX

Addressed the Evening High School.

ON CERTAIN PHASES OF CONGRESSIONAL WORK.

Alluding to Speaker Reed's Quorum Counting.

Congressman Knox addressed the pupils of the Evening High school on Wednesday evening on "The Work of Congress and the Duty of a Congressman."

The speaker told of what the Senate and House of Representatives consists, its functions and rules and the qualifications of members. He said: "Of course in such a body, there are many notables and historic characters. One of the most interesting to me is Hon. Galusha A. Grow of Pennsylvania. He was speaker in the House of Representatives during the war and there are men in Congress who were born since he was the speaker, but he stands as straight and strong as in those stirring days and his eye is as keen and as bright as ever. Near him is another strong figure, Gen. James A. Walker of Virginia, who commanded the Stonewall bridge under Stonewall Jackson. Near him and showing a contrast, sits George B. McClellan, the son of General McClellan.

"It is often said that the members of the House are too many for rapid and efficient transaction of business, but we compare favorably with other nations. The number of the House of Commons is 607, the lower German House has 397 members, and Italy, with a population less than half of ours, has 505 deputies in all. But if the number is not too large, it is coceded that the hall in which they meet is. It is impossible to hear connectdly what is said."

He referred to Speaker Reed's method of counting a quorum and said it is alleged that he counts the pictures on the walls while counting a quorum.

FUNERALS.

TIGHE—The remains of Matthew Tighe, formerly a police officer in Boston, arrived in this city from Boston yesterday afternoon and were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

KEEFE—On Wednesday, Undertaker O'Donnell forwarded to Pawtucket, R. I., the remains of William Keefe.

PAUL—The funeral of Mary A. Paul took place yesterday afternoon from her late home on Shapel street and was well attended. At St. Peter's church Rev. Fr. McManus conducted service. The bearers were John McGrade, Geo. McKenna, Thomas Hennessy, and John J. Keefe. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

WEBSTER—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah B. Webster took place Wednesday forenoon at 10.30 a. m., from the residence of her son-in-law, Major E. T. Rowell, Methuen street. Mr. John Sawyer had charge of the arrangements. Rev. Smith T. Ford was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were Hon. E. M. Tucke, H. W. Tinker, Robert L. Read, and Thomas Walsh. Interment was at the Lowell cemetery.

BROOKS—The funeral services of Mrs. Lydia B. Brooks, wife of James W. Brooks, were held at her late home, 44 West Fifth street at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Although the funeral was private, there was a very large attendance and the floral tributes were very numerous and beautiful, showing the high esteem for the deceased and the deep sympathy for Mr. Brooks.

VISITED CITY HALL.

Mayor Hardy of Beloit, Wis., was at City Hall Wednesday with S. N. Wood to whom he is related by marriage. They were shown about by Mayor Courtney. In the corridor Col. Bennett was encountered and he was introduced to Mayor Hardy as a man who was looking for trouble. "We democrats are trying to save him from it," said Mayor Courtney. A discussion followed between Candidate Bennett and Mayor Hardy. Col. Bennett while on a western trip once paid a short visit to Beloit.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

EVE OF FESTIVAL

The Police Made a Raid on Gamblers.

ALL AGOG IN THE SOCIETY HALLS.

The Kirmess Very Successful at Associate.

Thanksgiving Eve in olden days was the eve for raffles the country over, fat turkeys being generally the prizes played for. Of late, however, the police have watched for raffles on this night and their watchfulness has had the effect of breaking up the custom.

On Wednesday night Inspector Donaldson and Lieutenant Kew were out looking for raffles and they succeeded in making a raid.

It was in the butcher shop in the Joshua Willis block on Moody street, near Race street, kept by Adolph LaMountain, where they were raffling at 10.30 Wednesday night and the inspectors seized a complete outfit, consisting of a kind of a roulette wheel, dice, etc. About 50 men were in the back room where the gaming was going on and the names of the principals were taken for future use, no arrests bing made at the time.

When they entered the back room of the store they found dice-shaking going on, for chickens while the wheel was played with tickets, 12 being sold at 10 cents each, the winner getting a chicken or a dollar.

Post 185, G.A.R., was inspected Wednesday by Commander Smiley of Post 120. Following the exercises there was a campfire at which Commander Hamblett presided and there were remarks by Comrades Fulton, Hon. Frederick Lawton, George W. Poore, Esq., and Hon. George H. Marston.

The proprietors of the Belvidere on Wednesday evening furnished a free table of turkey, mashed potatoes and other edibles which were thoroughly relished by a crowd of 200 visitors.

THE KIRMESS.

The Kirmess, a most attractive entertainment, was enjoyed by an audience that completely packed Associate hall Wednesday night. It was given by the ladies who will have charge of Fr. Leonard's table at the coming bazaar. The dances were of course the main feature. Those who took part were becomingly costumed and went through the various figures with a grace of movement that called forth loud applaus. During the evening Col. J. W. Bennett visited the refreshment table and supplied a large group of children with candy, pop-corn, and dolls.

The Cadet orchestra furnished music and the tables were very beautifully decorated and presided over by an array of young ladies that made them still more attractive.

TRADES COUNCIL DANCE.

The Trades and Labor Council held a sociable in Spinner's hall Wednesday evening which was very largely attended.

The officers were Michael Duggan, general manager; James Carlston, assistant; Joseph Ashton, floor director; Thomas F. Delehanty, assistant; aids, Thomas O'Mally, James Collins, Patrick Kane, Lewis Saunders, Alex Ray, William McCarthy, Alex Peterson.

LAUREL ASSOCIATES.

The assembly of the Laurel Associates in Prescott hall Wednesday night was a delightful affair. Seventy-five dancing under the direction of these officers: Charles E. Clark, general manger; John F. McCarty, assistant; Michael F. Ford, floor director; Thomas A. Heath, asistant.

FRANKLIN CLUB.

The Franklin Social club held a dance in St. Joseph's hall last night. Elvin's orchestra furnished the music. The officers: General manager, William Archambeault; assistant, George Rencour; floor director, Albert Montmarquet; assistant floor director, Henry Desmarais; chief aid, Omer Lahare.

A FINE PRESENT.

Friends of Mrs. Wilfred Frechette of the Lawrence corporation held a dance in Runels' hall last night and previous to the dancing they presented Mrs Frechette an elegant parlor suite.

The officers of the dance were as follows: Wilfred Frechette general manager; Clifford Robideau, assistant; aids, Theodore Marreau, Augusta Parray and Frank Tremblee.

THE THANKSGIVING FEAST

Was Quietly Observed in Lowell and Vicinity.

Police Had Little to do—Even the Poor Enjoyed the Day and Had Plenty—The Festivities in Banquet Halls and Social Clubs.

Thanksgiving is over, and so far as can be judged it was well enjoyed, even by the poor. The day was quietly spent, and fortunately, there was no tragedy to mark its passing. There was some work for the police, but nothing very serious.

The inmates of the Lowell jail were treated to a turkey dinner and had a few hours' recreation after dinner.

At the City Farm, Col. Pindar and Mrs. Pindar looked after the inmates in their usual first clas style and treated them to a first class dinner, at which turkey was furnished in abundance.

At the Y.M.C.A. rooms, a party of 200 was provided with a good turkey dinner.

Both the Old Ladies' Home and the Ayer Home for Young Women and Children were generously remembered by outside friends and bountiful turkey dinners were served at both institutions. The children at the Ayer Home were allowed to romp and play to their heart's content and the day was without doubt a memorably happy one to them.

Y. M. C. I. PARTY.

The sociable of the Y.M.C.I. in Huntington hall last night was finely attended. Preceding the dance there was an entertainment program of the following numbers, including selections by the Columbia orchestra; violin and piano duets, Master Charles McGrall and Miss Annie McGrall; songs, Walter V. Hickey and Thomas McGinn; contortionist, John McNulty, Miss Frances Hickey, accompanist.

EMERALDS' SOCIAL.

The Emeralds' association held a most enjoyable assembly in Hibernian hall last night. Dancing was enjoyed by 125 couples, the Cadet orchestra furnishing music. The officers were: General manager, Patrick Fitzgerald; assistant general manager, John J. Fahey; floor director, Dennis O'Neil; aids, P. H. Cremmin, Michael Sullivan, John J. Powers, T. F. Spellman, Daniel Hannifin, Patrick Wrinn, Michael Leahey, Thomas Shea, M. A. Ryan, Frank W. McManamon, Patrick O'Keegan.

HURDY GURDY PARTY.

The second night of the hurdy-gurdy dance at the Reform club drew an attendance of about 50 couples. Everybody had a good time. The officials: General manager, George Farrow; floor director, James O'Laughlin; assistant, P. J. Ryan.

BURKES' SOCIAL.

The Burkes had a very pleasant party in their hall last night and about 50 couples enjoyed the dancing.

CLOVER CLUB.

The asesmbly of the Clover club in Associate hall last night was a big success. The 40-yards dash between Brady and Cunningham was won by the latter.

The Manhattan and Atwood's orchestra provided music for dancing. The ocials: General manager, D. F. O'Connor; assistant general manager, Wm. F. Sullivan; floor director, E. Saunders; assistant floor director, F. Kelley; aids, F. Roark, T. Grady, F. Carr, J. Day, J. Mulligan, A. Keefe, Wm. Moulton, G. O'Connor, J. McCluskey, J. J. Murphy.

COLORED PEOPLE DANCE.

Seventy-five couples took part in the dance of the Colored Associates in Highland hall last night. Concord, N. H., Boston, Haverhill, Andover, Methuen, and Worcester were represented and about all of the visitors remained over night.

The officials: Manager Lewis H. R. Anderson; floor director, Jewell C. Marsh; aids, John E. Jackson, Peter Flemings, Arthur Moore.

CATHOLIC CHURCH SERVICE.

In all the Catholic churches of the city yesterday, special service was held.

At the Immaculate Conception church high mass was celebrated for the benefactors of the church.

The mass at St. Michael's church was for the repose of the soul of the late Rev. William O'Brien of Winchester.

At St. Patrick's church, service was held for members of the Holy Name society.

MATRIMONIAL.

At St. Peter's parochial residence Wednesday evening, Rev. Fr. McDonough united in marriage Mr. James H. Pinder and Miss Annie Crawley. Mr. Michael F. Cannon was best man and Miss Maggie Vaughan was bridesmaid. The bride was becomingly gowned in white mull trimmed with satin and pearls and carried bride's roses and the bridemaid was attired in white and carried chrysanthemums. A reception followed at the residence of the bridegroom's brother-in-law, Mr. Avery Marshall, 215 Parker street, for which the D. L. Page company catered.

Mr. Pinder is an employe of the printing department of the C. I. Hood company and many elegant wedding presents were received, including a handsome sideboard from the press room employes. Mr. and Mrs. Pinder left early in the evening for a short wedding trip. They will be at home to their friends after December 1, at 123 Railroad street.

PEARSON—STEVENS.

Mr. Frank S. Pearson and Miss Marcia S. Stevens were married Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. Obed S. Smith, by Rev. George Wright. Only the families of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony.

SMITH—WILMOT.

Mr. Harry N. Smith of Warren, N. H., and Miss Alice E. Wilmot were united in mariage Wednesday evening by Rev. Mr. Mathews at the home of the bride, 30 Chambers street. The bridesmaid was Miss Martha Ashworth and the best man was Mr. Joseph Wilmot. A reception followed the ceremony. After their honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmot will reside in Warren, N. H.

SHEA—ROBINSON.

Miss Mary E. Robinson, an estimable young lady of Nashua, and Mr. Edward E. Shea, a vocalist of considerable ability and a popular member of the Y.M.C.I., were quietly married at the parochial residence of the Immaculate Conception church, Wednesday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. William D. Joyce, O. M. I. Miss Kittie Whalen of this city acting as bridesmaid, while Mr. George F. Lynch of the Y.M.C.I. was groomsman.

Immediately after the nuptial ceremony, the happy couple left for the home of the bride, 122 Canal street in Nashua, where an informal reception was held. The D. L. Page company catered. They were made the recipients of many handsome presents, including a purse from the members of the Y.M.C.I.

Upon their return from their honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Shea will reside at their new home in the Oaklands, where they will be at home to friends after December 1.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE

The alarm from box 25 shortly after nine o'clock this morning was occasioned by a fire in the house at the corner of Merimack street and Maiden Lane, owned by Mrs. Doyle. The fire started in a closet in the tenement of Mrs. Ferron caused by children playing with matches while the mother was away. The blaze burned out the closet and spread up to the top floor. The chemical engine quickly stopped it and the damage will not be great.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel A. Abbott observed the 50th anniversary of their marriage at their home yesterday.

CAMP FARRAGUT

Representative-elect Henry J. Draper presided at the entertainment given by Camp Farragut Wednesday evening. The program included an overture by the orchestra of Camp Farragut, L. H. Anderson, leader; reading, Bernice Hovey; piano solo, Arthur Moore; reading, Ethel Morey; cornet duet, Baxter and Harriman.

Coal that will burn! You want some? W. E. Livingston, 16 Thorndike street, sells it.

Fashion Corner

Brown Kersey Box Overcoats.

Fashion runs in streaks nowadays, and the people—especially the young men quickly get onto the streaks of fashion.

Young men's tastes are catered to here in Brown Kersey Overcoats in every style and price.

You probably know how the smart Box Coat should be made—most every one who keeps track of our ads. do, however we will be glad to explain.

All sizes here,

$10 to $22.

Warm lined Gloves and Mittens half price this week.

Opp. City Hall.

Merrimack Clothing Company.

2 O'CLOCK

A NARROW ESCAPE

Burns Family Nearly Suffocated.

BY INHALATION OF DEADLY COAL GAS.

Three Children Found Unconscious This Morning.

The family of Mr. Burns of 8 Floyd street had a very narrow escape from suffocation by coal gas this morning. The family consists of the father, two boys and a girl, the children being aged 19, 16 and 14 years.

The father woke up early this morning and found the house full of coal gas coming from a kitchen stove that had been left with a good fire going when the family retired.

Fearing that it had affected the children, he went to their rooms immediately and was unable to rouse them the three being unconscious. A physician was called and neighbors came to Mr. Burns' assistance. After much hard work all three were resusitated but all became unconscious again, the oldest boy being in a particularly bad condition. They soon recovered with the exception of the eldest, who is confined to his bed today as a result of the occurrence.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Mr. Editor—I notice that some of Dr. Kelley's opponents raise objections to the fact that he is residing for the present with his parents outside the ward. As the doctor is a voter in the ward, there is no room whatever for any reasonable objection. On the other hand, it is reported that Mr. Donnelly is about to move out of the ward, but as both are voters in the ward, this matter of residence has no bearing on the case.

It should be remembered by the voters that it has been the custom in Ward Four, as in old Ward Three to give a member at least two full terms in the school board and if they give a member more than this, so much the better for themselves, because the longer a member is in the school board the greater is his influnce. A new member has to begin at the bottom of the ladder on the most worthless committees where he has no opportunity to aid his constituents on the more important matters such as in the High school, the Training school, or the committee on teachers. Dr. Kelley is now a member of the most important standing committees of the school board, and if returned next year his influence will be even greater; but if the voters send a new member to represent them it will be three years at least before he will be as useful as the doctor now is, assuming his qualifications to be the same. During the coming year, several very important matters will come up for decision. One will be that of deciding between the Training school and the Normal school. There is at present a number of teachers whose retention is involved in the outcome of this settlement. Is it not advisable to send an experienced member to represent you in the settlement of this matter rather than a new and inexperience member. Without reflecting in the least upon Mr. Donnelly, who is a nice young gentleman, in the interests of teachers, pupils adn people of this ward, I would advise you in all fairness to support Dr. Kelley at the caucus and the polls.

—Old Resident.

Ex-Councilman John E. Sullivan, is prominently mentioned as the democratic candidate for alderman in Ward Nine. Mr. Sullivan is a democrat with a clean record, having acquitted himself most creditably during the famous deadlock. He has friends all over the city and would make a strong candidate.

REGISTRATION ENDED.

Reigstration for the city election closed at 10 o'clock, Wednesday night and 1092 names were added to the list during the seven days' session of the registrars.

The registration is heavily democratic. Wednesday night a corp of workers directed by J. J. O'Connor, Esq., hustled around after voters. Chairman Poore directed the work on the republican side.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travellers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN

This old hostelery has been refitted and furnished and is up-to date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course Dinner Sundays is our specialty.

Washington Tavern

Cor. Central and Church St.

JOHN J. REGAN, Prop.

A MAN IN PAJAMAHS

Isn't in such a fix as this, well clothed no matter what happens, they're comfortable to sleep in and "great" if you shave before dressing in the morning.

Our pajamahs are cut full sizes and fit properly: Scotch Cheviots, Domet Flannel and Madras Cloth, from 98 cents a set to $2.00.

Domet Flannel Night Shirts, 55 inches long, 50c. to $1.00. & Fancy trimmed cotton night shirts, 39c. to $1.00.

PUTNAM & SON,
No 166 CENTRAL STREET

CHICAGO'S TUNNELITIS.

Might Fitly Be Called Tunnel Sickness and Resembles Seasickness.

Many people in Chicago are afflicted with what might fitly be called tunnel sickness. Those subject to it say if they went through the tunnels 20 times a day each time would bring a recurrence of the feeling of nausea. The sickness is said in many ways to be similar to that induced by the sea. A man who regards himself as one of the victims of the subways gives as explanation the air of the tunnels.

"I can account for the nausea in no other way," he said. "Every time the car passes into the tunnel I feel a tingling of the nostrils. I seem to smell an odor of death—that at least is my notion of it—and before the lowest point of the tunnel is reached my head is swimming and I am nauseated. As soon as I am outside the tunnel I am all right again. I have met several people who had suffered the same way, and they unite in saying they were unable to become acustomed to underground transit. Naturally I never pass through a tunnel if I can avoid it."—Chicago Chronicle.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday December 3rd, in the Savings Department of the

Traders' National Bank

Will draw interest from December 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compound semi-annually.

HOURS { Daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1, p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

30 Middlesex street, 11 Post Office Avenue.

Chas. J. Glidden, President.
William F. Hills, Cashier.

LOST—A MONOGRAM PIN AT ASSOCIATE hall Wednesday evening. Reward at 99 Walker street.

MERCHANTS WEEK

In our 61 years' experience in the furniture business we have never before done what we shall do during the forthcoming Merchants Week. We shall reduce the price of every piece of furniture in our immense stock.

This would mean very little for an ordinary furniture store, but with us it means selling goods for six days at about the actual cost to manufacture.

Our present prices are based on the low rents of the wholesale district, and are at least 10 per cent. under all other stores. Deduct the Merchants Week discount and it is almost less than the goods cost us.

This Parlor Centre Table is a fair sample of over 3000 other cases. It's solid oak, in rich quartered grain, with full grained box framing, carved corners and high polish finish. The lower shelf is very spacious, measuring 16 inches in diameter at its narrowest point.

Just for a test, try to buy this table under $15 in any store in this country. Our price for Merchants Week will be

$7.

We deliver goods into the houses of our Lowell customers absolutely free of all expense as to freight or cartage.

Paine Furniture Co.

48 Canal St., Boston.

REMINISCENT OF THANKSGIVING

THE LEGISLATIVE ROWDIES

Made Another Scene in Austrian Parliament Yesterday.

Plan to Balk the Disturbers Declared in Effect But it Has Not Stopped the Trouble.

Vienna, Nov. 26.—When the lower house of the reichrath reassembled Thursday after adjourning from the scene of unprecedented disorder, all the ministers were present, and the approaches to the presidential tribune were blocked, doors having been erected since the disgraceful fight of Wednesday in and about the tribune and throughout the house.

The entrance of the president of the chamber, Dr. Abrahamovics, was the signal for loud and ironical salutations, which were followed by vehement leftist shouts of "Shame." Dr. Ambrahamovics made an attempt to speak, but Dr. Wolff, the German nationalist leader, interrupted him by shouting: "Some one else must take the chair, not this swindler."

Mr. Schoenerer, the leader of a section of the German opposition, then yelled at the top of his voice: "I demand the right to speak, which I am entitled to."

Thereupon Dr. Wolff retorted: "There is no such thing as right in this house. It is trodden under foot by this mameluke."

As the uproar which followed showed every sign of increasing, Dr. Abrahamovics adjourned the house until the afternoon amidst a storm of "Hurrahs" and "Bravos."

When the sitting was resumed the leftists commenced a tremendous din, in the middle of which the German centrist, Mr. Falkenhyn, conceived as a happy idea a proposal to cow obstructionists by threatening their pockets. He moved that for the future disorderly members might be suspended for three days by the president, or for 30 days by the house, during which time their allowance should be stopped; while members refusing to leave the chamber when requested might be forcibly expelled.

The speech was interupted by a continuous uproar, Mr. Wolff shouting: Let's pitch the blackguards out." The president vainly called for order. Finally Wolff stationed himself directly in front of the presidential tribune and began a shrill whistle. A number of deputies tried to force open the doors at the front of the platform, while a party of Czechs endeavored to prevent them.

When the tumult was at its height Mr. Abrahamovics declared that he regarded the motion of Mr. Falkenhyn as a necessary measure of self-defence and called for the voting. The whole right at once arose and the president declared the motion carried. A number of deputies then began clambering upon the president's platform, whereupon he seized his bell and left the house. After a shore interval he returned and began to address the chamber, but his voice was drowned in a torrent of leftist yells and shouts of "Get out," "Shame." Finally the sitting was suspended for an hour, at the close of which the president returned and announced that in accordance with wishes expressed in many quarters he had decided to close the sitting.

These scenes, which are regarded as a parliamentary coup d'etat, were witnessed by the British ambassador, Sir Horace Rumbold, and by Samuel L. Clements (Mark Twain), with other noted foreigners.

The motion of Count Falkehayn (Mr. Falkenhyn as previously sent out), former minister of agriculture, was carried by means of an evidently preconcerted signal between the president and the rightists, for no word of the president's speech was audible. This novel proceeding was greeted with howls and jeers by the obstructionists. For a long time Count Badeni, the premier, stood calm and unmoved, but when the disorders reached a climax both he and the president sought freedom from personal violence in flight.

Five Vienna newspapers, including The Free Press and the Socialist organ, Zeitung, in addition to several provincial journals, have been confiscated for articles on Wednesday's proceedings.

HYPNOTIZED BY GYPSY.

New York, Nov. 26.—The police of East Orange, N. J., are looking for a woman who dresses in garments of red and yellow, presumably a gypsy, and who, with an "evil, glittering eye," so influences servant girls that in a sort of hypnotic trance they give their money to her.

The latest case was that reported by O. E. Condit of O. E. & W. Condit, wholesale beef dealers in East Orange. He said that Lena Brown, a colored servant employed at his residence, 36 South Clinton street, had been hypnotized by a fortune teller, and had been compelled to give all her money to the woman.

SMOTHERED IN A BARN.

Bennington, Vt., Nov. 26.—Henry Maloney, 38 years old, was smothered in a barn by a 700-pound door falling on him. He was partly intoxicated, and when the door fell over on him, pinning him to the floor and breaking his shoulder, he was unable to extricate himself and slowly perished. When the door was removed from the body it was found that Maloney, in his frantic efforts to free himself, had torn his clothes to threads.

First class printing done at this office.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

E. R. Ide, 78 years old, a leading merchant of Salem, Mass., is dead.

The Roman Catholic church of St. John the Evangelist at Penacook, N. H., was dedicated Thursday.

Spanish imports into Cuba are to have preferential rights varying from 20 to 35 per cent over those of other countries.

John McCarthy, aged 54, a New Haven teamster, was choked to death yesterday by a piece of beefsteak lodging in his throat when he was eating breakfast.

The large barns on the farm of Sanford & Rudd at Hoosick, Vt., were totally destroyed by fire, with a loss of $4000. Seventy-five tons of hay were also consumed.

In consequence of the revolt of the Albanians of the districts of Diakova and Ipek, northeast of Cutari, large bodies of Bulgarian and Servian troops have been ordered to proceed to the disaffected district.

One hundred thousand dollars worth of property was burned at Pensacola, Fla., yesterday by an incendiary fire which started in a building used as a warehouse. The fire spread from this building to Clubb's lumber yard, an old freight house of the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the company's new freight house. The contents of both was destroyed.

NINTH ANNUAL BALL

OF THE ST. JOHN'S T. A. SOCIETY OF NORTH CHELMSFORD.

The ninth annual concert and ball of the St. John's T. A. society of North Chelmsford was held in the town hall Wednesday evening. A concert of choice selections entertained the guests early in the evening. The grand march was led by Mr. John McTague and Miss Lizzie McTague. The order contained 21 numbers and every dance was thoroughly enjoyed. Hibbard's orchestra furnished music. The officers: General manager, Jas. J. O'Connell; assistant, James J. Berrett; floor director, John McTague; assistant, John J. O'Connell; aids, George Foren, Michael Connelly, William E. O'Neil, John J. Brennan, John Larkin, James T. Leahey, Edward Dunn, John Flaherty; reception committee, John E. Hagan, John F. McManimin, Frank W. Hogan, Patrick McEnaney, Patrick T. McMahon, Patrick Dunnigan.

A STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT.

In another part of this paper there appears a very remarkable announcement from the Paine Furniture company, 48 Canal street, Boston. They state that they shall reduce the price of every piece of furniture in their stock during Merchants' Week, which is from November 29 to December 4, inclusive. The mere fact of the reduction is, perhaps, not so significant as the extent of it. The $15 centre table, of which an engraving appears in this paper, is to be offered during Merchants' Week at $7. It is a chance for some one.

A changing of one of the boilers of the Tremont and Suffolk mills has caused a shut down of a portion of the works for a few days.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Nethersole

WRITES:

"AFTER being completely worn out from constant nervous strain, I was advised to use the GENUINE JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT. It has benefited me so wonderfully that I have become its strongest advocate."

Ask for the Genuine

Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

Avoid Substitutes

Lowell One Price Clothing Co.

Our goods and prices welcome the most critical inspection and comparison. Prices tell. Quality counts. Our best advertisements are the sterling values that we give.

OUR GREAT UNLOADING SALE CONTINUES

Since the inauguration of this unprecedented sale thousands of shrewd bargain seekers availed themselves of this chance of a lifetime to secure the greatest values ever offered in Men's, Boys' and Children's Fine, New, Stylish, Up-to-Date Clothing. After visiting all the bargain sales in the city, the economical buyers came invariably to ours, and they do not leave our place without purchasing, when they have seen our mammoth stock of well assorted goods and our exceptionally low prices.

Our lines of $7.50 and $8.00 Men's Overcoats, in fine Black Kerseys, are the greatest Overcoat bargains in Lowell. They are equal in every respect to the usual $12.00 and $14.00 garments. Our prices for this sale are

$7.50 and $8.00

HIGH CLASS OVERCOATS

Our assortment of High Grade Overcoats is absolutely without a peer. They reach the very top notch of styles and beauty. They have been selected with the greatest care for the best trade. Everything that is desirable—from $4 to $24—is here. Is it a Box Coat? We have it, just full enough to be good style and not bad taste. Is it a Top Coat? We have it, cut, made and trimmed as only the best tailored are. No matter what your Overcoat notion may be, be it tight or loose, long or short, smooth or rough, light or dark, high or low priced, we have it.

Several lots Men's and Young Men's raw edges, strap and lap seams brown and black Kersey Overcoats, regular $15 garment, at only **$10**

75 extra fine black Kersey Men's Overcoats, heavy, light color, clay lining, with satin yoke and sleeve linings, made to sell at $18, our price is **$11.50**

A large variety of styles of fine black, blue and brown Kersey Overcoats, with durable black clay worsted and fancy linings, wide satin yokes, usually sold at $16.50 to $18. They are all marked at the astonishing low price of **$12**

150 Men's blue, black and brown triple mills finest Kersey Overcoats, in short, regular long and stout sizes, made with wide facings and heavy clay worsted linings, plain and raw edges, lap and strap seams, made by best journeymen tailors, well worth $20. They must all be sold at **$15**

In the finer grade Overcoats we have an almost endless variety in light whipcord with fancy back, tan, snuff, brown, oxford, blue and black shades, every one elegantly tailored. No house in Lowell can show a larger and more artistic display. They are leaders, and all of them great values.

Furnishing Goods

To keep up the excitement we shall continue to offer bargains of even greater values than those that attracted such crowds in this department since the beginning of this record-breaking sale. Our assortment is enormous. Every style that should be in a first class stock is here. Our lines of Men's and Boys' Sweaters is the largest and most complete in the city; more than forty different kinds to select from. Prices ranging from

50c. to $3.50

They are all great values.

Gloves. Gloves.

Our assortment is simply incomparable. Every kind from the coarse working sorts to the fine dressy Gloves are here, and the prices for the same grade of goods cannot be equalled. Now is the time for bargain seekers who are looking for the greatest possible values for their money, to invest.

Lowell One Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED),
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels, and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

Only Been Used But a Few Days

An Extra Fine Mahogany

UPRIGHT PIANO

That sells for $275 will be sold by

W. F. TRUMBELL

FOR **$185.00**

This is your chance. Bring any one you wish to inspect the instrument. 101 Westford street is still the place for all great bargains.

PIANOS.

The public are most cordially invited to call at our parlors and inspect the new pianos just received from our factory; and we shall make special inducements, so if you are thinking of purchasing a piano or organ call and get our prices and terms.

New upright piano, handsome case, including book, stool, scarf, and 12 lessons free for

$240.00

Cash or easy terms to suit. We have another bargain, and it is worth seeing, if you don't buy. Upright piano, with stool, scarf, book, and 12 lessons for only

$265.00.

Will let it go on easy installments. The pianos that were out on rent for three months while our building was being remodelled have come in and we shall sell them at a sacrifice to make room for goods now on the way from our factory. New and second-hand organs at all prices. Square pianos taken in trade; also orders left with us for tuning and repairing will receive our prompt attention, and our prices the lowest. The public will find our store open every evening, so whether you wish to buy or not, call and see us.

ESTEY

145 Merrimack Street.

A. H. ROGERS, Manager.

ANNUAL FESTIVAL

For the Benefit of the

Old Ladies' Home

Huntington Hall, Dec. 1,

POP CONCERT

MUSIC BY

Royal Hungarian Gypsy Band

Fancy Dancing by Miss Devoll.

Seats reserved at tables, at which light refreshments and temperance drinks will be served, 25 cents extra. On sale at C. W. Durant's, corner Central and Middle streets.

December 2

"Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works,"

Under the direction of Miss Mary Seldon McCabb. General Dancing. Music by American Orchestra.

Tickets, Either Evening, 50c.

CHILDREN 25 CENTS.

JUSTICE FIELD, who resigns from Supreme bench.

U. S. ATTORNEY GENERAL McKENNA, who will succeed Justice Field.

FIREMEN'S BALL

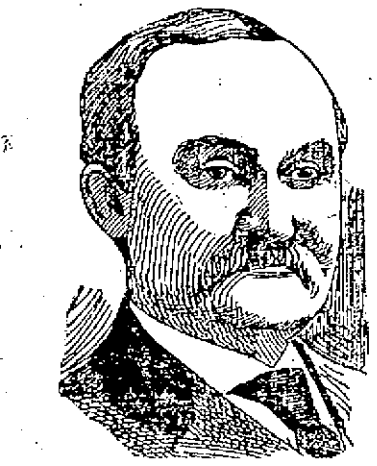
Grand Affair Held Thanksgiving Eve.

A MERRY CROWD IN HUNTINGTON HALL!

Assist the Gallant Laddies at the Ball.

With no alarms to interrupt their pleasure the gallant firemen of the city enjoyed the dance on Thanksgiving Eve at their annual ball in Huntington They were out in force with their wives and sweethearts, the men in the becoming blue and silver of the department and the ladies in pretty gowns and then ffair was carried out most successfully.

The hall was tastefully decorated. Streamers of Nile green, pink and white radiated from the center chandelier to the sides of the hall, an artistic



E. S. HOSMER, Chief.

conception of an air castle in variegated lines depending from the center and resting gracefully above the heads of the merry dancers.

The windows were all overhung with material of delicate hues and two immense panels in a striking harmony of colors graced the walls at either side of the stage. The front of the balcony was studded with stars and crescents in green and pink upon a background of white, while firemen's lanterns and trumpets were hung at intervals upon the front of the balcony.

The stage was a bower of beauty, being overhung with the prevailing colors. At the front of the stage was a series of green and pink sunbursts, which were overtopped by a mass of foliage. In the background was a large and realistic scene, representing a burning building.

About the stage were portraits of the board of engineers.

From 8 to 9 the American orchestra rendered one of its excellent concert programs.

At 9 o'clock the grand march was started with about 150 couples in line, while double that number watched the inspiring spectacle from the gallery or the floor, which had been roped off to prevent the spectators from crowding the dancers. The march was led by Chief E. S. Hosmer and his daughter, Miss Emma Hosmer; next came Hon. Charles D. Palmer and Mrs. Hosmer; J. F. Norton and Mrs. Norton; Captain Foley and Mrs. Foley. From this time until 2 o'clock the dancing was continuous, with an intermision of 45 minutes at midnight.

Among the invited guests present were Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Perkins of Lawrence, Messrs. McKay and Brackett of Methuen, Aldermen Eastman and Cosgrove, and several others.

The officers of the affair were as follows: General manager, President E. Hosmer; floor director, Treasurer J. F. Norton; aids, Capt. C. D. Foley, Henry Boynton, Lieut. O. A. Knapp, Lieut. W. A. Dolan, Lieut. J. A. Joyce, E. A. Walsh, Lieut. Charles Riley, G. A. Dickey, Lieut. W. H. Halstead, W. F. Tighe, G. H. Chapman, James McCafferty, Geo. Buck, John Donohue, H. A. Merrill, and E. Lepene.

The reception committee consisted of Mayor William F. Courtney, ex-Mayor Charles D. Palmer, Alderman J. A. Derby, Alderman C. H. Cosgrove, Councilman Stephen O'Hare, Engineer G. F. Salmon, Engineer Edward Melloy, and Engineer H. W. Burton. The committee on arrangements consisted of E. S. Hosmer, J. F. Norton, Charles Stackpole, W. A. Dolan, Joseph Baxter, and J. F. McKissock.

MISS MAUD GONNE

To Get a Splendid Reception in Boston.

APPEAL SENT OUT TO PATRIOTIC IRISHMEN.

In Behalf of the Political Prisoners.

If present indicitations may be taken as a criterion, then it may be assumed that the reception to be tendered to Miss Maud Gonne on Sunday, Dec. 19, in Boston when she lectures at the Columbia theatre, will be a royal one. The committee of arrangements having the matter in charge, which is composed of over 300 delegates from the councils of the Irish National and kindred patriotic societies met last evening in the hall of the Irish-American club, Broadway, South Boston, and transacted a great deal of business.

It was decided to extend an invitation to Mr. John J. O'Connor, formerly of the Royal University of Ireland, to deliver an address of welcome to Miss Gonne on the night of the reception.

The following appeal to the Irish-Nationalists of Boston and vicinity has been issued:

Fellow Countrymen and Comrades:

There is no need to make known to you the name of Miss Maud Gonne, who will soon be in your midst on a mission of nationality, such as she has long since made her own. Wherever Irish-Nationalists are to be found, the name of Miss Gonne is known as a foremost worker in the cause of amnesty and Ireland and her exertions are cherished with gratitude and pride by every patriotic Irishman.

Her mission to America today marks the crown of her efforts on behalf of her native land, just at the time at which she addresses the Irish millions of the New World, marks the culmination of the new struggle or Irish unity and the starting point of the new campaign of Irish freedom.

Generous Irishmen of Boston and neighborhood, true and unswerving soldiers of Ireland's nationhood, the eve of the centennial of '98 should find you and does find you we are convinced, engaged in the preparation of all your action and influence in the muster of your forces, in view of the great commemoration which will recall to our country's enemy, the eternal fidelity of the Irish race to the national independence of Ireland and to the memory of the heroes and martyrs of the national battles of 100 years ago. In the name of Wolfe Tone and Lord Edward Fitzgerald, of the men of Antrim, and the men of Oxford, of Oulart Hill and Castlebar, you will meet beneath the allied banners of the Stars and Stripes and the Harp and Sunburst. You will meet at the Columbia theatre on Sunday evening, December 19, to renew the vow of nationality, to restore the broken unity of the Irish race, to suppress faction, to organize your strength and to aid your native land. To aid in that work, to appeal to your generous patriotism and to promote the mission of the past, Miss Gonne will appear upon the platform as the envoy and representative of Ireland.

We are confident you will give to that chivalrous and devoted Irishwoman the welcome which is due to her and which will be worthy of you.

Signed in behalf of the committee:

—James Ryan, Chairman.
John Dolan, Vice-Chairman.
JOHN M. COTTER, Sec'ry.
MARTIN J. ROCHE, Treas.

COOK REMEDY CO

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY.
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently
CURED IN 15 TO 35 DAYS.
You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE
taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary

BLOOD POISON

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.
We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians.
$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on Application. 100 page book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 & 308 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

COOK REMEDY CO

A COURT MARTIAL

Col. Hunter Strongly Condemns Capt. Lovering.

FIRE ON A STEAMER IN BOSTON HARBOR.

Going to Klondike in Air Ships Next.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The verdict in the Lovering court-martial was agreed upon at a short session of the court Thursday. It is the general opinion that Captain Lovering will meet with nothing worse than a reprimand. The finding is always a secret one, being forwarded to the commanding officer of the department. From General Brooke it will be sent to Washington, where it is discretionary with the military authorities to give it out for publication.

In his argument the judge advocate said:

"The conjuncture does not appear to have been so extraordinary as to justify a military officer either making a mistake of judgment or losing his temper. The military law makes no allowance for the infirmities of human temper. It perceives that loss by soldiers of self-control is loss of power to command respect. No circumstances of irritation will justify a soldier in breaking from the established rules of discipline." In concluding, Colonel Hunter said:

"In this trial I think there is something more than a serious accusation involved. I think the reputation of army officers for good judgment, for command of self, for humanity and justification is all on trial here. This is a time of peril to our order and our tribunals. I think the things which the accused has done tyrannically ought to appear to you who have heard just as bitter and scandalous as they did to him who felt them. The finding delivered by this court will live long after taps have been sounded over the graves of the men who are here present.

FIRE ON A STEAMER.

Boston, Nov. 26.—The iron steamship Barrowmore of the Johnson line was partially burned at East Boston yesterday morning. From 3:66 o'clock until 8:20 the fireboat and fire department of East Boston fought the flames that were eating into the cargo in the forward part of the boat.

The Barrowmore is about 7000 tons burden, rigged with two masts, with a crew of 36 men, and laden with a miscellaneous cargo. She was advertised to leave for London, and her cargo was nearly all aboard when the flames were discovered. The fire at first was confined to a quantity of hay in bales that was being carried as fodder for the cattle that were to comprise a portion of the steamer's cargo. The hay burned stubbornly and with suffocating smoke, spreading into a mass of corn in bulky bags.

A second alarm called the entire fire force of East Boston to the scene. The fireboat was pouring 4000 gallons of water a minute into the steamer, and the outpour of the nine lines of hose caused the Barrowmore to sink until the keel touched bottom.

The towboat William Sprague pumped the steamer clear of her surplus water, which had sunken her to a depth of 26 feet. The water penetrated every part of the vessel forward. The estimate of the loss is set at about $3000 by fire and water. The firemen say that the fire was started by a torch, by the light of which the coal trimmers were working, being upset and falling through an open hatchway into the hay.

BY AIRSHIP TO KLONDIKE.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—Hiram S. Maxim, superintendent of construction of the Atlantic and Pacific Aerial Navigation company, announces that the company now has in course of construction an airship in which it is expected to make the trip to the Klondike. He said: "When everything necessary is on board the ship will weigh 5000 pounds, and we shall take on board about one ton weight of passengers and provisions. The space occupied will be 100,000 cubic feet. The propelling power will be a 16-horse power naphtha engine, which will be made of aluminum, as far as that metal can be used, and will weigh complete 900 pounds. The gasoline will be stored in tanks in the cases, which will contain sufficient quantity to drive the vessel around the earth without replenishing the tanks. The skin of the ship will be doubled and the intermediate space will be filled with hydrogen gas. This gas will be confined in separate compartments, and will be in the upper part of the cylinder and in the cones."

BIG GRAY ENAMELED WARE.
We have received a new lot of Tea and Coffee Pots and Preserving kettles. One with a pound of 60c. Tea while they last. Dickson Bros Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

THE KLONDIKE CAFE.

120 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00; Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket. 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 120 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

ODD BRIDAL TRIP.

Unique Manner In Which Mr. and Mrs. Speyer Spent Their Honeymoon.

The recent honeymoon trip of Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer is almost as unique as that of a now distinguished citizen of New York who started upon his bridal tour at the time the epizootic plague was raging. That distemper raged so violently among horses that the community was compelled to dispense with their services for some weeks, and the now distinguished citizen, who was married at a country house not far from New York, was obliged to begin his bridal tour in an ex cart drawn by oxen gayly beribboned a distance of ten miles to the nearest railway station.

Mr. and Mrs. Speyer, who were touring in the upper Pennsylvania and southern tier region, had at their disposal two private cars of Mrs. O. P. Huntington, and they stopped at various stations, and then, procuring public livery teams, made brief tours through the wild and romantic regions thereabout. They were not particular to have their luxurious cars attached to limited trains, but lived in romantic contentment even though the cars are attached to milk or freight trains.

Mr. Speyer has accomplished two brilliant achievements within a twelvemonth. He has secured as his bride one of the most beautiful and accomplished women of New York, and he also planned and carried to a successful end that sensational scheme of financing the Lake Shore debt last winter by which $50,000,000 of obligations were refunded at 3 per cent for 100 years, thus first setting the example for operations of that kind which in the year has aggregated nearly $400,000,000.—Holland in Philadelphia Press.

THE GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY.

California's Arrangements For a Celebration of the Discovery of Its Gold.

California has produced more than $800,000,000 of gold since the first discovery of it in 1848. The exact date of this discovery has been fixed officially as Jan. 19, and some Californians are now preparing to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of that day on Jan. 19, 1898.

It is intended to erect a monument designed to perpetuate and further extend the distinction of California as a state rich in minerals and to revive some of the earlier memories of the argonauts who poured into California in the winter of 1849 and the spring of 1850 after the fame of California's goldfields had become national. The monument is to be composed of as great a variety of mineral substances produced in the state as is possible. It is assumed that the ores, building stones, etc., will be given freely by counties, communities and individuals, and for the artistic features of the monument it is proposed to raise a fund of $100,000.

The monument, for which the foundation will be laid on Jan. 19, will not be the only feature of the proposed observance of this anniversary, for there is also in view the establishment of a permanent museum of minerals designed to show not only what California has done in this line, but what also it is likely to be able to do in the future.—New York Sun.

PIGS AS LIFE SAVERS.

They Swam Ashore With Signal Halyards Attached to Their Legs.

The following advices from Australia were brought by the steamer Mariposa, which arrived recently in San Francisco:

The detachment of mounted rifles which participated in the jubilee celebration in England received a public demonstration on their arrival home Oct. 15. Their march through the streets of Sydney from the quay to Victoria barracks was in the nature of a triumphal procession, vast crowds thronging the sidewalks and cheering the troops.

At midnight, Oct. 16, the Illawarra company's steamer Kamuruaka, one of the best known vessels on the coast, while on the voyage from Eden to Sydney, struck on a rock about 150 yards from shore at a point known as Pedro reef. The passengers were all in their berths at the time, but the sea was calm and all were rescued by means of a traveling cage. In the absence of rockets lines were taken to land by several pigs, which swam ashore when thrown overboard with signal halyards attached to their hind legs. The vessel was a total loss.—New York Tribune.

PENCILS SPREAD DISEASE.

Sterilization Suggested to Protect Children In Indianapolis Schools.

The health authorities of Indianapolis are making an investigation of the rapid spread of diphtheria and other contagious diseases among children since the public schools opened in September, and believe that they have found the cause in the system followed in the use of penholders and lead pencils.

All the pencils and penholders are gathered together each day just before dismissal and placed in a box on the teacher's desk. The next morning the pencils and penholders are redistributed, so that each child may get different pencils and penholders every day. City Sanitarian Clark says that it is second nature for children to place pencils or penholders in their mouths when at study, and that thus disease may be communicated from child to child. The city sanitarian is experimenting with a preparation by which the pencils and penholders can be sterilized each day.—New York Sun.

To Prevent a Bee Sting.

Sam Knight of Chicago, an authority on bees, says: "If a stinging insect ever lights on you, hold your breath until you can brush it away. If you don't breathe, the insect can't sting. I wouldn't mind walking into the biggest yellow jacket nest in the world. I can hold my breath for a minute, and in that time I could kill the most of them and scare the others away."—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Weather Prophets.

Fellers prophesyin snow—
Western blizzards too.
(Course, these fellers allus know
What the Lord'll do!)
When they tell me I'll be froze,
Then I hunt my summer clothes!

'Long in spring they look au said
All the signs wuz plain—
By the queer skies overhead,
Forty days o' rain!
But we had—for all our fears—
Dryest weather in ten years!

Then, in summer, we'd be dry—
"Not a drap 'ud fall!"
But the rain come from the sky
Like 'twould drown us all!
An some week, believin fellers
Didn't have no rain umbrellas!

Allus settin on the fences
Tellin us God's will!
Rather trust in Providence
An take my chances still!
When they tell me I'll be froze,
Watch me hunt my summer clothes!

—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

PLUCKY MISS HOLLOWAY.

After Richmond Had Fallen on Her She Remounted and Took Every Jump.

Miss Mary Holloway of Virginia gave an exhibition of nerve at the horse show in New York recently that was not down on the programme in the class for lightweight hunters which were judged immediately before the dinner hour. She had the mount on C. Randolph Snowden's Richmond, and some surprise was expressed that a woman would tackle the 4 foot 8 inch fences on even terms with the men. A burst of applause followed the successful topping of the brush fence, but there was a cry of horror when the Philadelphia gelding took off too closely to the pole fence and toppled backward upon his fair young rider. The gelding fell among the poles, and Miss Holloway was pinned beneath him from her waist down. She tried to extricate herself, while Richmond plunged and struggled. It took only a few seconds for the judges and grooms to reach the scene of the mishap.

Two men attempted to pull Miss Holloway from beneath the horse, but they were unable to do this, and the only way out of the difficulty was to assist the horse to rise. This was done, and the young woman was half carried away. She was conscious all the time and never for a moment lost her nerve. It was feared that some bones were broken, but after a few minutes Miss Holloway smiled reassuringly at the men who had crowded about her and walked away. Did she call a cab and go to her hotel? Women who follow the hounds are not made of that sort of material. After a rest of five minutes she remounted Richmond, and, amid the wildest applause of the week, took every jump of the double circuit, and pulled up panting and bareheaded, but so happy. She received and deserved the ovation which the crowd tendered her.—New York Sun.

AN OPTICAL ENIGMA.

Young Canaday Is Fitted With a Day and a Night Eye.

A year ago the 11-year old son of Oliver Canaday, a farmer living near Linwood, Ind., was recently kicked over the right eye by a mule. It destroyed the sight in that eye. A short time ago, while working in a hayloft, he got dust in his good eye and was compelled to bandage it for some time. During that time the blind eye seemed to undergo a change, and he was able to see objects in a dark room. He finally was able to see things in a dark room as plainly with his bad eye as he was able to see them in the light with his good but crippled eye. He cannot, however, see anything with the bad eye in a light. The darker a room the more distinctly do things stand out. He is, in short, fitted with a day and a night eye.

Since he found what a freak he possessed on his right side he has been educating it, and he finds it rather convenient to be supplied with eyes for all occasions. The eye that was injured is in appearance as good as the other, though the sight for day use is entirely gone. Those who have given the strange case an examination state that it is without an equal in optical enigmas. It is thought that the same theory will account for this as that which accounts for a man being able to see the stars when in the bottom of a deep well or hole.—Chicago Chronicle.

SMUGGLING OF GAME.

Different Disguises In Which Partridges Are Shipped Out of Maine.

This is the season when the game wardens in Maine earn their salaries more than at any other time. Two wardens are stationed at Bangor, Me., to prevent violations of the laws relating to the transportation of game, and since the opening of the game season on Oct. 1 they have brought to the state in fines and costs enough money to cover their expenses. They have seized 95 boxes of venison, about 250 partridges and several deer and moose heads.

The wardens have the worst trouble with shipments of partridges. The birds come in paper, in boxes, in glass jars marked "jelly," and nearly all of them are directed to commission merchants in Boston and New York. The wardens have a list of nearly every market in Boston and New York where game is sold, and they suspect when they see a package addressed to one of these concerns that it is game. Sometimes they have found partridges very neatly done up in rabbit skins. It is not illegal to ship rabbits out of the state, and by taking two partridges, placing them end to end and putting them into a rabbit skin, they can be made to look almost like the real thing.—New York Sun.

Rare Sight on Lake Ontario.

A waterspout traveled down Lake Ontario at the rate of probably ten miles an hour recently. It was first noticed by some gentlemen who were in the board of trade building in Toronto, and was then about a mile out in the lake, off the center of the island. The heavy, black clouds overhead had approached down close to the surface of the lake apparently and sucked the water up. The water ascended in a straight spiral column right to the clouds and then spread out, the clouds being blown rapidly down the lake, carrying the waterspout with them. When nearly opposite the eastern gap, the spout broke and in an instant disappeared, while the clouds continued on their course down the lake. It is said to have been nearly 30 years since a waterspout has been seen on Lake Ontario.—Toronto Globe.

Her Gift to Science.

When the National Academy of Science held its business meeting recently in Boston, Miss Alice L. Gould, daughter of the late Benjamin Apthorp Gould, the Cambridge astronomer, presented to the organization a fund of $20,000. It is to be known as the Alice L. Gould fund, to distinguish it from the gift made to the academy by Professor Gould, and is to be used in furthering astronomical and mathematical research. Professor Asaph Hall of Cambridge, Professor Lewis Boss of Albany and Dr. S. C. Chandler of Cambridge were elected trustees of the fund.

Guide Protection In Maine.

A Maine humorist announces his intention of appealing to the next legislature for the amendment of the game laws limiting the number of guides or fellow sportsmen who may be shot by deer hunters to not exceed three in any one season by any one hunter. He says this is an amendment greatly needed for the preservation of guides, who are now threatened with extinction.—Utica Press.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No To Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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Because of their incomparable curative powers and their great celebrity, there are sold under cover of the high reputation
Of BENSON'S Porous Plaster,
plasters which some unscrupulous druggists offer as being "the same" or "just as good" as the genuine. Do not be deceived. These worthless substitutes are totally unlike the genuine and will disappoint all who are induced into buying and using them. BENSON'S is the only strictly medicinal article and never fails to relieve Muscular, Neuralgic, Lung and Chest Pains and Aches, Sprains, Joint and Kidney Affections, etc.
Look for the Three Seals Trademark across face-cloth of the genuine Benson's. Price 25 cts.

DENTAL DISEASES.

How to Keep Good, Sound, Useful Teeth by Using Suitable Antiseptics.

It is now pretty well established that outside of imperfections in development and structure micro organisms are the cause of decay in the teeth. It is also a well established fact, demonstrated by the experience of Lister, Miller and Pasteur, that the destructive action of bacteria can be checked and the bacteria themselves destroyed by the use of suitable antiseptics. In recognition of this fact, the market is being flooded just now with all sorts of antiseptic mouth washes, all claiming to have special merits. Some of them probably possess some virtue, but how many of us are recommending them? How many of our patients use them consistentiously? Only a small minority of the thousands who should be deriving benefit from their use. I think the broad statement may safely be made that if the teeth could at all times be kept antiseptically cleansed none of them would decay. Such a condition unfortunately cannot be maintained, but the nearer we approach it the more nearly perfect will our teeth become. The great majority of our patients know nothing at all about antiseptics, and most of them do not clean their teeth thoroughly.

We all have patients who insist that they are using the toothbrush regularly twice a day, and, judging from the appearance of their teeth and gums anterior to the first bicuspids, we may easily believe their statements, but the molars and bicuspids frequently give no evidence of contact with the brush, particularly on their masticating and buccal surfaces, and certainly are strangers to the exhibition of dental floss. We can, all of us, enumerate case after case where good dental work has failed, not only from defects in material or manipulation, but simply because when the pain was stopped, and the visit to the dentist ended, the teeth were left to practically take care of themselves; to receive attention only when the discomfort due to neglect exceeded, in the patient's mind the discomforts of the dental chair. How few of our patients pay us regular visits! How many come to us just as seldom as possible?

It is unnecessary to say that these habits are wrong and need correction; that all know it and most of us try to teach it, but it must be admitted, with indifferent success. The importance of the subject, however, should spur us on day by day to repeated and long continued efforts. We should exhaust every means in our power to educate our patients, trying to impress on their minds the necessity for tooth preservation by prophylactic means, and also the ease with which means can be employed. Every medical college and school for nurses should have as an important and unavoidable part of its course of study a good course of lectures on dental anatomy, pathology and therapeutics, and these subjects should form an important part in studies pursued in our public and normal schools and should receive their full share of attention from all teachers' associations and conventions.

Now, if an excuse or apology is needed for presenting this paper to the congress it lies alone in the importance of its subject. Implantation and bridge work, abscess and antral trouble, fillings and filling material, all should receive the share of attention their importance demands. But the fundamental cause for their existence depends on dental diseases, and dental diseases in a great majority of cases is a result of ignorance and neglect. There is a crying need for general education in dental prophylaxis; and the fact should be impressed upon every mind that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and that good, sound, useful teeth, unmarred by crown or filling, represent the ultimate end and aim of the best dental instruction and achievement of the present century.—Paper Recently Read Before the Pacific Coast Dental Congress.

AN ELECTRIC ENGINE.

The Western Railway of France Will Adopt Hellmann's Locomotive.

There was a great gathering of European railway men recently for the first trip of Hellmann's electric locomotive, from Paris to Nantes over the Western railway. The train hauled by the locomotive weighed about 200 tons. The trial was intended chiefly to illustrate the reduction of vibration and the regularity of movement of the new machine. This was demonstrated, but the speed did not exceed 18 miles an hour. The principle of the locomotive is simple, an ordinary steam engine working a dynamo, the electricity from which is conducted to motors upon the axles of eight pairs of wheels.

The locomotive resembles the hull of a torpedo boat. The wheels are scarcely visible. The locomotive is 18 meters long and weighs 125 tons. It is regarded as a great improvement on Hellmann's first engine. The directors of the railway company were pleased with the success of the locomotive, and it is stated that they have decided to adopt it.—New York Sun.

UNIQUE TOBACCO CRUSADE.

Women Will Be Asked Not to Marry Any Users of the Weed.

Miss Alice E. Lowry, a young woman of Cass county, Mich., has been called to Missouri to conduct a unique crusade against the evils of the tobacco habit.

Miss Lowry will make a tour of the state, speaking in all the large cities and organizing leagues of young women pledged to work for the abolishment of ills following indulgence in the weed, with the additional novel proviso that no proposals of marriage will be entertained from young men who are addicted to the habit.

She believes she has been called upon to devote her life to the abatement of the evils of the habit and that women organized for effective work can accomplish a great reform.—Chicago Times-Herald.

NEW CYCLING KING.

The Once Amateur Champion Must Lower His Colors to Earl Peabody.

A. A. Zimmerman's great record of 100 firsts in a season has been successfully broken by Earl W. Peabody, the Chicago amateur, who recently completed his quest by the addition of four firsts at the Macon meet. Not satisfied with the mere breaking of the great record of the grinder, Peabody will continue to the close of the season and add to that record as many wins as possible. With his 104 firsts at present he has also 20 seconds and 20 thirds.

Peabody is an amateur pure and simple. He has enjoyed the greatest freedom all the season in his long hunt, having been supplied liberally by the L. A. W. racing board with traveling permits.

The father of Peabody has taken the liveliest interest in the racing career of his son, providing him liberally with funds for his great traveling. Peabody has not gained his record by what is termed "pot hunting." He has been at all the big meets of the season, including all those meets in the eastern which national championships were run.

In the amateur national championships he gained more points than any of the other amateurs, although he won but one of the battles. Now that he has gained his object and landed the great record of Zimmerman, his father declares that Earl will retire from racing and take up business pursuits. Peabody learned to ride but last year, when he was a scholar at the Chicago university. He learned to ride that he might defeat a member of his class who was distasteful to him. He did defeat the man and so easily, although but a novice, that he decided to do more racing. At the start of the present season he made the announcement that he would attempt to beat the record of Zimmerman, and that idea had been his all the season.

During his career this season he has won among other things:

Fifty-one diamonds, 6 medals, 9 watches, 4 silver tea sets, 1 silver water set, 2 suits of clothes, 1 overcoat, 8 umbrellas, 1 rocking chair, 3 pairs of shoes, 2 saddles, 4 pairs of tires, 4 stickpins, 1 shaving mug, 1 watch chain, 1 fountain pen, 1 cardcase, 2 boxes of cigars and 1 each, camera, wallet, target rifle, opal stud, garnet ring, fancy ring, carving set, silver vase and $400 in merchandise. Glory has been his prize in six races.—New York World.

BRITISH STAR NOW.

Tod Sloane and His Fine Apparel Are Now Admired In England.

When Tod Sloane first arrived in England and began to ride, he was laughed at and his style ridiculed. It was declared "impossible."

Tod hadn't won a race then. He said nothing in reply to his critics, but chewed gum and wore his most fashionable clothes. Then he began to win races, at first on favorites and then on 10 to 1 shots. By and by his success with horses owned by Americans attracted so much attention that he was offered mounts on English horses. He continued his winning streak, and now even the most prejudiced of his critics have been compelled to acknowledge that the midget American jockey, with his fine clothes and eccentric riding, is a factor whenever he rides in a race.

Recently several papers that at first objected to the American rider complimented him. The Globe says:

"However ugly Sloane's style is it pays, and we must admit that he is a perfect artist in the saddle and that at his weight we have little stock in England to cope with him."

The Sun remarks: "Even those prejudiced are forced to admit he knows how to beat most of our men when his mount is good enough. There is something in his methods deserving of consideration."—New York World.

Rebel Chief Nearly Blind.

John Drummond, leader of the recent Honduran revolution, arrived in New Orleans recently on the steamer Polynesia to have his eyes treated.

While fighting the government forces he dropped a spark from a cigar into the vent of a cannon. The flash destroyed one eye and for many days it was thought he had lost the other also. But it has been found that the optic nerve is not dead.

Bon Ami
THE NEW CLEANER
POLISHES A WINDOW A MINUTE.
All Grocers.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD Have it in the House
It will positively cure the many common ailments which will occur to the inmates of every family as long as life has worn. It soothes every ache, every lameness, every pain, every soreness everywhere. It prevents and cures asthma, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, diphtheria, gout, hacking, hoarseness, headache, hooping cough, influenza and neuralgia.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician.

For more than forty years I have used Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in my family. I regard it one of the best and safest family medicines; used internal and external in all cases. O. H. INGALLS, Dea. 2d Bapt. Ch., Dangor, Me.

CROUP. My children are subject to croup. All that is necessary is to give them a dose, bathe the chest and throat with your Liniment, tuck them in bed, and the croup disappears as if by magic. R. A. PERRENOT, Rockport, Tex.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases and Care of Sick Room," Mailed Free. Sold by all Druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

Storing Bicycles.
Do you want your Bicycle properly taken care of during the winter months, and when the spring comes have it ready to ride without waiting for repairs? We have the finest store house in New England. It is commodious, fire proof and steam heat. For a small price we will store and insure your Bicycle from now until next April, besides clean and vaseline all bearings and running parts, and brighten the nickle and enamel so it will look like new. Come and let us show you how we do it.

RING'S BIG STORE,
Bicycles and Sewing Machines, 221, 223 Dutton Street.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING,

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THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press

New Bedford is to have a new textile school. The city has voted the necessary $25,000 for starting it and now we may expect to see the Lowell school duplicated in New Bedford. Our sister city is convinced that in order to keep abreast of the times in the manufacture of textiles, a school of this kind is an absolute necessity. Technical schools are quite numerous on the continent, and for this reason the manufacture of textiles is rapidly progressing while the cost is being reduced. If the supremacy of New England in textile industries is to be maintained, it is necessary to turn out young men versed in every branch of the art and competent to direct the work of a factory in all the finer lines of goods. This is where the Southern states can not, at least for the present, compete with New England.

QUARANTINE AGAINST DIPHTHERIA.

The Board of Health has taken away from the physicians of the city the power they formerly possessed of pronouncing children sufficiently recovered from contagious diseases to return to school. The board reserves the privilege of saying when the children who have been afflicted with diphtheria, scarlet fever, croup, or any disease of this kind shall return to school. The step is a good one as many children have been found to return to school too soon and thereby communicate the disease from which they suffered to others. At present the number of cases of diphtheria in the city is quite alarming and the Board of Health will be sustained in maintaining a strict quarantine against every house in which the disease is found to exist.

THE MAIL'S CHARGE.

The Mail is making a great fuss over the alleged connection of Mr. Pearson with the street railroad company. It claims that Mr. Pearson is under the thumb of this company, that Manager Sullivan has but to make known his desires to Mr. Pearson and the latter will sacrifice the interests of the city for the street railroad. All this is the sheerest nonsense. There is no foundation whatever for any such suspicion. Mr. Pearson has no connection with the street railroad. He is a democrat who will be loyal to his party, loyal to the city and can be relied upon to keep the street railroad from imposing upon the city as it has been allowed to do by the superintendent of streets for the past few years. Will the Mail venture to say that Mr. Pearson would permit the superintendent of streets to use his department for the benefit of the street railroad, as has been done under republican appointees? That is republican management. The Mail cannot find anything of the kind sanctioned by any democrat at city hall. It is purely republican policy to employ such men to do the work which should be done by the street railroad company. The Mail would serve its party better by letting the relations of the city to the street railroad be buried forever, but if it wishes to keep on clamoring then we will meet it in the proper manner.

MR. BARNARD'S REPORT.

Purchasing Agent Barnard has issued a document showing according to statements that he has saved the city the sum of $38,000 during his ten months of service. The first thing noticeable about Mr. Barnard's report is that it is just two months ahead of time. City officials do not usually compile a report of their respective departments before the end of the year unless there is some very urgent reason for so doing. Mr. Barnard is a candidate for re-election and hence the premature publication of his report. If the claim made in this report was borne out by the facts, Mr. Barnard should be re-elected. But his conclusions are drawn from wrong premises and consequently they are misleading.

The trouble with the statistics brought forward by Mr. Barnard is that he compares things that are not comparable. He assumed that the supplies purchased by him at a low price were fully as good as those purchased by his predecessors at a higher price. Now Mr. Barnard has no proof whatever that this is a fact. For example, he has purchased rubber boots at a low price and he claims that they are just as good as those purchased before he entered office at a higher price and so with many other articles. He called for bids for every requisition of any importance and he received bids on the worst quality of goods as well as on the best. Will Mr. Barnard say how often he has accepted the lowest bid in preference to the highest, which was for the highest quality of goods. If the quality as well as the market price of those goods were the same in 1896 as in 1897 then Mr. Barnard's calculation as to the gain to the city would be correct. If the quality of the goods is not the same and the market price is not the same, then his calculations are worthless and his claim of having saved the city $38,000 is but mere moonshine. Notwithstanding this Mr. Barnard's report may fulfill its object in deceiving the voters and causing them to believe that he has saved the city a very large amount of money. A good many people think that the profits made by the purchasing agency would not be sufficient to pay all the expenses of running that department.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Troy Times—In a suit recently brought before him, a Baltimore judge decided that a faith cure doctor cannot collect a bill for healing a patient. It is a poor rule that will not work both ways. If faith will effect a cure, why will it not foot the bill?

Buffalo Express—The President will make himself unpopular with Congress if he makes many more such breaks as the release of the Competitor prisoners. Think what a lot of speeches will have to be re-written now to meet the changed conditions!

Chicago Times-Herald—Friends of Lemuel E. Quigg, who had planned to give a big banquet in his honor, have have money and will endow a hospital bed. Mr. Quigg will be recalled as the young man who was leading Mr. Platt's elephant at the time the collision occurred.

Waterbury American—According to a Jacksonville despatch, John R. Scott, the colored politician and republican leader in Florida, who opened the last republican national convention at St. Louis with prayer, is in the county jail charged with the murder of the Rev. Obadiah Adams, pastor of St. James' African Methodist Episcopal church, in a quarrel over a woman. The indictment is of significance as illustrating the sort of morals which prevail among even the religious leaders of the southern Afro-Americans.

Boston Transcript—Secretary Long is quite moderate in the requests he will make of Congress. One battleship and half a dozen torpedo boats comprise the building program he recommends. Furthermore, he wants docks big enough for the biggest battleships and enough powder to be kept dry against eventualities. He has taken the middle course between those who say we have navy enough and those who hold that we can never have navy enough. The probability is that Congress will grant his requests without much debate.

Boston Post—Let all considerations of social standing, of wealth, of personal popularity, of membership in swell college societies of everything except fitness for the work, be put aside and Harvard will be able to put a team in the field that shall wear the "H" with honor. Harvard has a larger number of men to pick from than any other university in the country. There is no reason why the strongest team should not be made up in Cambridge, if only it is made up with the single purpose of winning.

Philadelphia Record—It will interest housekeepers who try to keep some track of domestic expenditure to know that a new trust is preparing to bear down upon them. A combination of the makers of enameled ware has been formed in which companies in St. Louis Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, and Milwaukee are said to be interested. The capital of the trust will be $25,000,000. As the Dingley tariff duty upon enameled ware is 40 per cent, it will be perceived that strong inducement is held out by the government for the plunder of housewives who buy enameled pots, pans, and kettles. For this and for other opportunities to reach licensed hands into the pockets of the people are we "protected."

Boston Post—It begins to look as if the voters of Boston might go to the polls on the third Tuesday in December 100,000 strong. The supplementary registration has already brought the lists up to show a larger total than ever before known in the history of the city and there is plenty of time to put on the list the less than 3000 names required to make up the round number.

The growth of the voting list is caused, of course, by the energy of the campaign for municipal officers. It is the result of organized political work. But, whatever the cause, the effect is most desirable. Anything that will bring the people to the performance of their political duties that will produce a full vote, is in the interest of good government. It is when the lists are meagre and the vote small that the control of their government is in danger of slipping away from the people. Boston with 100,000 voters is after than Boston with 300,000.

The Churchman—What is needed at this critical stage in the history of the country is courage and civic self-sacrifice. The people are, after all, responsible for evil conditions which have been possible only because they have permitted them. Eminently respectable citizens abstain from all active contact with the public life of the country and then cry out at its vulgarity. Let them do their proper work, instead of delegating it to others. Popular government has not failed, but some states and cities have voluntarily ceased to govern themselves by putting the management of their affairs into commission. Free institutions have not broken down, but a good many men have shown an unwillingness to pay the prices they exact. If there is to be popular government in this country, the people must take the trouble to do the governing; it cannot be delegated to professional politicians. It is time, therefore, for Christian men to look their own conduct in the face, and instead of denouncing machines, and despairing of free institutions, to set about those works of penitence which show a real conviction of the sin of indifference and perfect. What is needed is neither criticism nor cynicism, but a courageous confession of past sins and a cheerful acceptance of public duties. Nothing could be more dangerous than the spread of the feeling of despair; nothing can make way so quickly for righteous politics as a working faith in the possibility of better things. The Christian citizen has no right to despair.

KEEP your blood pure, your appetite good, your digestion perfect by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has power to keep you WELL.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Interesting Facts and Figures as to Lighting Cities and Towns.

The price of illuminating gas in St. Louis is $1.10 per 1,000 feet and for fuel gas 60 cents per 1,000 feet, with 10 per cent rebate for payment in advance. The city government has no control over the price of gas. In 1890 an ordinance was passed by the municipal assembly, over the mayor's veto, fixing the price of illuminating gas at 95 cents and of fuel gas at 45 cents for five years thereafter. It was declared invalid by the state supreme court.

Last year's appropriation for public lighting in St. Louis amounted to $982,400. The total expenditure during the year was $836,078.55, leaving a balance of $46,331.45 to be returned to the general fund.

For the fiscal year ending April 7, 1896, St. Louis spent for public gas lighting $281,886.17. For the year ending April 12, 1897, it spent $88,875.87 for gas lighting.

Chicago became the owner of its electric lighting system in 1887. Today the city owns 2,264 arc lamps of 2,000 candle power. Their average cost, including all items, is $66.40 per lamp per annum. Chicago is at the same time leasing 200 lamps of exactly the same power from electric lighting companies and pays $137 per lamp per year for them.

Detroit established a municipal electric lighting plant in 1891. The first official report showed that it cost $84.70 per lamp to light her streets instead of $133.80 per lamp, as it previously did. The Detroit experiment is limited to street lighting.

Little Rock has maintained its own gas and electric lighting plant since 1888. The city electrician states that the cost of the city's electric light last year, including every item of expense, was $41.20 per lamp per year.

In 1888 Dunkirk, N. Y., established an electric plant by which the water supply and lighting service are jointly furnished. For the year ending March 1, 1897, allowing fully for interest on the investment and all other items of cost, Dunkirk's 75 arc lights of 2,000 candle power each were furnished at an expense to the taxpayers of $39.54 per year.

Richmond has had a municipal gas plant since 1851. It is now supplying consumers with gas at $1 per 1,000. The people are so well pleased with their public gas service that they have secured an act of the legislature prohibiting the sale of the plant unless by authority of a popular vote. The actual cost of making and distributing the gas is 73 cents per 1,000 feet, the city treasury making a profit of 27 cents per 1,000 feet. During the 30 years from 1867 to 1897 the Richmond public gas works have yielded a net profit of $1,174,866.29 over and above all the cost of maintenance and production. This amount exceeds the total cost of the original construction and of all extensions since made by nearly $400,000.

Electric arc lights cost Bangor, Me., $85 each, Troy, N. Y., pays $61 per lamp. Each city has its own plant.

Cheyenne, Wy., with private ownership of plant, pays more for its lights than any other city in the United States—namely, $183 per arc lamp.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The "Fiat" Goes.

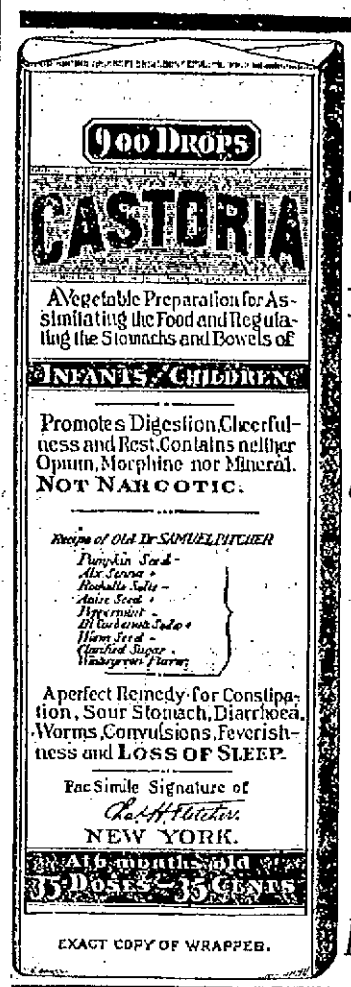
After the discovery of gold in California and Australia, Germany and Austria demonetized gold. In 1871 Germany demonetized silver and remonetized gold. To a "fool greenbacker" it would appear as if neither gold nor silver is money without the "fiat" of a government behind them to make them such. If the United States were to demonetize both gold and silver, would they still be money, and if it were to issue full legal tender greenbacks with the "fiat" wouldn't they still be money and the world still move? The trouble with you is that you don't know what money is, and it is doubtful if your sawdust filled cranium will ever be able to grasp the truth. Wealth is the product of labor; money, its legal representative, is a product, not of labor, but of legislation, and only when it is supplied by a government in ample volume does it benefit a people. Restrict its issue below the needs of the people for exchange, and unjust rates of interest are possible; increase the issue so that the supply equals the demand, and prosperity comes, gold or no gold, silver or no silver.—People's Tribune.

The Middle of the Middle.

There is the middle of the road and there is the middle of the middle of the road. The middle of the middle is to demonetize both gold and silver. The time has come to abolish this system of barbarism. All the wrangling in the civilized world is caused by this devilish system. It is Mammon worship and nothing else. We have been, as reformers, monkeying around with side issues long enough. Let us begin now to besiege the citadel of the enemy. This coin money system is the central pillar on which the temple of plutocracy stands. Pull that down and the whole fabric tumbles into ruin. Coin money is the hotbed out of which usury grows. Usury is the taproot evil of the world. All the civil governments of the world are run in the interest of usury.—Rev. D. Oglesby in Chicago Express.

The Dangerous Class.

Another thing I have learned is to trust the people. Can you wonder that when I found supposedly respectable men in the business of buying public officials I lost faith in the classes and clung to the masses? In certain circles, in some of your own clubs, the talk is that republics are a failure and that a monarchy like England is the only stable form of government. My friends, I have always noticed that those who do not trust the people are those who are trying to do something which is against the interests of the people.—Governor Pingree Before Nineteenth Century Club.



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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CREDIT TO ALL

We want you to realize that we are buying goods in such large quantities and do business on such a large scale that we are able not only to quote the lowest prices possible, but also to make terms to suit everybody's means.

Men's Overcoats and Suits.

We have an elegant new line of all wool Kersey Overcoats, only $10, guaranteed to be equal to any $15 Overcoat. Others at $12, $15 and $18. Nobby Business Suits in all wool Scotch Mixtures, $8.00 to $25.

Ladies' Department.

This week, strictly all wool Boucle Jackets, worth $10; our price $7.98. Capes in all the new materials, reduced from $4.98 and $7.98, to $2.98 and $4.98.

Caesar Misch
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

N. Y. Cloak and Suit Store

12 JOHN STREET.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS

We will commence now in downright earnest to unload our enormous stock of Garments and Furs. If anything will do it the prices we quote will.

Remember every one is new and fresh. We never carry old style Garments. Here are a few specimens of what we have:

JACKETS.

Black Beaver or Boucle Jackets, equal to any $5 Garment you can buy. Reduced now to $2.49.

75 Heavy Black Boucle Jackets, with Kersey strap trimming, high storm collar and half lined, worth $10.75, reduced now to $4.75.

Heavy Covert Cloth Jackets, dark tan shade, a very desirable garment at half price, worth $9.75, reduced now to $4.95.

Persian Boucle Jackets, satin lined throughout, our best selling style, a regular $12.50 Jacket, reduced now to $6.95.

Tailor made Jackets of fine Kersey, in tan, red, green, blue, brown and black, handsomely stitched, regular price $13.50, reduced now to $7.95.

CAPES.

A sample of what we are offering in Capes. One lot of Beaver Double Capes, handsomely braided and empire plaited back, regular price $3.95, reduced now to $1.98.

One lot of extra fine Persian Boucle Capes, 36 inch length, fine satin lining and edged with Thibet fur, worth $17.50, reduced now to $9.75.

FURS. FURS.

We have the most complete line of Furs we have ever shown. All reduced to less than the prices they could be duplicated for. For example:

30 inch Astrachan Capes, worth $13.50, for $6.75.

36 inch Electric Seal Capes, worth $21.50, for $12.50.

30 inch Wool Seal Capes, were $25, for $13.50.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

$5 to $10 a Set

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $10 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Not open Evenings.

DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 26, 32, Runels' Block, Merr'k & Bridge

The Lowell

Gas Light Co.

Office, 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; S. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

WITH THE DISCOUNT OFF FOR PROMPT PAYMENT IS

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

FIRST CLASS COOKING STOVES SET UP AND RENTED AT A LOW RATE PER YEAR, PIPING INCLUDED. COKE, BROKEN, SCREENED, AND DELIVERED, AT $4.50 PER CHALDRON; $2.25 PER HALF CHALDRON, CASH.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR THE USE OF METERS.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMER'S CELLAR.

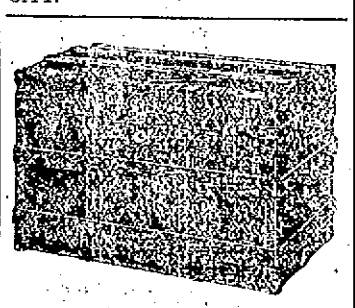
ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.



Trunk Manufactory, 72 Middlesex Street,

(Old Wooden Building.) All orders promptly attended to and work delivered to all parts of the city.

P. F. DEVINE Prop.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.

M. H. Carey. (Calif.) H. Carey

FOR THANKSGIVING.

Market Department—Fresh killed Turkeys, Ducks, Geese and Chickens, Celery, Cranberries and everything to be found in a first class market. Grocery Department—Fancy Florida Oranges 30c. per doz; Malaga Grapes; 2 lbs. for 25c; New Mixed Nuts, 2 lbs for 25c; Pure Broken Candy 10c. per lb; Nice Bananas, Layer Raisins, Sweet Cider, etc. Bakery Kitchen—Our usual line of home cooking with the addition of handsomely decorated Wedding Cakes for the girls who will get married on this day.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers

415 MIDDLESEX STREET.

28 THORNDIKE STREET

Tel 144-4 Wamesit Bank Block

Steinert's

PEASE

The popular Pease pleases everybody. Four styles to select from at

Steinert's

34 Prescott St.

PEASE

PIANOS

You Have Struck the Right Place

When you have found

PETER WATSON'S

Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores. Which are located at

52 TO 60 CHARLES STREET AND 455 LAWRENCE STREET.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

When You Want to Get the

FINEST CLASS OF ALE

In the city, call at GEORGE ENWRIGHT'S place at 11 Middlesex street. This is the only place on the south side of the city where you can get Bella's half stock ale. Just drop in and sample a glass. Also the choicest brands of wines, liquors and cigars.

J. H. COSTELLO, CARPENTER and JOBBER

120 LAWRENCE STREET.

All order promptly attended to.

LARGE, ELEGANT

Boarding and Lodging House

on one of the main streets for sale or will exchange for a cottage in city.

DONOVAN & MANSUR,

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street

Lowell, Mass. Telephone 400-4.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 157 Market street. John W. Kimball, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 75 Chestnut street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or brilliant printing rooms. Apply at Leggett & Co., One Price Jewelers, 16 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 127 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dow's, Central street. A. Moore's, Gorham street, pharmacists.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING Inquire at Sun office.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Mentho Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

WANTED — HOUSEGIRLS AT THE Lowell Employment office, 559 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall.

FOR SALE—NEAR SALEM STREET, COTTAGE house with land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WAGONS OWING TO LACK OF STORAGE, I am obliged to sell at any price the following wagons: viz—1 high grade democrat, 1 first class grocers wagon, 1 very fine top square wagon, 1 extra second hand square wagon, 5 Robins St.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON—URBAN HALL and 3 small halls to let for parties and socials by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Apply Room 1, Urban block.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AT A hotel. I can speak French or English and furnish the best of references. Address L., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—NEAR CENTRAL AND Church streets, two tenement house with stores and barn. This is a bargain. Price $1,100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made and ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—GOOD BOARDING AND LODGING house of 10 rooms, in a good location. Price only $300. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

BACHELLORS WILL FIND NICE FURnished, sunny rooms, well appointed, at 145 Cross street, Mrs. Nawn.

LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNDLE containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

TO LET—TWO PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, with gas, bath room, hot and cold water, etc. Rent low; call or address Bell2 13: Stackpole St.

LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail, no pain; no danger; no interference with work; price $2.00 by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 171 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKETVILLE, NEW cottage house and land. Price $1450, on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—BETWEEN ROBINSON STREET and Hosford Square, pocketbook containing sum of money and receipt with Lizzie M. Young's name. Return to 16 Robinson street and receive reward.

WANTED—AT ONCE, LADY AND MEN canvassers. Something new. Salary and commission. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central street.

FOR SALE—NEAR BRIDGE STREET, good cottage house and land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES OR GENTS at 121 Fletcher street, for best household article on earth.

FOR SALE—FIVE MILES FROM LOWELL, small farm of 13 acres, cottage house and barn. Price only $1250 and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—A BULL TERRIER RED AND WHITE pup, about four months old. Reward at 13 Willie street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady for an Art Needle Work Dept. Must understand embroidery. Apply Reid & Hughes, Lawrence, Mass.

WANTED—A SMALL TENEMENT GENerally located for man and wife in respectable surroundings. Apply to "B," Sun office.

FOR SALE—IN HAVERHILL, MASS., CONfectionery and Ice Cream saloon. Best location in the city. Will sell cheap. Address Box 373, Haverhill, Mass.

LOST—A SHEPHERD DOG, DARK BROWN body, paws and tan color, white spot on breast. Reward at 105 School street.

TO LET—TENEMENTS OF FIVE AND SIX rooms, three minutes from Middlesex street depot. $1.50 per week and upwards. Arnold J. Ryan, 14 Appleton street.

WANTED — MANAGER FOR BRANCH office. Old established firm. $900 and expenses first year. $50 cash required to cover stock carried. Address Manufacturer, care "Sun."

CANVASSERS WANTED — IN LOWELL, for a good selling article. Address M. A. Scanlan & Co., P. O. Box 251, Lawrence, Mass.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms. Modern conveniences. Hot and cold water. Desirable locality. Call at 60 Bartlett street.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid 2½ story hip-roof house of 8 rooms, pantry and bath rooms, with tub, marble wash bowls, &c., maple floors in kitchen, dining room, pantry and bath room; hot and cold water. Piazza and balcony, nice lot of land, high and dry, very slightly, near cars and schools. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, No. 29 A, Hildreth Building, (Old Post Office.)

NEW MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOOTH, Manager.

THANKSGIVING ATTRACTION.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 25, 26, 27. Matinee Thanksgiving and Saturday

Lincoln J. Carter's Grand Scenic Production,

THE FAST MAIL.

10 sets of special scenery. Flight of the fast mail. Niagara Falls by moonlight, with boiling mist. Practical working engine and 4 real cars, with illuminated exhaust. The Gage double realistic river scene and steamboat explosion, and other startling effects.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings and Wednesday Matinee, Nov. 29, 30, Dec. 1.

DAINTY KATIE ROONEY,

In Her Greatest Success

"THE GIRL FROM IRELAND."

A merry farce comedy in 3 acts. Produced by a superb company of comedians, singers and dancers. A shower of laughs. A downpour of merriment. A whirlwind of fun. "Turn Down the Gas and Whistle Three Times." See KATIE ROONEY in her celebrated imitations of her famous father, the late Pat Rooney.

Lowell High Grade

FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

DR. KELLEY'S SURGEON DENTIST 16 PREBLE ST. opposite the Post Office

MICHAEL AGAIN A VICTOR

He Defeated Starbuck by a Clear Three Miles.

Tacks on the Track at Start—Tom Ryan's Easy Victory Over a Namesake.

New York, Nov. 26.—Jimmy Michael, the Welsh bicyclist, for the third time this year defeated Frank Starbuck of Philadelphia. The two racers met last night in a 25 mile contest over a carefully prepared board track in Madison Square garden, and the "rabbit" made a runaway race of it after the second mile had been completed. He won in 50 minutes 29 1-5 seconds, thus beating his own Chicago in-door record of 52:34 2-5 by 2:05 1-5. At the finish Starbuck was 30 laps behind, and as the track measured nine laps to the mile the Quaker city man was left three and one-third miles behind.

Over 16,000 persons passed through the turnstiles, and half as many more were left outside, as the house was not able to accommodate them. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed during the night and the preliminary events, which were well contested, resulted in excellent finishes.

In the one mile handicap, final, Nat Butler, "the handicap king," beat John Gougoltz, "the unpaced king" of France, by three yards, both starting from scratch, and it fell to the lot of A. E. Weinig of Buffalo, who had an allowance of 50 yards, o divide them.

Michael and Starbuck received an ovation when they came to the starting line. Then it was discovered that some miscreant had thrown a number of tacks over the track. The start was delayed for 15 minutes while the track was swept. At 10:19 the men started, and during the entire distance they were paced by tandem teams. Michael jumped off in the lead and covered the first mile in 2:01. In the second mile, owing to poor pacing, he fell back and Starbuck passed him, finishing the second mile in 4:09 1-5. At the end of the third mile, however, Michael gained one lap on his opponent, and from that time to the end of the race there was only one in it, as the little Welshman pushed his pedals so rapidly that he tired his pacemakers. He covered each mile of the 25 in excellent time, his average being 2:01 4-5. On the third mile the Welshman gained a lap on Starbuck, and he gradually increased his lead until he was a mile ahead at the twelft mile. From this to the end he drew away rapidly and at the finish he was 30 laps to the good.

In the first race of these two Michael won by 25 yards; but on the next occasion he had a more pronounced advantage owing to the inferiority of Starbuck's pacemakers. In the match at Willow Grove (Philadelphia) the result was in favor of "Star," who rode a well judg d race and stamped himself as the best native crack behind pace. It was in this race that Michael received his solitary defeat since coming to this country, and he was anxious to wipe it out.

VICTORY FOR TOM RYAN.

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Tommy Ryan knocked out "Australian Jim" Ryan in five rounds before the Maple Avenue Athletic club last night. The men were matched to fight 20 rounds at 151 pounds. Tommy had things his own way, and the Australian was unable to land with any effect. Ex-champion Paddy Ryan acted as referee.

The men sparred lightly for the first two rounds, Tommy following his man about the ring and contenting himself with avoiding Jim's blows. In the third round Tommy began to force matters a little, but his man came back, and Tommy kept away from him toward the close.

In the fourth Tommy set the pace and got to close quarters. Two stiff left jabs on the body started the Australian, and at the close of the round he was clinching to avoid the blows.

At the opening of the fifth Jim appeared weak. He still had considerable steam in his blows, but could not land, and after every swing he clinched to avoid punishment. He hugged Tommy and refused to let go his hold when cautioned by the referee. Tommy tried to break away, and the referee had to separate them. Tommy planted a left on the body and jabbed another in that same place. Jim swung wild, and Tommy swung a hard left on the neck. Jim appeared dazed and staggered back. Tommy followed him and swung his right on the point of the jaw. The Australian went down like a log. He made an effort to rise, but sank back and lay on his face while the referee counted him out.

After Tommy had been declared the winner Jim struggled to his feet and started toward Tommy, who stood in his corner. The referee held him back until he could collect himself.

FOOTBALL THANKSGIVING.

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—The university of Pennsylvania football team defeated Cornell by the score of 4 to 0. During the first half Cornell did all the playing, but in the second half Pennsylvania used their guards-back formation with terrible effect on the Cornell line. After nearly every scrimmage in which this formation was used there would be a Cornell man stretched on the grass.

New York, Nov. 26.—One of the fiercest football games of the year took place on the Orange oval in the presence of 6000 spectators. Orange won by six to four, but from the standpoint of fist and foot work Elizabeth came out ahead.

Boston, Nov. 26.—Boston college defeated Holy Cross college of Worcester at football by a score of 12 to 0. Boston gained the first touchdown after 20 minutes of play in the first half through a long run by White behind almost perfect interference, while the second touchdown was made by hard rushing by Ryan, with the "guards' back" formation. Beewin kicked both goals with ease. The field was in wretched condition because of a game played in the morning, and resembled a quagmire as much as anything. Through this mass of mud, the players slid and squirmed, although there was comparatively little fumbling, considering the slippery condition of the ball.

Providence, Nov. 26.—The game between Brown and Wesleyan resulted in a victory for Brown, 12 to 4. The contest attracted about 2000 people. Wesleyan was weakened behind the line by the absence of Raymond, and Brown played with four substitutes. Nevertheless the home team clearly outclassed the visitors.

Newton, Mass., Nov. 26.—Dartmouth defeated Newton by a score of 24 to 0. Dartmouth played a very scrappy game from start to finish, and had the home team off its feet throughout the entire game. The feature was a run of 100 yards for a touchdown by Eckstrom of Dartmouth.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The university of Chicago football team defeated the university of Michigan team by the score of 21 to 12. Clarence Hershberger, the right halfback of the Chicagos, made three successful play kicks. The first one was made from the 17-yard line and the second from the 30-yard line. The third kick brought 12,000 persons to their feet. The ball at the time was not more than five yards from the side lines and 25 yards from the goal, and when Hershberger and Clark dropped back to attempt the play, Chicago supporters were amazed. The ball was passed cleanly, and Clark placed it on the 35-yard line. An instant later the ball was sailing high in the air. It dropped squarely between the posts, and a new football record had been made.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—More than 5000 persons witnessed the football game between the Carlisle Indians and the team of the university of Cincinnati. The Indians won by the score of 10 to 0. The game was played in a drenching rain.

INTERCOLLEGIATE ROWING.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Cornell's relations with the various college rowing clubs is quite complicated. In the first place, from their nearness of location, Cornell, Columbia and university of Pennsylvania have always found it advantageous to row together. Cornell is on very pleasant terms with these universities, and there is no doubt that there will be another triangular meet next summer. While Cornell feels that her victories last summer entitle her to admission to any American intercollegiate boat race, she is not so anxious to meet Yale that she would do so on any conditions the New Haven authorities might prescribe.

Cornell might be willing to row at New London, provided Yale and Harvard would admit Columbia and Pennsylvania, or provided these two latter would meet Cornell in a triangular race on that course. The Cornell navy officials have, however, always objected to the New London course as being too narrow for a three-cornered contest. If Yale and Harvard would admit all three—Cornell, Columbia and Pennsylvania—to their race, then the match would be rowed in heats and only two crews would have to row together at one time. There is hardly any doubt that the Cornell graduates and undergraduates would be much pleased if a permanent arrangement could be made among the respective universities whereby this annual uncertainty would be avoided.

THURSDAY'S POLO GAMES.

At Pawtucket—Pawtucket, 9; New Bedford, 5.

At Salem—Providence, 3; Salem, 2.

At Augusta—Augusta, 11; Portland, 3. Augusta, 4; Bath, 3.

At New Bedford—Fall River, 10; New Bedford, 5.

At Gardiner, Me.—Bath, 5; Gardiner, 0.

At Portland—Gardiner, 6; Portland; 5.

At Rockland—Rockland, 3; Lewiston, 6. Lewiston, 7; Rockland, 2.

At Providence—Providence, 6; Pawtucket, 4.

At Hartford—Wallingford, 2; Hartford, 1. Hartford, 4; Waterbury, 1.

At New Haven—New Haven, 2; Waterbury, 0.

At Wallingford—New Haven, 14; Wallingford, 7.

GAMES IN CANADA.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—The final games for the Rugby championship of Canada were played yesterday. At Montreal, Ottawa college defeated Hamilton for the senior championship by 14 to 10, and in this city Toronto university won over the Britannias of Montreal by 25 to 5 for the intermediate championship.

ACCIDENT TO A BICYCLIST.

New York, Nov. 26.—During an eight-mile bicycle race at the Guttenburg race track Robert Guth of this city, who was leading by some yards, crossed the line and fell gasping from his wheel. When picked up he was unconscious, and a doctor who examined him said that one rib was broken, and that he was otherwise bruised. The breaking of the rib, he said, was probably caused by falling off the wheel, and as it is directly over the heart, the injury may prove fatal.

FLOORED FIVE TIMES.

New London, Conn., Nov. 26.—Austin Rice of this city was given the decision over Patsy Broderick of Providence in the eleventh round after Broderick had been floored five times in a little more than two minutes of fighting in the round. The gong saved Broderick from a knockout in the tenth round. James Boutelle of Providence was referee. The bout took place in the gymnasium of the New London Athletic club, and was witnessed by over 600 persons.

CORBETT KNOCKED OUT.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 26.—In a baseball game between the Gilt Edges of this city and the Baltimores Corbett was knocked out of the box. The local team won, 4 to 3.

MAJOR AND CAPTAIN GIVE IN.

Havana, Nov. 26. — Major Robert Echarte and Captain Echarte, the latter a brother-in-law of General Sanguilly, have formally surrendered in the province of Matanzas.

The governor of Santa Clara province and the mayor of the city of Santa Clara having advised the government that the food which is being supplied to the troops is of very inferior quality the government, according to the official account, has issued stringent orders correcting the abuses of supply, and the troops will be supplied with good rations in the future.

TWO DECREES SIGNED.

Madrid, Nov. 26.—The Official Gazette publishes two decress signed by the queen regent and by Sagasta, the premier. The first decree applies to the Antilles, the laws inscribed in the first chapter of the Spanish constitution, with a guarantee of the application of the general laws. The second decree extends to the Antilles the universal suffrage law of 1890. According to the law of June, 1890, the electoral qualification is held by all male Spaniards, 25 years of age, who enjoy all civil rights and have been citizens of a municipality for at least two years.

DEMOCRATIC FACTIONS.

Boston, Nov. 26.—The Democrats will hold their mayoralty and aldermanic caucuses tonight. There are contests only for aldermen, but they are being waged with so much enthusiasm and vigor that an immense vote is looked for. So far as the aldermanic delegations are concerned, it is generally admitted that the fight will be between the Lee-Corbett combination on the one hand and the Hayes-McNary-Lomasney combination on the other. It is expected that from 25,000 to 30,000 voters will go to the caucuses.

AWOKE JUST IN TIME.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—Leo Pitts, a Pullman porter, is a prisoner on the charge of attempted robbery. A. E. Hill, a broker of Providence, R. I., alleged that Pitts tried to steal from his pocket an envelope containing $39,000 in certified checks and $3000 in cash.

Broker Hill was a passenger on the B and O train from the east and caused the arrest of Pitts. Mr. Hill related this story: "Just after the train passed Odin, Ills., the porter pulled the curtains aside and reached into my berth. He took $10 out of my trousers pocket and then thrust his hands into my inside pocket, where I had an envelope containing $42,000 in cash and checks. I awoke just in time to save the envelope. I grappled with the negro, and the encounter attracted the attention of the Pullman conductor, J. B. Hodges. He ordered the negro to return the $10 he had taken."

ARREST OF AN ABSCONDER.

New York, Nov. 26.—Donald McClelland, the messenger of the Bronx borough bank of this city who absconded three days ago with $2535 belonging to that institution, was arrested at the Grand Central depot. He had just returned from Chicago. He surrendered all of the money with the exception of $103 which he had spent on the trip. The prisoner is the son of Dr. J. A. McClelland, a well known resident of Westchester, N. Y.

HAD BEEN DOING NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 26.—A woman of middle age who described herself as Louisa Clausson of Providence called at the "tenderloin" police station last night and, saying that she was a victim of the morphine habit and unable to get the drug, asked for medical treatment. As she refused to part with a small brown dog, the ambulance surgeon refused to take her to the hospital. Before leaving the police station with her pet the woman said that she had come here with a gentleman and a lady to have a good time, and her companions had abandoned her.

TWO LYNCHING BEES.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 26.—An unknown negro was killed by lynchers near Blackshear, his body being riddled with bullets. The negro outraged the 17-year-old daughter of Eli Davis, a farmer.

Waycross, Ga., Nov. 26.—Jerry Johnson, a negro, was lynched last night by a mob near Screven. He was in charge of officers and was being taken to jail. The negro was made the target for a number of rifles. He had been arrested for stealing a mule.

Domestic Joy.

The charm of domestic joy will be preserved, if those parents, who fear the early death of one of their loved ones when attacked with a serious throat or lung trouble, resort at once to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, a never-failing remedy. "I used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for my son, who was eight years old. He has been troubled with a bronchial cough since he was two and a half years of age, and I have tried everything, but found Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup does him the most good." Mrs. A. Geib, 317 Demott St., West Hoboken, N.J. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents, and is cheaper than the dealer's big profit making substitute, because Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup always cures while the substitute does not.

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE THANKSGIVING HOLIDAY

President McKinley Listens to Sensational Preacher.

Who Follows Burchard's Idea as an Alarmist — How Americans Observed the Day in London.

Washington, Nov. 26.—At the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal church, where President McKinley attended services Thursday, the Rev. Dr. Johnston read the Thanksgiving proclamation of the president and said that in issuing it the president showed a piety and wisdom which augured well for the nation. "Prosperity is here," said the minister. "The light of better days is shining on us, and, though it will take time to recover from four years of distress, we are gaining. Times are hard, but not as hard as they have been, and people should thank God that it is no worse after the experience of the past four years."

Dr. Johnston presented statistics to prove the assertion that prosperity had returned, referring to the large crops of wheat, cotton and other products. "The created values of this year in the United States were estimated at fourteen billions," he said, and then he dilated upon the greatness of the nation and its mission on earth. Speaking of the perils that threaten the nation, he said that chief among them were rum, socialism and jesuitism. He spoke at some length against the danger of a foreign church obtaining ascendency in the state, and said that if jesuitism ever prevails in this country the United States will become as Mexico, Italy and Spain. He advocated giving the Catholic the same civil rights that every man enjoys, but said that his church should be warned to keep its hands off the state. In the course of his remarks Dr. Johnston referred to Spain as a "burnt out nation; the basest of kingdoms." He referred to the danger of corrupt parties and instanced the victory of Tammany in New York.

HOLIDAY IN LONDON.

London, Nov. 26.—Over 300 American men and women and a few English persons celebrated Thanksgiving day by a dinner last night. The list of toasts was long. The health of Queen Victoria was proposed by the chairman, who read a letter from the private secretary to her majesty.

Judge Barnes of the high court of justice proposed the health of Ambassador Hay, dwelling upon the great friendliness that he believed existed between England and the United States, and saying: "If the two countries will only put their backs together they can rule the destinies of the world."

Ambassador Hay responded with a bright speech. He sketched the origin of the day, which began, he said, "in that pathetic thank offering of our forefathers when they were keeping alight the spark of freedom which was destined to kindle into a beacon blaze, enlightening and admonishing the world. Some of our peculiar institutions, thank heaven, we have lost. The worst passed away in the tempest of the war it caused, but this, the most unquestionably peculiar of all, we can trust to abide with us forever. This is one of the few things we can do that offends nobody, threatens no one and competes with no one. There can never be too much gratitude in the world. Seventy millions of voices praising God together would not justify the addition of one ironclad to any navy on earth. We can barely be said to be in a foreign land. A French statesman said the other day, 'Where there is one Frenchman, there is France.' So we have 300 good reasons here to believe we are in America, and may be pardoned for speaking of some little things that we care about."

Mr. Hay then paid an eloquent tribute to "the unknown, nameless artist who in the days of early New England first brought to perfection the pumpkin pie." He endorsed Benjamin Franklin's suggestion that the turkey should be the national emblem instead of the eagle, "who, with aristocratic profile, loud voice and predatory disposition, hardly commends himself as the emblem of modest, industrious and conscientious democracy, while the turkey, like a true altruist, exists only for the public welfare."

In concluding his speech, Mr. Hay enumerated the causes for thankfulness, and said: "We are thankful that we speak English; or, if our friends on this side of the ocean think that is boasting, that we talk United States, which answers equally well for telling the truth. The great body of the people of the two countries are friends. We are the fortunate heirs to English law and liberty, which both nations respect."

DR. HATCH'S CASE

Letter Which He Sent to a Witness.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE COMING AGAINST HIM.

A Much Married Manager in Trouble.

Manchester, N. H., Nov. 26.—A special from Center Ossipee to the Manchester Union announces the winding up of the preliminary hearing in the complaint against Dr. John Ralph Hatch of Centerville, who is accused of the murder of his wife on the night of Sept. 11. Justice Hobbs announced that he would give a decision Dec. 6.

Lawyer Foote made a strong argument in favor of his motion for the discharge of the doctor, while County Solicitor Tasker contented himself with calling the attention of the justice to the testimony which had been put in.

The state called some eight witnesses Thursday, and the defense rested without calling a single one. The chief witness was Artena Wiggin, the 17-year-old waitress at the Central House, whose name had been mentioned with that of Dr. Hatch. Her testimony was considered to be favorable to the doctor. She said that he had called at her father's home a number of times to help her in her studies, but his visits stopped because of a quarrel with her father about the death of a cow which he had attended. The doctor began to correspond concerning her studies, and frequently had interviews with her, but she ceased to meet him when she knew more about him.

Letters which the doctor had sent to Miss Wiggin since the death of his wife, the first one dated a little more than one month from that event, were offered by Agnes Wiggin, 23 years old, her sister, but they were finally ruled out after debate upon their admissibility as evidence.

The following letter from Dr. Hatch to Dr. Lougee was read in court, having been written Tuesday:

"Guilford, N. H., Nov. 23.

"Dear Doctor—Will you please kindly write me a line, addressed to this place, and inform me what has been learned about the stomach and anything else which may interest me, as I am, of course, anxious to have it set right before the world. I wish you would write a short article for a newspaper stating that the rumors of foul play were without any foundation, and that there is no reason to suppose there was any unpleasantness to indicate suicide.

"I was in a position to know almost positively she never thought of doing such a thing. Another thing, doctor, as you have been so very kind to me, I would ask. You know the rumors about me and a young lady there? Let me say there never was anything wrong between us, as truly as I live. We only met and talked together as friends, though perhaps we liked each other too well.

"That girl is as innocent as a babe. It was her innocence which led her to do as she did and which caused the talk. She now thinks I have talked about her, and won't speak to me. Will you not, for her sake, as your patient, do all you can to set the matter right with her? I shall never see her again, but I do not, cannot endure the thought that she should believe me as base as she does, for I would not do anything to harm her to save my soul. I know that out of the abundant kindness of your heart and from all I ever heard of you, you will do all you can to comfort her at least, for if we cannot all be saints and gain future reward in that way, we can at least do a kindness sometimes to save a soul in distress, and if a life of unselfish kindness and self-sacrifice won't save us, I do not know what will.

"My wife never thought there was anything wrong between us. I can prove this by two different persons. I do not think I shall come back to Centerville to stop. Please send the item for the newspaper and I will get it published here. I will reward you some time for your kindnesses to me and never forget them. Please write soon."

MUCH MARRIED MANAGER.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 26.—Max Rosenberg, a theatrical manager, is held for the Indianapolis authorities on a charge of bigamy made by Blanche Rosenberg, nee Mitchell, of Chicago, who says they were married Nov. 1, 1896, but that, after living with her parents a while, he tired of her. She says that on March 1, of this year, Rosenberg was married to Jessie Crawford, and he is said to have another wife in New York city. Hypnotic influence on Rosenberg's part is alleged. Rosenberg says he was married twice, but divorced both times, and will return to Indianapolis without requisition papers.

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THE DRAMA IN NEW YORK.

News and Gossip of the Rialto--Gallant John Drew--Magician Dixey--Nat Goodwin's Comedy.

[Copyright, 1897.]

New York, Nov. 1—John Drew, always gallant—that is, always gallant on the stage and in the corridors of the Waldorf—has swooped down upon New York at his old stamping ground, the Empire theater, with "A Marriage of Convenience," a merry little trifle adapted from the French of Dumas and resembling very much "The Iron Master" and half a dozen similar plays. All the meat of "A Marriage of Convenience" might be put into a one act curtain raiser. For five years John Drew has made an annual visit to the Empire and on each successive occasion has scored successes of no mean order, from a box office standpoint. Last year "Rosemary," with little Maude Adams and Arthur Byron in the cast, broke all records, and John Drew, the gallant, likewise chubby Charley Frohman, were correspondingly happy. This fall, while the gallant Mr. Drew was on tour, little Maude Adams blossomed out at the same Empire in J. M. Barrie's "The Little Minister." Of course the gallant John Drew had no idea that his erstwhile leading lady would make a hit. But she did. She hit New York right between the eyes, and "The Little Minister" played to more money during its stay at the Empire than any other attraction, not barring the gallant Mr. Drew in "Rosemary." The supposition was that Miss Adams would be permitted to remain at the Empire and that John Drew, with his native gallantry, would consent to produce "A Marriage of Convenience" at the Garrick. Not so, however. Mr. Drew very gallantly demanded the due and forfeit of his contract. It called for his appearance at the Empire, and at the Empire only would he consent to play. So little Miss Adams had to move down to the cozy little Garrick, where she is now playing to more money than is the gallant Mr. Drew at the Empire. In fact, the "standing room only" sign at the Garrick is being overworked, while that at the Empire begins to show some sign of dust and of age.

After all, there isn't much to Mr. Drew's new play. In the costume of Louis XV, without his mustache and with his nose grown larger than ever, John Drew is certainly not the picturesque figure the matinee girls of Daly's bowed down and worshiped only half a decade ago. Of course, he is easy and graceful, but that is all. Miss Isabelle Irving, his leading lady, appears rather a boydenish court lady and, with all her finery, gives one the impression that she would be more at home in an up to date farce comedy. On the other hand, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, who appears as a maid, looks very much as though she would give better satisfaction to the management and the public were she to exchange places with Miss Irving and assume the role of the mistress. Arthur Byron, son of Oliver Dowd Byron, plays the role of the chevalier and gives about as artistic a bit of work as has been seen in New York in some time. It would not surprise me at all should Mr. Frohman take it into his head to star Mr. Byron next season as he has done Miss Adams this year.

The thought that little Miss Adams was playing for greater money than "A Marriage of Convenience" was not the only thing John Drew had to ponder over during his opening week. In the first place, news has reached here that his brother Sydney, who never received proper recognition on this side of the water, is making a terrific success in London and will remain there for three years at least. Sydney always was a better actor than John in the minds of many competent critics, but he was as unfortunate as John was successful. In the second place, there were two more or less important productions—one, "Miss Francis of Yale," a farce written by Mr. Michael Morton, brother of Martha Morton, and the other, "The Heart of the Klondike," a regular "thriller," written by Scott Marble. In the cast are Laura Burt, Odell Williams, Sheridan Block, E. L. Snader and other equally competent players. Of course, Miss Burt was the heroine, and she did all sorts of impossible things in the most plausible manner. Laura is a pretty girl, a clever actress, and so long as she continues to wear that almost mannish suit with the long brown leggings there will be no room in the front rows at the Star theater. I don't intend to bore you with the plot of the play, but the scenery is magnificent, the representation of Chilkut pass being particularly effective.

As for "Miss Francis of Yale," with Etienne Girardot in the title role, at the Manhattan, there is but one verdict, and that is—failure. It is about the most dismal French farce that has been seen in New York in a long while.

As I predicted some weeks ago, Oscar Hammerstein has been compelled to assign and give up Olympia. It is reported that Edward E. Rice will gain control of at least a part of it for his New York production.

Over at Koster & Bial's, Anna Held, who withdrew from the cast of "La Poupee" just before the crash at Olympia, is delighting crowded houses, and with the assistance of Alice Atherton and a strong olio the fortunes of this house appear to be reviving.

By the way, Henry E. Dixey is a full fledged magician, a worthy successor to the late Hermann and a better conjurer than the present Keller. Dixey expects to remain in New York city at the Garden theater for the greater part of the winter. I met him on a street car the other day, and he was telling me of his first experience at speechmaking before the curtain. It was while he was starring through the west with Charles Frohman's company in "The Thoroughbred." They were playing one night stands and struck a town which had evidently previously been visited either by Richard Mansfield or Sol Smith Russell, for at the end of the performance the audience demanded a speech. There was a hasty consultation behind the scenes, and to Dixey was delegated the honor of addressing the multitude. His appearance before the curtain was greeted with great applause. But he noticed that during his three minute talk his auditors froze in their seats, and when he retired he did so without even a hand clap from the ushers. He had frequently referred to the beauties of the town, and when he asked the stage manager why he had been greeted so warmly on his first appearance and in such an icy manner when he retired he was informed that he had been all the while talking and praising the town in which "The Thoroughbred" people had appeared the day before.

The long litigation between the Jardines and Daly over the road rights of "The Geisha" is about at an end. After having attached the company in every town for 30 consecutive performances the litigious Augustin gave up the fight, and the Jardines and their company are going their merry way.

I told you in my last letter that "A Lady of Quality," which served to introduce Julia Arthur as a stellar attraction, was a success. I woke up next morning to find that nearly all the critics had slated it unmercifully. Notwithstanding this fact, Miss Arthur is playing to the greatest business in the history of Wallack's theater, and her engagement has been extended indefinitely.

Of course, Richard Mansfield, the artistic, not content with the enormous box office receipts of "The Devil's Disciple," insisted on giving the last week of his stay here over to reproductions of his old plays, "Prince Karl," "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," "A Parisian Romance" and "Richard III" being included in his repertory. Mansfield made a different speech at every performance.

News from the road confirms the first reports regarding "The Highwayman," Smith and De Koven's latest opera. There is no doubt of its success, and it is said to be the best work done by these gentlemen since "Robin Hood." Another opera, the music of which is by Victor Herbert and the libretto by Harry B. Smith, which appears to have caught on out of town and will later be seen for a run in Broadway, is "Peg Woffington," with Camille d'Arville in the title role. There have been many and conflicting reports regarding this opera, but the consensus of opinion now is that it is an unmistakable money winner.

E. H. Sothern has returned to "An Enemy to the King." This young man has not been quite so successful since his marriage, and his Claude Melnotte in "The Lady of Lyons," which he insisted on playing at the Thursday and Saturday matinees, is about the funniest thing in town. Farce comedy will never die so long as Ned Sothern insists on playing Claude.

Wilton Lackaye is back in town after a tour which closed temporarily last week in Richmond on account of the yellow fever scare. Lackaye's new play, "The Royal Secret," while it did not do an enormous business, lost only $79 in five weeks in what is perhaps the worst territory in America. This record was so encouraging that Mr. Lackaye will resume almost immediately.

I suppose you have heard something of the troubles of Margaret Mather. This young woman, whom J. M. Hill first exploited as Juliet, who later married Philip Weiss, leader of the orchestra of the Bijou theater, Pittsburg, was divorced, married young Pabst, the millionaire Milwaukee brewer, horsewhipped him on the street, separated, received a liberal allowance and then returned to the stage in the spectacular production of "Cymbeline," is just now having a rather flamboyant time of it. Last week her scenery and costumes were attached in Jersey City, and while they were later released it is said that there are other claims pressing against her. If this be so, then Miss Mather must have spent at least $100,000 in less than two years, as that is the sum said to have been settled upon her by Mr. Pabst when they separated. At that time she was personally possessed of at least $50,000. It costs some people a lot of money to be a star.

I mentioned in a previous letter the old saw that all things run in threes and wondered whether Nat C. Goodwin, who, like Sol Smith Russell and Richard Mansfield, had failed time and time again to score in New York, would make out with his new venture, "An American Citizen." Well, the old saw stood by Nat, and critics and public are unanimous in their praise of his work. Just think of the caustic Alan Dale talking in this manner: "If Nat Goodwin—I beg his pardon, I should say Mr. N. C. Goodwin—has ever doubted the potency of his own particular brand of humor, he must have seen last night that his career as a laugh maker is as luminous as ever. In Mrs. Madeleine Lucette Ryley's new four act comedy, 'An American Citizen,' produced at the Knickerbocker theater, Nat, that is to say, Mr. N. C., rattled off his joyously careless 'gags' to the tune of the most effervescent laughter.

"Mr. Goodwin has hankered for the emotional for a long time. He has seen gloomy but effective visions of himself as the sable Hamlet (Ha, ha! at the idea), he has tackled David Garrick and fumed at one or two of the critical fraternity who dared not to like him. Goodwin has deftly tried to push aside that godgiven mood for the ridiculous for which we first learned to like him. He tired of our laughter. It was insipid, cheap, infra dig. He yearned to see us in tears, as we watched him lunching on heroes and dining on scenery.

"Foolish, most foolish Nat! Last night, however, we forgave the dreadful rumors anent the melancholy Dane and all the clouds of tragedy that he has been pulling over his own humorously flaxen hair. For in 'An American Citizen' Nat Goodwin was himself again. The programme was an error when it dubbed him Mr. N. C. We were violently in the wrong when we expected another dose of 'David Garrick' and 'In Mizzoura.' Our good old comedian was restored to us. We laughed, and we were refreshed. And this morning Mr. Goodwin will say to himself: 'Another odious success. Here I am, doomed again to make the fools of New York better.' For such successes may he long be Nat.

"And titter we did—occasionally, alas, like fools. When the haughty heroine (heroines are never heroines unless they are haughty) remarked, 'I can ride a horse bareback,' and Mr. Goodwin responded, 'Aren't you afraid of catching cold?' the audience at the Knickerbocker forgot the antiquity of the gag and roared."

"An American Citizen" is the best play that Mrs. Ryley has given us since "Christopher, Jr." "The Coat of Many Colors" is forgiven instantly, and all the nice things we used to say about Mrs. Ryley before she grew so horribly accustomed to her crescendo popularity come in handy again. The play is occasionally sketchy, as, for example, in the second act, when conventional people wander on and off the stage and say conventional things in a conventional way.

The comedy, however, is a man and woman dialogue, and that is the kind of dialogue that this public and any public likes. It is the case of a fellow who falls in love with his own wife, and we are still wholesome enough to prefer that sort of a person to one who falls in love with somebody else. Moreover, the third act is so piquant that it just verges on the risky, and as long as it only just verges—and they were really married, you know—even the prude can scarcely object.

FRANK CONNELLY.

A Timely Protest.

These stories of inordinate appetite, amorous mischance, carnal delirium, slaughter and sudden death, whether in novels or in plays, are cheap and nasty, and to persons who possess good health and good taste their exposition upon the stage is a repulsive bore. The purpose of art should be beauty, not deformity—the exhibition of an ideal to be emulated, not a horror to be shunned—the excitement of noble emotion, not of disgust. To be a mass of vanity, fury, concupiscence and selfishness is not to possess character, but to lack it. There can be no individuality in any person, man or woman, whose sole object in life is to get mated—whose whole nature and experience are bounded within the narrow limits of amatory passion. Such a person is merely rudimentary. Many writers of novels and plays have for some time manifested a fervid desire to declare that the wrongdoing of a woman is not in any sense more culpable than the wrongdoing of a man, and that the wrongdoing ought not socially to invalidate the woman any more than it invalidates the man. That proposition is perfectly sound, and nobody disputes it, but the proclamation of it, however strenuous, will never produce the slightest practical effect. Society, for its own protection, must always take more account of maternity than any other element that is involved in this subject, and to the end of time the man who wishes to marry will prefer Miranda before all the Clorindas in the world.—William Winter.

Sued a Manager.

Richard Mansfield sued a manager in St. Louis for payment of guarantees which the manager had refused on the ground that the performance was not up to the standard. A local jury decided in the manager's favor, and the star says that local juries always discriminate against an actor when he sues for money due him.

Charles B. Hanford is authority for the statement that young dramatic authors in France get 10 per cent of the gross receipts, besides $10 worth of tickets, every time the play is presented.

In short, comic opera is not a fad and never has been since its initial introduction into England by Sir William Davenant, one time poet laureate of the British isles. Before Davenant's innovation tragedy held full sway on the London stage, but the musical comedy, or comic opera, with attractive scenery, bright costumes, music and singing, proved so alluring that the playhouses where the dramas of Shakespeare were being produced had to close for want of patronage. A hue and a cry was set up, and we have not ceased to hear its echo to this day.

From Davenant's time to the present the theater going public has not supported representations of the more exalted drama except when presented by great artists—artists of great dramatic abilities, who were able to portray properly classic roles. It is only when such artists appear that the plays of Shakespeare can be enjoyed or be expected to receive the support of a discriminating public. There is no longer any novelty in these representations except at the hands of consummate artists.

I think I can state with entire honesty, and it is with a high degree of pleasure, what I have said elsewhere, that every effort to raise the dignity of light comic opera has met with the cordial support of the best critics of the American press. It is a common pastime, that of "dead cutting the critics with opprobrious speech," yet it cannot be denied that every meritorious comic opera representation made during the past few years has met with their cordial support. With hardly an exception they have praised that which was worthy and unmercifully flayed that which was lacking in dignity, merit or worth. Dryden said, "Praise the priest who patiently is poor." So also let those who are interested in a higher order of musical comedy laud the critic for his honesty of purpose and his courage during a time when frivolity and a low order of burlesque seemed to be gaining full sway, to run counter to a low public taste.

There is no species of drama which is more worthy the attention and the support of a cultivated mind than comic opera of the right sort. There is much that contributes to a proper and pleasing production—the music, the scenery, the costumes, pretty faces and shapely figures, not to mention the voices. This may not all be very intellectual, but it is pleasing, diverting and restful. It fulfills all that may rightly be expected of the theater—wholesome entertainment.

ANDREW A. M'CORMICK.

A HOME FOR COMIC OPERA

After Nine Years New York Will Have a Permanent Theater For Light Opera. McCormick's Enterprise.

[Copyright, 1897.]

Nine years ago Mr. James A. Bailey, Mr. Frank Sanger and Mr. Elliott Zborowski decided to build a theater in New York for comic opera productions and the permanent home of a comic opera stock company of first quality. The plans of the scheme were completed and the contract ready for signatures when James A. Bailey of the Barnum & Bailey circus was taken ill. It was feared he would lose his mind, hence the doctors advised that he give up all business cares. Mr. Zborowski, a rich Londoner, and Mr. Sanger went ahead, however, and built the theater—the Broadway. The idea of the stock company was given up for the time, however, but is now about to be consummated. Mr. Sanger has been out of the Broadway for two years, and Mr. Zborowski is now its chief owner. The permanent comic opera idea was Mr. Zborowski's pet scheme. He now proposes to put his plan into effect. I, as president and manager of the Broadway Theater company, am putting into effect Mr. Zborowski's idea.

The first opera to be produced by the Broadway Theater Opera company will be "The Highwayman," by De Koven and Smith. Operas will be elegantly presented and the company a very large and excellent one, including the following well known artists: Joseph O'Mara, late of Sir Augustus Harris' London Opera company; Miss Hilda Clark and Jerome Sykes, late of the Bostonians; Harry Macdonough, Miss Nellie Braggins and those who have been prominent in comic opera.

For well nigh two centuries comic opera has held a permanent place in the affections of the playgoing public. There have been times when interest has languished, when it appeared that comic opera was held in small regard. These periods of depression were owing to the fact that the real article had been weighed down by the introduction of horse play and buffoonery. Real comic opera had become little else than uncouth burlesque.

It was a change that was most displeasing to good taste. The public was quick to resent the introduction of a crude alloy. Eighteen carat comic opera devoid of extraneous and base matter has always been esteemed and handsomely rewarded.

A. A. M'CORMICK AND THE FUTURE HOME OF LIGHT OPERA.

Bernhardt on Tour.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt has started upon a continental tour. Accompanied by her son, daughter and son-in-law, she left Paris recently for Switzerland, Belgium and Holland, where her latest Parisian successes are to be produced, as well as the old favorites, among which are the perennial "La Dame aux Camelias," "Phedre" and "La Tosca." The tour will last only about a month, when the beloved Sarah will return for a series of plays at her own theater. She travels even in Europe in a state of luxury called "American" for lack of a better word. The Compagnie des Chemins du Fer du Nord put a private car at her disposal, fitted up in a manner to which even the president of the republic is hardly accustomed, and a long, narrow strip of carpeting extended from the sidewalk to the train. None but the officials of the theater were allowed in that particular portion of the station, and a band of music played until the train pulled out. In another car were three chambermaids of her household, her maitre d'hotel and her coachman. Even her four wheeled carriage, so conspicuous wherever she goes, was hoisted into the luggage car in fragments, and her pet collie had a favored place beside his illustrious mistress. Her admirers remark that before returning she will have played in the land of William Tell and in that of William of Orange. There remains only "the land of William of Prussia," they say, "into which this patriotic Frenchwoman will not enter." There was, nevertheless, not long ago, a report that Mme. Bernhardt had intended to go to Germany, but that the testy William of Prussia had expressed his hostility to her playing in Strassburg, whither she had set out, unless she agreed to go to other cities also.

Hissing and Applause.

Somebody has discovered that hissing and applause in theaters began some time during the seventeenth century. As the mediæval plays in France were organized by the church, applause was forbidden, and in 1550, when "Aspar," by Fontenelle, was produced, hissing was heard for the first time. The claque is said to have come into existence in France as early as the eighteenth century, when the number of comedians increased and actors felt more and more the need of applause. In order to make it certain, the claque was hired. There was a rebellion against the claque almost as soon as the custom was first introduced, and its condemnation has been constant ever since. But the institution still survives in France.

Cleo In Burlesque.

Cleo de Merode is made the central figure of an episode in a current Paris burlesque. One scene is laid in the foyer de danse at the opera—a part of the theater to which subscribers and distinguished persons are admitted. The directors of the opera are MM. Gaillard and Bertrand. M. Gaillard brings to the ballet a monarch made up to represent the king of Siam and introduces him to a young woman who is dressed to look as much as possible like the absent Cleo. M. Gaillard wrote a letter of protest to the manager, and the next night the introduction was made not by a man who was made to resemble Gaillard, but his partner, M. Bertrand.

Brady's New Farce.

William A. Brady has received from London a new farcical comedy adapted from the German. It has a peculiar theme. A man of science marries a young woman who does not love him. He is in despair, when he is advised by a fellow student to transfuse the blood of a lamb into her veins and she will become gentle and loving toward him. The scientist does so, and the result is that the wife falls in love with every man she meets. This leads to a series of most amusing complications. The comedy will probably be seen at the Schiller theater, Chicago, in the near future.

New Theater In Costa Rica.

The new Teatro Nacional at San Jose, Costa Rica, was opened recently, and is said to be the finest public building in Central America. It was built at a cost of $3,000,000, Costa Rica money, and has been decorated by European painters and sculptors. The house seats 1,200 persons, is electrically illuminated and supplied with all modern appurtenances, a great part having been purchased in this country. The government of Costa Rica will give the use of the house free, with lights and service, to theatrical companies wishing to appear in San Jose.

LABOR MATTERS

ORGANIZED SOCIETY.

LIZZIE HOLMES' PRESENTATION OF THE BEST SIDE OF ANARCHISM.

Our Present Dog Eat Dog System Crushes the Nobler and Purer Instincts—She Has Great Faith In Voluntary Association Under Just Conditions.

[Special Correspondence.]

Society as at present organized is a very complicated and incomprehensible affair. With its many mysterious methods, its chaotic order, its economic paradoxes, its multitudinous laws, institutions and precedents, it is a marvel of a conglomeration that fairly baffles us all. It is the growth of ages, a deposit of old customs, through which a modicum of new thought slowly sifts and constantly disturbs. It rests upon old, hardened but brittle foundations, and it is very unstable. Its errors are ingrained and a thousand new errors must be daily heaped upon the structure to hold it intact. Its weight crushes the very beings whom it is supposed to protect. It hampers, restricts, tortures, the very atoms of which it is composed, yet these atoms dread its dissolution more than anything else in the world.

Humanity lives, loves, suffers and reproduces in this society somehow, but is seldom happy. We none of us know what to do with the cumbersome thing with its myriads of parts that all seem so necessary and yet result in so little good. The lower strata sullenly complain that the upper ones press upon them so heavily; the middle layers reproach the lower for their ignorance, coarseness and stupidity; the upper imagine they might be happy if those beneath them were not so restless. No one exactly likes it, but most of us think only of scrambling into some easy place for ourselves and letting the masses look out for themselves.

Society should be a collection of individuals united by bonds of sympathy, interdependence and natural attraction. We have never yet tried whether these qualities alone, which are inherent in man, would be sufficient to weld us into a compact and harmonious whole or not. Such organization as society has has been forced. We have become so accustomed to the militant powers which control society and which are the outgrowth of that warlike spirit of our savage ancestors necessary when war was the principal business of the world. A nation that has reached no higher plane than that of war must have its citizens under complete control. They must all be at the beck and call of a strong central power or government. The safety, the very existence, of the community depends upon implicit obedience to the rulers from every subject. This complete surrender of personal liberty for the sake of the protection afforded by the whole, necessary once and never dropped through all the succeeding stages of development, is still a fundamental principle in the theory of government. No one remembers when he personally and voluntarily yielded up his personal liberty for the protection offered by the whole, yet each citizen is supposed to have done so. It is a fetich, a religion. Men believe they would fall away into chaos and ruin if the bonds and guards of an authoritative society did not hedge them about on every side, and through all the various forms of society, through despotisms, slavery, feudalism, commercialism, down to these days when peaceful progress is supposed to be the business of mankind, the old, military systems of organization cling to us and shape our conditions. We do not imagine we can organize in any other way.

So we have strong governments, armies, wonderful killing machinery, prisons, executioners, courts and police. We have systems by which the most useful of mankind, the laborer, is constantly robbed, after which he makes good material for the work of the criminal departments. We have complex financial arrangements that hinder exchange instead of fascilitating it. We have poverty and misery enough for the most uncivilized world in the universe. There is need enough for work to be done everywhere, yet men go begging for it. We have coercion in the name of freedom and struggles between authority and rebellion for the sake of peace.

We are beginning to realize that society is a bad mixture, not even as good as the material would warrant, and numerous new theories of the organization of society are being promulgated. These new thoughts are sent out by true hearted men and women who are sacrificing a quiet and comfortable life for the stormy one of the reformer. Some of them may succeed to some extent and at a great cost.

But to my mind most of these theories are too complicated, too authoritative, contain too much that is needless and mysterious. Few people can bear to throw away an old wrong altogether. Something must be put in its place. The mind seems incapable of grasping the idea of a healthy nothinguess where a huge fester has been.

My idea of a model society would be that its organization should be as simple and plain as possible. I would want a multitude of barriers removed, and then, so great is my faith in the inherent aspirations in man, I would leave people free to organize as they chose. I would like to see the many perplexing institutions and statutes which are intended to bind people together and make them good whether or no, but which serve an opposite purpose, simply ignored and forgotten. The land should be as free as the air and sunlight. In such freedom it would not take us long to discover the best methods of organization. I believe it would result in the harmonious welding together of society, not its disruption. People need each other and would unite because it was the most natural thing in the world to do; they would respect others' equal rights that their own might be respected and because they would be happier in so doing, which is but another way of saying they would be good.

A thorough organization of the industries and means of exchange would be found to be necessary. For the most important business of society as a whole is to see that the necessities of civilized life are produced plentifully and means provided for their ready and equitable distribution. This accomplished, it would be seen that surprisingly little else would need outside regulation. Animals are ferocious when they cannot get food or when their supply is in danger. So are men.

Secure in the prime essentials of life, men naturally reach out after higher and better things. It is possible to progress indefinitely. It is possible for each and every individual in the world to obtain all he needs for his fullest development without interfering with or invading the equal right of every other individual to so develop and yet not grow in isolated selfishness. People naturally incline toward each other. Their similar needs, feelings, aspirations would bring them together and establish the closest relations. The spontaneous attraction of sympathy and kindliness would weld together a society closer, more orderly and more stable than physical force can ever do.

LIZZIE M. HOLMES.

GEORGE M. PULLMAN.

Was He a Benefactor?—The New York Journal Thinks Not.

The palace car king is dead. On the whole was George M. Pullman a benefactor to the workingmen, of whom he employed thousands?

That he made his way from a boyhood of poverty to a manhood of wealth was to his credit. He benefited the world by the creation and multiplication of luxurious cars, making travel by day and night a comfort instead of a trial, and he was entitled to the reward of his enterprise and energy.

But the chief monument which he built for himself was the town of Pullman, owned and managed by his car company as one of its assets. This used to be spoken of not only as a model town in its appointments and its administration, but as a benefaction to the workmen for whose accommodation it was built and cared for.

The strike of 1894 dispelled some of the illusion which had gathered in prosperous times over the homes of the favored workingmen of Pullman. It revealed the absolute dependence of these men and their families upon the great corporate employer. Their town was attractive and well kept, but it was not theirs, and they could not own their homes.

It was profitable to the company in good times and the workmen were contented with their freedom from public cares, but when hard times came their wages were cut down, their savings wasted away, their rents went on and they were at the mercy of the company. Their struggle for better terms with the combination of employer, landlord and town ruler was futile.

Liberty has its price, but it is better to pay it. Self dependence has its trials, but they beget strength, which is better than helplessness. Pullman's personal motives may have been good, but the model town of his corporation was a gilded cage that imprisoned the manhood of its denizens.—New York Journal.

Testing an Eight Hour Law.

A case of great importance has just been elaborately argued before the United States supreme court. The question involved is the power of a state legislature to pass a law fixing the duration of the workday for adults and making it a punishable offense for an employer to hire a man to labor more than the prescribed number of hours. The case has been appealed from the supreme court of Utah, which sustained the constitutionality of the Utah eight hour law for miners engaged in work in underground mines.

The facts are as follows: An operator named Holden was convicted for employing a miner for ten hours a day, contrary to the new eight hour law, and sentenced to pay a fine and to serve 57 days in jail. Holden, admitting the facts alleged, had pleaded not guilty—first, because the miner had voluntarily entered into the contract for the services in question; second, because the statute was repugnant to the constitution of the United States, in that it deprived employer and employee of the right to contract in a lawful way for a lawful purpose; third, because the statute was class legislation, and, fourth, because it deprived the defendant of his property and liberty without due process of law.

It is plain that these exceptions are those which would naturally be raised in any state of the Union against a law restricting the hours of adult labor. But the familiarity of the objections does not detract from them strength and validity. The supreme court of Utah, however, upheld the law and denied a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. It looked upon the eight hour law as a proper exercise of the police power of the state in protecting life, health and morals. As this is the first American case in which a state supreme court has sustained a law interfering with the right of adults to make contracts for labor great interest attaches to the proceedings in the federal court. The decision will turn on fundamental principles of constitutional construction and will constitute a landmark in our economic and judicial history.—Chicago Post.

Dr. Wright Discovers a Symptom.

Carroll D. Wright says the rich are growing richer and the poor are growing richer too. Idleness is one of the main symptoms of riches. As men become more wealthy they become more idle. That's the symptom that Wright bases his assertion on. Idleness among the poor is increasing fast. Of course they're growing richer.—Social Democrat.

PERFECTED ORGANIZATION.

Such Is What President Ratchford of the Miners Says Labor Needs.

A more perfect organization is absolutely essential to the miners' welfare. We must have an organization embracing every member of our trade, with a strong defense fund to support those who may be forced into strikes—an institution based upon business lines and conducted in strict conformity to the principles of the trades union movement. In speaking of the movement in a general way it is steadily advancing, the interests of the workers are being promoted in proportion to the strength of their trades unions. All the reforms brought about in the way of improving the conditions of employment, shortening the hours of labor or increasing the wages of the workers have come to the men through their trades unions.

There is much work yet to be done. A universal eight hour workday is the demand of the time. Through it the surplus labor can be taken from the mines, which today is ready to undermine their fellow workers, not because of their desires, but because of their necessities. The man who is idle is often as deserving as the man who is working, and while the latter continues to work nine or ten hours a day the former will be out of employment and can only secure a job by working at a lower rate of wages. The regulation of machinery, which has affected all trades nearly alike, is also a question to be solved by the trades unions.

Machinery must be controlled by the people or the people will be controlled by machinery. The children of today are operating this machinery because they can work cheaper than their fathers, and instead of the father supporting the child the child is supporting the father. A system of compulsory education is absolutely necessary to remove those conditions. The child who is of school age must be taken from the shop, mine and factory and the father given employment. The destiny of our proud nation and the perpetuity of her institutions depend upon the education of our children. Let their education be had in schools and their worldly advancement will follow, each acting in the interests of the other and all acting as one in the fraternity of the unions of trades allied in one grand effort to advance.—M. D. Ratchford.

Socialists of Germany.

The Social Democratic congress at Hamburg, by a vote of 160 to 50, abrogated the prohibition against participation in elections for members of the diet. The congress also passed the resolution which was introduced by Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, providing that in case of second ballots in elections to the reichstag, instead of abstaining from voting where their candidates are defeated on the first ballot, Socialists shall support whichever candidate pledges himself to vote against the imposition of new taxes or the raising of existing ones, against exceptional laws and all measures involving encroachment upon universal suffrage or laws of association or press laws. The resolution also provides that if neither candidate will pledge himself to these demands Socialists must abstain from voting, as they have done hitherto. It was decided that no compromise or agreement should be concluded with other parties.

The action of the congress in passing Herr Bebel's resolution is most important. Under the present Prussian electoral system it is almost impossible for the Socialists to elect a representative to the diet. Their participation in the elections, therefore, may result in breaking the Conservative majority in the diet.

Prison Labor.

At the recent conference of the New York Prison association John H. Burtis spoke of the effects of the constitutional amendment which became operative six months ago and which forbids the sale of prison products to any but state and municipal institutions.

"When the amendment was first adopted," said Mr. Burtis, "those interested in our state penal institutions were in despair. It was thought that the great number of prisoners who would be thrown out of employment would increase the ratio of insanity. On the contrary, what seemed disaster has proved a blessing. We find that in six months the most remarkable progress has been made at Sing Sing, Erie, Clinton and Matteawan. Trade schools have been established and men are being fitted for useful lives. Moreover, the municipal and state institutions, including the national guard, are compelled to pay the market price for prison products. So great has the progress been that it is safe to say that the penal institutions of New York will within a year or so be self sustaining.

Rich Humbugs.

Not a day passes, according to the statements of local physicians and surgeons, that men and women in affluent circumstances do not line up with the needy or poverty stricken at the free dispensaries in Chicago, and often in the scramble for gratuitous medicines and treatment the worthy poor are repulsed and people of fortune get the benefit of the charity.

Fifty-five per cent, it is said, of all the people in the city who receive free medicines and medical and surgical treatment are abundantly able to pay for what they get. Fourteen per cent, it is further affirmed, have incomes ranging from $8,000 to $12,000 a year. On the other hand, thousands of poor men and women who have decent personal pride and a sense of personal responsibility for self maintenance either go without the assistance they need or suffer privation in other lines to get it. Often the rich literally rob the needy of what is specially provided for them. —Chicago Tribune.

SUNBEAMS

Only Six Left.

Papa Cat—Aren't you living rather fast, Thomas?

Young Thomas—Oh, no. I'm 1½ years old and have only lost three of my lives.

Papa Cat—Well, be careful, you young scamp!—New York Journal.

OUR FUNNY LANGUAGE.

Verb endings, as they're used by us,
Are nothing shot of marvelous
And full of oddity, as thus:

If a nap you take, that nap is took,
But bread is baked and never book,
And a Klondike claim is staked, not stook.

A man who swims may say he's swum,
But milk is skimmed and seldom skum,
And nails you trim; they are not trum.

When words you speak, those words are spoken,
But a nose is tweaked and can't be twoken,
And what you seek is never soken.

If I should stick you, you'd be stuck,
Should you lick me I'd not be luck,
Nor could I by a kick be kuck.

If we forget, then we've forgotten,
But things we wet are never wotten,
And houses let cannot be lotten

The goods one sells are always sold,
But fears dispelled are not dispold,
Nor what you smell is ever smold.

When young, a top you oft saw spun,
But did you see a grin o'er grun
Or a potato neatly skun?

The drinks you drink of course are drunk,
But who shall say that thoughts are thunk
Or at a pretty girl he's wunk?

And so from time to time, you see,
Great errors would be made if we
Spoke English by analogy.
—New York Sunday Journal.

Georgie's Hard Luck.

DEAR UNCLE FRED—I never Was so mad in my Life. I wonder if Other Boys has paws that always Tries to Git the Best of Them. No Wonder they are so much roug into the World. Last week paw he told me if I would Be a Good Boy in School and Git a credit mark He would git me Something nice.

So I went to School Every Day and Studied as Hard as I could, and when the End of the week Come I told the Teacher about it and she Give me a Note to paw Sayin I was one of the Best Boys in School.

I took it Home, and paw says:

"Georgie, I'm Proud of you. It makes me glad to Think I am the Fawther of Such a Good Boy. So I will keep my promise."

What do you s'pose He bot me?

I'm a Billy Goat with long whiskers onto Him if He Didn't Give me a rake to keep the yard clean, with a tag onto It sayin, "To Georgie for Bein a Good Boy."

I jist feel like Committen Some Horrable Crime. GEORGIE.
—Cleveland Leader.

The Wonderful Law.

Soon after Jim's admission as a learned counselor an old neighbor to give him a start gave him a lot of hard claims to collect, telling him he could have half that was collected. Jim soon received half that was due from one of the debtors and was called on a little later by his client for his share of the money. "Your half?" said the astute lawyer. "I didn't collect your half. I only collected mine." The astonished old patron said, "Why, Jim, I don't understand such proceeding." But the lofty reply was: "There is a heap of law you don't understand. I tell you, old fellow, this law is a powerful thing."—Case and Comment.

Theatrical Qualifications.

"Of course, she doesn't amount to much as an actress," said the manager, "but"—

Naturally every one was anxious to hear the conclusion of the sentence.

"—she is the woman who got so much advertising in connection with a plan to go to the Klondike."

It seems almost unnecessary to say that she was engaged.—Chicago Post.

A Case of Wheels.

Gabber—Oh, don't talk to me about bicycles. I'm sick at the very thought of 'em. You couldn't hire me to put my head into a shop where they sell the things.

Tibber—That would be a case of wheels within wheels, wouldn't it?—Boston Transcript.

A Wish.

"My youth," said the penurious man, "was spent as a sailor."

"I'd like to have known you then."

"Why?"

"It would have been a pleasure to see you pay out something, even if it was only a cable."—Washington Star.

Taking His Measure.

Tomtom—I see young Snoozerly has become a member of the Yarvard football team.

Buzzfuzz—What is he—a half back or a quarter back?

Tomtom—From what I can make out he is a drawback.—New York Journal.

What He Wanted to Know.

Plater—I hate to see a man give up in despair at the first difficulty. I like to see a man who is bound to get on in the world.

Slater (after his ninth failure to mount)—But how in the world is a fellow to get on?—Boston Transcript.

True.

Gummey—Ricketts tells me that the girl he is engaged to is a high born lady.

Gargoyle—It is quite true. Her parents were living in a flat on the fifteenth story at the time of her birth.—Up to Date.

ANOTHER KLONDIKE STORY.

The Rivers and Rocks Are Full of Yellow Gold, But—

"Yes, sir," said the man who got back from the Klondike. "The gold is there. The rivers and rocks are full of it. All you have to do is to wade into the ice water with a bushel basket and scoop it up and carry it home. The trouble is that you have to be careful not to overload your bushel basket. If you do, you're likely to break it."

"But you can get another," suggested the eager listener.

"Of course you can get another. But bushel baskets cost anywhere from $1,500 to $3,000 apiece, and as you can't stay in the ice water long enough to make $500 or so a day it's just as well to take smaller loads and economize."

"I suppose you brought back a lot of money with you?"

"Well, I didn't stay up there so very long. I was afraid of rheumatism. I didn't have a particularly rich claim. I didn't get more than $50,000 or $60,000 out of it."

"That was enough to make it worth the trip."

"Well, you mustn't forget that you have looked only at one side of the ledger. Of course when a man is making money he gets a little reckless and likes to live liberally. I guess I must have spent $10,000 or $15,000 for cough medicine while I was there. One day after I had been particularly lucky I thought I would indulge in the luxury of a few pine boards to keep the wind out of the shanty I had bought. I forget how much I paid in ounces for that shanty, but the gold dust came pretty near filling the former owner's steamer trunk. I could have made a fortune out of it if it hadn't fallen to pieces the week before I left."

"Did they charge very much for the pine boards?"

"Twenty dollars a square inch without any rebate for knotholes. Still I brought back some money. It isn't quite as much as I would have made if I had staid here at home, but it's enough to cover the expense of my trip back next spring and give me something besides to live on for a few weeks till I get something to do just to pay my board in the meantime."—Washington Star.

One For Tammie.

An old Scotch farmer was in the habit of traveling from his village to the adjacent town on market days by the railway. He never purchased a ticket, always paying at the end of the journey each way. One day the ticket collector at the market town station took him to task for this.

"Hoo is it, Mr. M'Donald," said he in the hearing of all the other passengers in the compartment, "that ye ne'er hae a teckit?"

With a knowing look, the ancient Sandy replied:

"Tammie, ye ken the time when the company wudna' pay for ma coo the train kilt? Weel, I swore then that they'd ne'er see anither bawbee o' mine, and, Tammie, as lang as ye're collector here and yer brither Jock is at t' ither en' I ken fu' weel they ne'er will."—Nuggets.

Quite Delicate.

Mrs. Gabb (hostess)—Your little son does not appear to have much appetite.

Mrs. Gadd—No; he is quite delicate.

Mrs. Gabb—Can't you think of anything you would like, my little man?

Little Man—No'm. You see, mom made me eat a hull lot before we started, so I wouldn't make a pig of myself. —New York Weekly.

A Mean Man's Remark.

"Good gracious!" said the dear girl. "Here is a young ladies' seminary down in Georgia that teaches its pupils how to go through the wedding ceremony."

"That's the first seminary on record," said the mean man, "that ever taught its girls something they will be sure to remember."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Willing to Wait.

Miss De Rich—Now, my love, you must ask pa.

Mr. De Poore—Oh, I'm in no hurry. Let's wait.

"I do not object to a long engagement, if it is your wish, but how long?"

"Um—er—how old is your pa?"—New York Weekly.

Limitations of the Remedy.

"It's all very sweet to talk about marrying a man to reform him," said Aunt Cynthia, with a sniff, "but it's my opinion that there's only one vice a man was ever cured of by matrimony."

"And what's that?"

"Bachelorhood."—Detroit News.

His Mean Assumption.

Miss Goodwell—How do do, Mr. Howland? By the way, I saw you at church Sunday.

Mr. Howland—Yes, I punctured my tire Saturday. What was the matter with your wheel?—Chicago News.

Properly Directed.

Library Assistant—Man came in awhile ago and asked for "The Plutocrat of the Breakfast Table."

Manager—What did you do for him?

"Told him to write to Havemeyer about it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Her Advertisement.

A Boston typewriter girl, in advertising for a place, says, "I am neither pretty nor frivolous." At last accounts she was still unemployed.—Richmond Times.

Rivals Galore.

"May I ask one question before we part forever. Is there another man?"

She—Unfortunately, yes. Several of him.—Brooklyn Life.

He Couldn't.

"Oh, we must part!" the maiden said.
"My name, I heard it called!"
"I cannot part"—he hung his head—
"Because I am so bald!"
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BRAND NEW SWINDLE.

West Virginia Farmers Are Being Victimized by Shrewd Bunkoists.

The farmers in interior counties of West Virginia are being victimized by a shrewd lot of bunkoists. The plan adopted by the swindler is to call upon his victim, talk about crops and incidentally to offer the farmer $1 a bushel for his entire crop of wheat. The farmer, of course, instantly accepts what he knows to be a better price than he can get in his locality, and then the pleasant stranger produces a book which is to all appearances a book of agreements.

The farmer signs what appears to be an alleged agreement to deliver his wheat at a certain station near his place. The stranger then leaves him in a happy frame of mind, but a few days later the farmer receives a notice that a certain bank or bill discounter somewhere holds his note for the amount of money indicated on his alleged agreement. Of course the signature is undoubtable, and the farmer is in a hole.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ALLAN LINE.
New York and Glasgow.
Via Londonderry.
From Company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
S. S. STATE OF NEBRASKA will sail on the 4th Dec. and 8th Jan. She will carry only one class of passengers called SECOND CABIN and the rates will be $35.00 and $40.00, according to location of room and number of occupants. Prepaid $37.50.
Glasgow and Boston
Via Londonderry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $31.50. Steerage, $25.50.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St, Lowell.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)
8000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool;
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec. 9, 10 a. m.
This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried).
Saloon passage $50 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $18.37. Steerage passage $25.50.
For passage, plans, etc., apply to local agents. Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. H. Lacds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

HOLIDAY GOODS
We have a few odds and ends that we are cutting down to holiday prices.
Popular Cocktails, 40c, were 75c.
Jamaica Rum and Maple Sugar, 85c, were $1
Crystallized Rock and Rye, 85c, were $1
Commodore Cocktails, Martini, 25c, were 40c.
Commodore Old Tom Gin, 50c, were 75c.
We also have a new invoice of
RHINE WINES

	Bot. Pts. Case.	Qts. Bot. Case.
Niersteiner	$9	$8
Laubenheimer	$9	$8
Rudesheimer	$11	$10
Liebfraumilch	$12	$11
Lilbacher	$12	$11
Hochheimer	$13	$12
Zeltinger	$9	$8
(moselle or sparkling.)		
Brauneberger	$11	$10

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THE BEST KNOWN
Disinfectant, Cleanser, Deodorizer, Antiseptic
It combines efficacy and economy, for use in Hospitals, Hotels, Factories, Stables, Dwellings, Tenements, Schools, Railway Stations, Breweries, Water Closets, Sinks, Privies.
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DONOVAN & MANSUR, Auctioneers.
Lowell, Mass., Nov. 19, 1897.
On Saturday, December 4th, at 4 o'clock p. m., we will sell, whether it rains or shines, at public auction to whosoever will bid the highest price therefor, the valuable estate of the late Philip Lynch on the premises, corner Whipple, Swift, and Chase streets. We need but mention the locality to have you appreciate this opportunity of securing one of the finest investments. This estate will be sold in two lots, viz.: The first lot to be sold consists of 6362 square feet of land with a large, three-story, slated French roof house. The first floor of the building is used as a store and on the second and third floors of the building are 12 large square rooms with all improvements. It has always been occupied by the late Philip Lynch and his sisters, and as everybody knows, it is today just as good as the day it was built. The building is so situated that there is improved land enough fronting on Whipple street to erect another building, also another lot of land fronting on Swift street, sufficiently large to place a third building thereon. For an investment the purchaser could increase his income two fold. Adjoining this is a barn large enough to accommodate 2 horses, and a large carriage shed. If you intend to be a bidder, the premises are now open for your inspection.
The second lot consists of 2415 square feet of land with a cottage house thereon and fronting on Chase street. Anyone wishing to buy this for an investment can readily let it at $12 per month. As a home, it cannot be surpassed. For further particulars, you can call at the office of the auctioneers, 26 Central street, Room 1, Swan building.
$1,700 can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. on the first lot, and $800 can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. on the second lot.
Terms—$200 down at sale on lot one and $300 down at sale on lot two.
—William A. Ingham, Administrator.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

Rosy Cheeks and Sparkling Eyes.
Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.
The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make PO-MELIA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak. TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.
SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.
F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beallen & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassan, J. S. Westwood, George A. Willson & Co.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block,
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.
Wm. E. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
40 John Street,
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.
Orders received for cleaning, dyeing and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 10 Hildreth Building,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street,
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY,
Room 11, Barristers Hall,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

DON'T
Put off the bow to the inevitable. Your sleigh must be made ready for winter use sooner or later. Today is not any to soon. What little time there is will be needed for the paint and varnish to dry and harden.
We are already at work on quite a few.
Can we add yours to the list?

The SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY WORTHEN STREET.

The DAYLIGHT Incandescent Gas Lamp
will save you one-half your gas and give three times the light. The DAYLIGHT Mantles will last three times as long as any other on the market. Try them.
I have for sale Chimneys (glass or mica) that will fit lamp in use.
Geo. H. Bachelder,
SOLE AGENT,
23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.
Telephone 567-3.

IT IS NOT WHAT YOU EARN,
But What You Save
THAT MAKES YOU
"RICH"
Save regularly on a definite plan, and deposit in the
WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK
273 Central and 4 Gorham St., Lowell, Mass.

LETTER CARRIERS
Will collect mail and supply postage stamps to all houses supplied with the new
U. S. Postal Boxes
These boxes cost no more than one year's rent for a box in the post office and will last a lifetime. For further information apply to
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
Who are the sole agents in Lowell for the authorized
U. S. POSTAL BOX
The only box from which collections will be made by letter carriers.

For Thanksgiving.
Rogers Knives, Forks and Spoons, Nut Cracks, etc. Quality the best. Our prices the lowest.
J. D. Grant, Practical Watchmaker,
44 Merrimack Street.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 46	6 00	§7 07
5 55	7 49	6 25	7 48
6 42	7 53	6 45	§7 56
§7 01	8 02	7 55	9 19
§7 20	8 19	§8 30	10 10
§7 23	8 15	§9 00	§9 38
§7 33	8 50	9 10	§10 35
§7 45	8 37	10 17	11 33
§8 50	9 49	10 45	11 53
9 15	10 55	11 30	§12 07
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 56
11 00	12 01	§1 00	§1 38
§11 45	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 15	1 05	§3 00	§3 38
1 40	2 50	3 47	5 03
3 00	4 25	4 14	§5 22
§§5 52	4 33	§5 00	5 45
4 25	5 30	5 33	6 35
§5 21	6 15	5 47	6 57
5 44	7 10	6 14	7 30
§§6 23	7 05	§7 30	§8 05
§§7 49	8 20	§8 00	§8 35
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 00	8 03	7 30	8 53
8 13	9 10	9 25	10 31
9 25	10 34	10 25	11 44
10 55	12 02	11 50	1 08
12 03	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 58	3 40	4 55
2 30	3 44	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 20
4 03	5 23	6 03	7 18
5 10	6 42	6 25	7 45
6 15	7 26	9 40	10 37
7 00	8 06	‖11 15	‖12 01
9 25	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 21	8 03	9 17
12 03	1 26	11 45	12 53
4 15	5 23	5 00	6 25
5 30	6 55	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 40		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
§7 20	8 10	3 15	§3 03
§7 25	8 25	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 37
§9 19	10 10	5 00	§5 59
§5 25	5 32	7 35	§8 15
§6 58	7 00	8 00	§8 38
		9 00	10 05

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

£ CHRISTMAS DRAFTS £

Payable in Ireland, England, Scotland and all parts of the world. For sale at Murphy's steamship agency, 14 Appleton street. Steamer "Canada" leaves Boston Dec. 9 and will reach Queenstown Dec. 16, in season for Christmas.

A DOUBLE ROASTING PAN

Until Thanksgiving we will give away with a pound of our 60c. Tea a double roaster. See samples in show window. Telephone 23-2, Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone, 556-3.

Cold? Well, buy your coal of Rourke & Sullivan. It will keep your house comfortable. 223 Central street, 984 Gorham street.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Weber piano in fine condition. For sale at 56 W. Sixth street. Call at once.

They are only $18.50. Those Ladies' Solid Gold Watches. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

The blind singers, Messrs. J. W. Maynard and E. E. Coffin, gave an entertainment in the vestry of the Highland M. E. church Wednesday night, under the auspices of Gen. Fiske lodge of Good Templars.

The alarm from box 25 at 3.21 o'clock Wednesday afternoon was for an insignificant blaze in a tenement house cellar in the rear of Boynton's grocery store on Merrimack street. The property is owned by S. K. Chase.

Cook, Taylor & Co.'s advertisement in this paper will call your attention to a job lot of ladies' flannelette wrappers at 74 cents each, which go on sale this afternoon at 5 o'clock and the sale continues until all are closed out. Don't miss reading of this great bargain.

NEW SOCIAL CLUB.

The Pawtucketville Canadian social club, a new oragnization met Tuesday evening and adopted a constitution. J. W. Alexander presided.

As is indicated in the name, the club is organized for social purposes. It is proposed to arrange parties to make money, the surplus after the club's expenses are paid, being intended to promote naturalization next fall. The club will have a hall at Garner avenue and New Moody street in Pawtucketville. Officers will be elected next Tuesday night.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of Philip Connors vs. Connors Brothers, in which the petitioner asked for an accounting, occupied the attention of Judge Gaskell at the afternoon session of the Superior court yesterday. He made no decision but took the case under consideration. The court adjourned sine die.

FITCHBURG WON.

The Fitchburg Checker club visited Lowell yesterday and played a match with the Lowell Checker club at the headquarters of the latter, Room 18, Barristers' hall.

The Lowell club presented a strong team with the following score.

LOWELL.	Won.	Drawn.
George A. Dearborn	1	3
Asa J. Richardson	2	2
Jacob Saunders	3	0
George H. Knight	1	1
Martin Farrell	3	1
Neil McKillop	3	1
John Sayers	3	0
Wm. P. Foye	3	1
James J. Morris	4	0
	23	9

FITCHBURGS.		
P. J. Mulcahy	0	3
H. O. Whitcomb	0	3
C. X. Blanchard	1	0
H. D. McIntire	2	1
J. Ferguson	0	1
L. Wilkins	0	1
James McGrath	1	0
T. McGrath	0	0
J. H. Norton	0	0
	4	9

WORKINGMEN AND MECHANICS, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

For sale, cheap, on easy terms, located on D street, near the Shaw Stocking company, on high and dry land, with good sewerage, convenient to schools, churches, and two lines of street cars, piped for gas and water; five cottage houses and one two-tenement house. These houses have all modern improvements and are suitably arranged for families. Part of these houses have just been completed and the rest will be finished, ready for occupancy in a very short time.

Terms liberal. A small amount down and the balance can be paid in monthly instalments.

Anyone desiring to go through these houses and inquire terms and prices, call on J. W. Bennett, the owner, at 564 Middlesex street.

Dr. Sullivan DENTIST 51 MERK. ST.

FIVE GOOD GAMES

The Lowells Defeated by an Eleven From Harvard.

BIG SEVEN AND BOULEVARDS HAD A DISPUTE.

Strong Albions Defeated the Almonts.

There were five football games yesterday in which Lowell teams took part. The principal game was on the Fair Grounds, where, in the presence of 1500 people the Lowells were beaten by Harvards, '98, by a score of 16 to 0. It was an exciting game and the Harvard boys had their hands full all the time.

Had the Lowells been a little stronger at the ends yesterday the result might have been different. They were all that was required in center plays, but when end plays would serve to good advantage, they were found wanting. The visitors soon realized this and made the most of their opportunity through the centre, while the Lowells never thought of doing anything else. They bucked the centre many a time when an end play would give them the advantage. They made the college men hustle however, and kept them on the alert most of the time. There were several players more or less injured during the game but none were seriously hurt.

Shaw and Benoit had their wind knocked out but they soon recovered.

Tabor's right leg was injured and he had to retire.

Edson, Emmons and Fleichem were the stars of the visitors while Danforth (of Tech), Tabor and Benoit had the honors for the Lowells. The line-up:

LOWELL.	HARVARD
O'Donnell, re	re, Fleichem
Coburn, rt	rt, Rice
Shaw, rg	rg, Hall
Gill, c	c, Wood
Herlick, lg	lg, Barnes
Tabor, lt	lt, Graydon
Homer, le	le, Valentine
Allen, qb	qb, Vincent
Benoit, rhb	rhb, Edson
Danforth, lhb	lhb, Flint
Banks, fb	fb, Emmons

Linesmen, Ralph Pinder, Walter Muzzey; timekeeper, E. S. Tuttle, Jr.; referee, Safford.

Time, two 20-minute halves. Attendance, 1500.

HIGHLANDS 4; HIGH SCHOOL 2d, 0.

A team of young rugby football players, styling themselves the Lowell High School Second, and a team from the Highlands met at Atherton yesterday morning. It was a very good game and while the ground was unfavorable to good football some very pretty plays were made by both sides. The result was 4 to 0 in favor of the Highlands.

HAVERHILL 22; LOWELL 0.

The Tiger-Emerald combination visited Haverhill yesterday morning under the name of the Lowell High schools. They were down for a game with the Haverhill High school team and made a sorry mess of it. They never had the least show of winning from the start and when the whistle blew for call of time the score stood Haverhill 22, Lowell 0.

ALBIONS 2; ALMONTS 1.

The two old rivals faced each other at Atherton yesterday morning and the Albions won.

After 15 minutes' play J. W. Whitworth made a long shot for goal, and Brodem, the Albion custodian, made a mis-kick, the ball going under his foot and between the posts. This was the only scoring done in the first half. The Albions kept the ball in the Almont's territory in the second half and sent shot after shot into the Almont goalkeeper. George Allen made matters very uncomfortable for the Albions by his dirty playing, the referree having to caution him on several occasions. Nelson finally succeeded in equalizing the score and five minutes later Flynn followed with another for the Albions.

THEY BOTH WON.

The Big Seven and Boulevards played a game yesterday and both sides won. In the second half Bassett scored a touchdown for the Boulevards, so the Boulevards say. There was a dispute, however, over the point being allowed, the umpire deciding in favor of the Boulevards and the referee in favor of the Big Sevens. As the Boulevards would not give in to the decision of the referee, and they claim the Big Sevens started the ball in motion and scord a touchdown from which a goal was kicked. This was a very easy thing to do under the circumstances, as the Boulevards made no effort to checkmate them. Now the Big Sevens claim a victory by a score of 6 to 0 and the Boulevards allege that they are the victors by a score of 4 to 0.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The origin of the word toasts is lost in obscurity. Some say it originated in an uncomfortable habit that the Danes had of cutting the throats of the English while they were drinking their spiced ale and that in order to guard against this contingency the individual requested a friend near by to become his surety or pledge while he was occupied in imbibition. Others say that a famous beauty while bathing in the Cross Bath had one of her admirers take a glass of the water from the bath and drink her health. A gay fellow offered to jump in, saying that although he liked not the liquor he would have the toast. He was opposed but ever after a glass to one's lady love was called a toast. But the Romans had toast masters and therefore must have had toasts; in fact, they used sometimes to drink their crowns, that is they threw their wreaths of flowers into the wine. If anyone had designs on another this was a convenient way to poison him, the flowers being poisoned. Cleopatra, infact, dressed herself with poisoned flowers and after Anthony had refused to eat anything of which she had not previously tasted, for fear of poison, she proposed to drink the crowns. Anthony gallantly was about to drink when Cleopatra seized his arm and told him of his danger.

Prof. C. W. Oldrieve, the famous natator, will attempt to walk across the Atlantic ocean.

Capt. W. A. Andrews, a native of Beverly, who has already crossed the ocean in a tiny craft, will go along in a 14 1-2 foot boat. The arrangements are that the two must always remain in sight of each other and the professor must walk all the way. When he gets into the boat to eat and sleep, the craft must be laid to or sailed in a circle so that it cannot be denied that het professor walked all the way over.

These two intrepid voyagers want to go to the Paris Exposition in 1900, and will start from Boston next Fourth of July so as to be in good time for the fete.

The couple will land at Havre, and will then proceed up the Seine to Paris. They expect to visit other places in Europe. They expect to be recompensed by exhibiting themselves and their boat at one cent a head.

CRIMINALS SENTENCED.

John H. Laskey, who was convicted of forgery on complaint of the city of Cambridge, was sentenced Monday afternoon to three years in the house of correction by Judge Wardwell in the Middlesex superior court in East Cambridge.

John F. Salinger, convicted of breaking and entering into Rosenberg's shoe store in East Cambridge, was sentenced to the reformatory, and Patrick J. Dwyer, charged with receiving stolen goods in the same case, was placed on probation.

RECEIVED A SCALP WOUND.

Vincent Solma, a Pole residing in William street, while working for the Locks & Canals company in the Concord river, back of the Middlesex company's mills, was struck with a stone that was being swung in a derrick, yesterday morning and received a severe scalp wound. He was taken to the corporation hospital.

First class printing at this office.

It will go...
Right to the spot

Ayer's Hair Vigor will go right to that bald spot and begin to bring the hair back.

It Makes Hair Grow.

MECHANICS PHALANX.

Major Taylor of Wakefield presided at the meeting of the Mechanic Phalanx Wednesday night. Thomas Livingstone was elected second lieutenant to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Arthur D. Colby. Thomas Kittredge was a contestant for the position, receiving 19 votes to 26 for his opponent. A camp fire was enjoyed after the business meeting, refreshments, smoking and speeches serving to pass the time very pleasantly. The refreshments were "set up" by Capt. Greig as the result of a bet as to his shooting ability.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Some People We Know, and We Will Profit by Hearing About Them.

This is a purely local event.
It took place in Lowell, Mass.
Not in Buffalo or New York,
You are asked to investigate it.
Asked to believe a citizen's word.
To confirm a citizen's statement.
Any article that is endorsed,
That obtains resident advocates,
Is more worthy of confidence
Than a far-off foreign article,
Testified to by foreign people.

Mr. H. Doyle, moterman, residing at 1415 Middlesex street, says: "I suffered a great deal with my back and kidneys. When cold weather came, backache came and dizziness and headaches with it. I wore flannel bandages and tried the ordinary household remedies, but I grew no better and urinary trouble set in. I read what Doan's Kidney Pills were doing here in Lowell and I made up my mind I would try them. I got a box at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and I give them the credit of my cure. I have not a sign of my old trouble and don't have any use for the flannel bandage. I have just got some for my wife, as I believe she needs them, and they are just the thing. Use my name if you wish. I am quite willing you should tell what they have done for me."

For sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

FAIRY SOAP
PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.
The Soap of the Century
Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

WE HAVE THEM
Stylish Suits and Overcoats for the Men and Boys. Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Skirts for the Ladies' and Girls.
SOLD ON CREDIT.
Men's Nobby Suits $5 up.
Men's Nobby Overcoats $6 up.
Custom Made Suits $15 up.
Ladies' Jackets $5 up.
No need for anyone to freeze trying to save enough to buy your winter outfit, as our terms will enable you to buy now and pay for goods while wearing them.
EMPIRE CREDIT CLOTHING CO., Over 97 Central St. Open Evenings.

Great Reduction Sale
FOR TODAY ONLY!

LINEN DEPT.

Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Tray Cloths, Table Tops, Table Sets, Doylies, Table Damask, etc., to decorate your home table. Nothing prettier than nice linens. The victuals taste much better when partaken of from a snowy white table cloth.

They were never so cheap in price and never so good in quality.

NAPKINS.

Union Napkins, 5-8 size, 59c a dozen, were 79c.

Union Napkins, 3-4 size, 79c a dozen, were 98c.

Silver Bleach Table Napkins, all pure linen, 98c a doz.

Bleached Damask Table Napkins, 3-4 sizes, all linen, $1.39 a dozen.

Bleached Satin Damask Table Napkins, 3-4 sizes, all linen, $1.79 a dozen.

Bleached Satin Damask Table Napkins, 3-4 sizes, all linen, $1.98 a dozen.

TABLE CLOTHS.

8-4 line n table cloths, red and blue borders, 69c each, worth 89c.

8-10 linen table cloths red, and blue borders, $1.29 each, worth $1.49 to $1.75.

10-4 silver bleach table cloths (all white), 98c each, worth $1.39.

TABLE CLOTHS.

8-4 No. 98a, German linen table cloth (all white), full bleach, 98c, worth $1.25.

8-10 No. 98a, German linen table cloth (all white), full bleach, $1.49, a bargain.

10-4 colored border table sets (12 napkins, 1 table cloth), all linen, $1.69 a set.

1 lot about 12 table sets, very fine, to be sold at extra low prices to clean up. All color borders.

8-4 Hemstitch all white table sets (12 napkins, 1 table cloth), $4.98 a set.

10-4 Hemstitch all white table sets (12 napkins, 1 table cloth), $5.98 a set.

Doylies and tray cloths.

Linen doylies, fringed, 46c a dozen.

Linen doylies damask, 5c each.

Silk and linen doylies, 9c each, worth 15c.

Linen tray cloths, damask, 19c each.

Linen tray cloths, satin damask, $2.87½ a dozen.

Linen tray cloths, hemstitch damask, 29c each.

TABLE DAMASK.

1 piece left (or part piece), half bleached table damask, for 15c a yard.

Half bleached table damask, 29c, all linen.

Full bleached Scotch damask, 39c.

Silver bleached German damask (partially bleached in Sun only), will wash white in 3 washes; the best wearing damask made today, and only 50c a yard.

TABLE DAMASK.

A wider one in heavier weight, for 69c a yard.

Satin Damask, fine E & B Scotch goods, 98c.

TOWELS.

Linen Towels, 5c each.

Linen Damask and Huck Towels, 9c each.

Linen Damask and Huck Towels, 2 for 25c.

Linen Huck Towels, Hemstitched, 19c each.

Linen Damask Towell (54 inch long), 25c (big thing).

Linen Double Damask Towels Hemstitched, 29c, worth 42c.

CRASH.

Linen Barnsley Crash, 5c a yard.

Linen Scotch Crash, 5 3-4c a yard.

Linen Russia Crash, the best made, for 12 1-2c a yard.

Great Sale Today and Tomorrow Forenoon of Comforters and Blankets. Blankets for 19c, and Comforters for 23c each. These are Specimen Bargains.

Cloak Bargains.

$1. A heavy boucle Jacket, lined with fine quality satin, in all colors desirable, $7.50 worth $12.50.

$2. An English Cheviot Jacket, fine quality, latest style, black taffeta silk lined, $7.50, worth $12.00.

$3. English Covert Jackets, velvet collar, half silk lined, $4.98, worth $7.50.

These Are Bargain Days With The Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.

OUR RIDDLE.—There was once a man, a little man, who blew is horn until he "bust up"

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.
CENTRAL STREET.

Here We Are Again
Once More it is
Ladies' Wrappers
Made From Flannelette

beautiful patterns, oil boiled, fast colors, which will wash and yet grow brighter each time, we do not intend to HUMBUG or DECEIVE you. This perfect fitting, handsome figured, stylish shape, fine Flannelette Wrapper is now and never was sold in this or any other city for less than ONE HUNDRED CENTS, we paid "spot cash" for nearly 50 dozen and to beat all previous records will sell you ONE or ONE DOZEN at only 74c. each for choice.

Sale to commence at 5 o'clock p. m. today to give those employed during the day an equal chance with all others.

This takes the bun, and young, middle-aged or elderly ladies can procure a FINE QUALITY GENUINE $1.00 or $1.25 FLANNELETTE WRAPPER for only 74c., 74c., 74c.

DESCRIPTION.

Yoke in back with watteau from same, yoke in back and front, ruffled, lined waist, finished with goods same as wrapper, forming a vest front which buttons, turn over collar, full skirt at hips and extra broad, 3 1-4 yards or more at the bottom of the skirt, with deep hem, skirts are cut long, sleeves are the latest and most fashionable, sizes 32 to 46 complete, so that small, medium and extra large women can be fitted at same cost. No Wrapper costing from $1.00 to $1.50 could be better in make and fit than this is; and in the lot are red grounds with figures and dots, navy blue with white dots, black with bright figures, black and white for mourning, grey mixtures for half mourning, subdued colors for bashful maidens, large, bright, gay figures and colors for "the girls."

During the more than one-third of a century in this one location without a "skip or a break," we are confident that we have never offered so great a real "red hot" bargain as this. Have we ever attempted to deceive you on these Special Wrapper Sales before? Come and see about this one. No trouble to show you whether you buy or not.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.
Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets

A $75,000 Stock
OF
Men's, Women's and Children's
WINTER
UNDERWEAR

Friday and Saturday will be the people's days at the People's Store. Incomparable bargains that will clear the stock, do it well and in short order. The opportunity is unprecedented.

Women's and Children's Dept.

5 cases of Infant's Fleeced Jersey Vests, sizes 1 to 6, at 12 1-2c. Each.

3 cases of Boys' Random Shirts and Drawers, an exceptional value at 25c. Each.

2 cases of Boys' Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, the greatest value ever offered, at 49c. Each.

2 cases of Misses' Harvard Jersey Vests and Pants and 3 cases of Ladies' Richelieu ribbed, heavy fleeced Vests and Pants, white or Egyptian, an extraordinary value, 25c. Each.

60 dozen Jersey Wool Pants, in medium sizes, regular $1 grade, at 50c. Each.

$40 dozen Harvard Jersey Fleeced Combination Suits, white or Egyptian, at 87c. Each.

20 dozen Ladies' Black Tights at the extraordinary low price of 49c. Each.

Men' Underwear.

65 dozen Men's Scotch Mixed Shirts, large sizes only, a 50c. Shirt, at 25c. Each.

45 dozen Men's White Cotton and Wool Shirts and Drawers, odd sizes, a 50c. article, at 39c. Each.

50 dozen Men's Extra Heavy Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, a regular $1.00 quality, at 62c. Each.

2 cases of Men's Extra Heavy Quality Camels Hair Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, $1.50 quality, at 98c. Each.

60 dozen Men's Flannelette Shirts, a 37 1-2c. quality, at 19c. Each.

Sweaters and Cardigan Jackets

Boys' Wool Sweaters, in crimson and dark blue, only 75c. Each.

Men's Heavy Wool Sweaters, in crimson and black, $1.50 quality. 98c. Each.

Men's Cardigan Jackets, in crimson navy blue, tan and dark brown, only $1.00 Each.

Men's Night Shirts.

One lot of Men's Flannelette Night Shirts, all sizes, made to sell at $1.00 and $1.25. Price for two days, 75c. Each.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

THE CARDINALS
JEALOUS AS TO WHICH WILL SUCCEED LEO. NINE LEADING RIVALS. THE WORLD OF SPORT ILLUSTRATED IN TOMORROW'S 12-PAGE SUN.

THE LOWELL SUN

FEATURES UNIQUE.
IN TOMORROW'S SUN. IN THE WOMAN'S PAGE BAB TELLS HOW ALL MAY BE BEAUTIFUL. A WHOLE PAGE OF CONVULSING COMICALITIES.

21ST YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1897. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SECOND EDITION

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The weather indications for the ensuing twenty-four hours are as follows: Rain tonight, probably changing to snow Saturday morning; followed by clearing, colder. Brisk to high southwest winds.

Almanac, Saturday, Nov. 27.
Sun rises—6:50; sets, 4:14.
Moon sets—7:50 p. m.
Tide—1 a. m.; 1:15 p. m.

A BIG BURGLARY

Thieves Enter a House on Phillips Street.

TWO POLISH BROTHERS USE THE KNIFE.

Holiday Happenings With the Police.

A very successful break was made at the home of Mrs. Mason at 34 Phillips street between 7.40 and 10.15 o'clock, last night, the burglars getting away with the following articles: Lady's gold watch with monogram, "C.M." one pair of gold plated cuff buttons with brilliants; a light colored suit of clothes; a banjorine with leather case; two dollars in money; a solid gold wedding ring and a white silk muffler.

It is thought that the burglars obtained entrance by means of a skeleton key.

STOLE A COAT.

Some one who wasn't appreciative stole an overcoat from the Y.M.C.A. last night. If he will return it to the association it will gratefully show him the right way to reform.

It was discovered later that a long gold neck chain had been stolen. The works of the watch were numbered 3,102,830 and the case 27,559.

A CUTTING AFFRAY.

Two Poles and brothers, Joseph and William Rouski, had a very savage scuffle at their abiding place in Davidson street yesterday, in which Joseph was quite badly cut about the wrist and hand, and the room in which they fought was red with his blood. William did the cutting and Officer Dan Lane went in to arrest the pair. He got the injured man down and Officer Henry Farrington, who was on the wagon attempted to arrest William, whereupon there was a fight in which Henry was somewhat bruised though he came out ahead. Dr. Smith attended the injured man.

The police arrested for drunkenness last night John Rogers of Webster street and Lawrence Holton of Middlesex street. A complaint was received that men answering their description held up a man in the Jackson street alley early in the evening and the police are looking up the evidence which will connect the men with the crime.

POLICE COURT—HADLEY, J.

At the Thanksgiving session, there were 11 drunks.

Rosalie Roussel, Zoe Nadeau, and Louis Roussel were charged with larceny and they were continued until today. They induced O. M. Pollard to stop over night in their house and they took his money, it is alleged, while he slept. Several other cases were continued until today.

Today's session consisted of three drunks and the cases continued from yesterday's session.

The two Poles who were carving each other were fined $5 each for drunkenness, neither caring to charge the other with assault.

Lawrence Hatton, for drunkenness and assault and battery, got 45 days in jail.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Beware of Substitutes
Because of their incomparable curative powers and their great celebrity, there are sold under cover of the high reputation
Of BENSON'S Porous Plaster,
plasters which some unscrupulous druggists offer as being "the same" or "just as good as" the genuine. Do not be deceived. These worthless substitutes are totally unlike the genuine and will disappoint all who are betrayed into buying and using them. BENSON'S is the only strictly medicinal article and never fails to relieve Muscular, Neuralgic, Lung and Chest Pains and Aches, Sprains, Joint and Kidney Affections, etc.
Look for the Three Seals Trademark across face-cloth of the genuine Benson. Price 25 cts.

Christmas Drafts
On Ireland, England and Scotland. Payable in every town free of discount. Money order agency. Cor. Market and Worthen Sts.
J. F. O'Donnell, Agt.

$7 TO $15
GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.
GEORGE A. GARDNER,
20 Prescott Street.

TURKEY ROASTERS, Just what you want for your Thanksgiving turkey; with one pound of 60 cent Tea at O'Brien Bros.' Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street, Telephone 69-3. Free delivery.

CONGRESSMAN WILLIAM S. KNOX.

HON. W. S. KNOX

Addressed the Evening High School.

ON CERTAIN PHASES OF CONGRESSIONAL WORK.

Alluding to Speaker Reed's Quorum Counting.

Congressman Knox addressed the pupils of the Evening High school on Wednesday evening on "The Work of Congress and the Duty of a Congressman."

The speaker told of what the Senate and House of Representatives consists, its functions and rules and the qualifications of members. He said: "Of course in such a body, there are many notables and historic characters. One of the most interesting to me is Hon. Galusha A. Grow of Pennsylvania. He was speaker in the House of Representatives during the war and there are men in Congress who were born since he was the speaker, but he stands as straight and strong as in those stirring days and his eye is as keen and as bright as ever. Near him is another strong figure, Gen. James A. Walker of Virginia, who commanded the Stonewall bridge under Stonewall Jackson. Near him and showing a contrast, sits George B. McClellan, the son of General McClellan.

"It is often said that the members of the House are too many for rapid and efficient transaction of business, but we compare favorably with other nations. The number of the House of Commons is 607, the lower German House has 397 members, and Italy, with a population less than half of ours, has 508 deputies in all. But if the number is not too large, it is conceded that the hall in which they meet is. It is impossible to hear connectly what is said."

He referred to Speaker Reed's method of counting a quorum and said it is alleged that he counts the pictures on the walls while counting a quorum.

BOWLING NEWS.

Teams Four and Three played off the tie in the Vesper tournament last night and the former won. Only two men reached the five hundred mark and they were Andrew Swapp of Team Four and Cecil Adams of Team Three. The score:

TEAM FOUR.

Swapp	529
Rand	434
Spaulding	410
Chandler	469
Knapp	390
Totals	2232

TEAM THREE.

Adams	504
Howard	470
French	486
Rogers	448
Banks	330
Totals	2234

PERSONAL.

Miss May Teague of Fitchburg is the guest of Mrs. Maguire of Varney street.

NOW, THERE'S MISS PEARSON.

Hon. Fisher H. Pearson, democratic candidate for Mayor is smiling all over and why not? Coming events always did cast their shadows before. It's a girl, plump and healthy, and she's a forerunner of the political happiness to follow.

BOOKED FOR EUROPE.

The following Lowell people are booked through Murphy's agency to sail for Ireland tomorrow on the Cunard line steamer Catalonia: Miss Ellen Mulligan, Miss Bridget Fitzpatrick, Mr. Michael Fitzpatrick, and Mr. Thomas Dunn.

ROBBED!
You certainly are if induced to buy one of those worthless so-called Watches advertised by unprincipled parties.
The J. D. Grant full jewelled nickle Watch has a reputation unequalled. Hundreds of them in use right in the city. The price is low.
J. D. Grant
Practical Watchmaker,
64 Merrimack St.

LATEST

RIOT AND TUMULT

Reign in the Austrian Parliament.

THE SCENES THIS MORNING BEGGAR DESCRIPTION.

Hand to Hand Fights in All Directions.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Vienna, Nov. 26.—The disorder in the lower house of the Reichstach was so accepuated today that a strong detachment of police had to be called in to preserve order. When the president entered he was greeted with vociferous cries of "Get out." The Leftists rose to their feet in a body and an indescribable tumult followed. A social democrat, Herr Berner, made a rush for the president, and a lively fist fight ensued between him and the attendants. In the meantime, another social democrat, Herr Resel, jumped upon the ministerial bench and seized the papers on the president's desk and tore them in pices. Subsequently the social democrats and other deputies indulged in a free fight. The social democrats resisted the attempts of police to eject them and were finally removed forcibly. The session of the house was suspended.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

An entertainment in observance of Thanksgiving was held at the Immaculate Conception school Wednesday afternoon. The program was as follows:

Grand march, Vera Gillam; "Jolly Thanksgiving," senior boys; "The Turkey's Fate," Theresa Sharkey; instrumental music, Carrie Downey; "The Surprise," Wm. O'Meara; piano solo, Nellie Clark; "November's Day," Susie Gallagher; song, "Those Evening Bells," senior boys and girls; parody, "Thanksgiving Turkey," Henry McDonald; "Brownies' Dance," Nellie Clark; dialogue, "The Pilgrim's Visit," Emma McOsker, Gertie Kelly, Nellie Clark, Henrietta Wyman, Mary Dalton Alice Knowles, Mary Queenan, Katie Walsh, Mary McGilly, Kitty McQuaid, Mary Buckley, Nellie Halloran, Lizzie Queenan, Gertie Carroll, Mary Downey Maggie Gookin; music, selected, S. Gillam; "Thanksgiving Philosophy," John Farrington; song, "We Boys," senior boys; "Our First Thanksgiving," Katie McGovern; "Our Nation's Song," senior boys and girls.

A FINE PRESENT.

Friends of Mrs. Wilfred Frechette of the Lawrence corporation held a dance in Runels' hall last night and previous to the dancing they presented Mrs Frechette an elegant parlor suite.

The officers of the dance were as follows: Wilfred Frechette general manager; Clifford Rebideau, assistant; aids, Theodore Marreau, Augusta Parray and Frank Tremblee.

PUTNAM GUARDS SHOOT.

The Putnam Guards held their annual shoot at the Dracut range yesterday. Private Baker won the gold medal and Private French the silver medal.

ALL UP FOR MARKHAM.

Editor of The Sun—Michael J. Markham of Ward Five is a candidate for the Common Council and has a strong claim upon the voters. He is a man who is reliable, honest and straightforward. He would make a good representative in the Common Council and it is hoped he will be nominated at tonight's caucuses.

—Voter.

OFFICER COGGER IMPROVING.

Police Officer Daniel Cogger who was cut with a razor two weeks ago, is growing stronger daily and will soon be able to appear against his assailant.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

A BLOODY BATTLE

Between the French and the British at Nikki.

CONFLICT HAS BEEN ANTICIPATED FOR SOME TIME.

Trouble is of 30 Years' Standing.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Berlin, Nov. 26.—A despatch to the Frankfort Zeitung from Rome reports that a sanguinary conflict has taken place between the French and British at Nikki in the Lagos Hinterland. Such a conflict has been anticipated for a long time. Both countries have been hurrying troops into the disputed territory. The trouble is of thirty years' standing, dating from 1868. It involves the rights regarding the exact line of the frontier of each country in West Africa.

THORN TRIAL

BARTENDER APPEARS AGAINST THORN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Nov. 26.—The first witness in the Thorn trial this morning was Edward Speck, a bartender, who said he saw Thorn in a saloon on Tuesday, June 29, showing a watch and money. He was saying, "This is what I got out of my carriage ride last Saturday."

HIGHBINDER SOCIETIES

WILL HAVE TO LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—The Chinese merchants have combined to suppress the murderous Highbinder societies and have signed a contract not to submit to further blackmail. Without their usual income, the highbinders will be forced to leave the city or go to work. Over twenty highbinder societies are affected by this action, with a membership of fifteen hundred.

FOUND GUILTY.

FINDING OF THE COURT MARTIAL IN CAPT. LOVERING'S CASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The Tribune says today that the finding in the court martial of Capt. Lovering, charged with brutal treatment of Private Hammond, is that the accused is guilty and that he shall be reprimanded by the reviewing authorities. The court is thus lenient in view of the good character of the accused.

ONE OF THE BOODLERS

IN THE HAVERHILL CASE HELD IN $10,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salem, Mass, Nov. 26.—Frederick M. Smith, a wholesale liquor dealer of Boston, the last of the men indicted in connection with the Haverhill boodle cases in 1894, voluntarily came into court today. He was held in $10,000 for the January term. He has been in Europe for three years. The others finplicated were sentenced to fifteen months.

Fashion Corner
Drivers, Marketmen, Butchers, Attention
We are figuring to make you happy.
Butchers' Frocks and Ulsters.
of the very best blue Frocking made—cut large and long. $5 for frocks, $6.50 for Ulsters.
Sheepskin Lined Canvas Coats.
Sleeves wool lined, backed with rubber cloth. Sizes up to 48. Either skunkskin or corduroy collar.
Cyclone and Russian Vests
Made of Dickey Cloths and Frieses, double breasted, button close up to the neck, interlined with Chamois. Impervious to wind or weather, specially adapted to bicyclists, $1 to $3.
Reversible Leather Coats $4.50
Canvas Coats, (Rubberized) $2.50
Opp. City Hall.
Merrimack Clothing Company.

TOWN DESTROYED

Chesterfield Wiped Out by a Big Explosion.

THE TOWN IS IN A MASS OF RUINS.

Many People Were Badly Injured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 26.—Chesterfield was almost wiped off the map at an early hour this morning by an explosion of eighty quarts of nitro glycerine in an open field half a mile from the town. The town is a mass of ruins. Every building was moved from the foundations. A three-ton engine was torn to fragments. Many were badly injured, but no one was killed.

KILLED BY FALL.

DAVID PRIESTING DROPPED FROM THE SEVENTH STORY.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Boston, Nov. 26.—David Priesting, an employe at the State house restaurant, was killed this morning by falling to the ground from the seventh story. He was washing windows at the time.

PRAIRIE FIRE

IS RAGING THROUGH NEW MEXICO—SHEEP THREATENED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Clayton, N. M., Nov. 26.—A prairie fire is weeping over the country south of here. The grass is very high and there has been no rain for weeks. The course of the fire is through a great cattle range, with no barrier for two hundred miles. The wind is very high. Thousands of sheep are in danger

PLEADS NOT GUILTY

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Nov. 26.—Francis McLaughlin, charged with the murder of his wife Margaret, pleaded not guilty in court this morning. An inquest will be held soon to determine positively whether she could have shot herself as he claims, or whether someone also shot her.

TWO STEAMERS COLLIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Nov. 26.—The British steamer Baron Ardrossan from Bombay collided with the Austrian steamer Jokai at midnight last night off Dungeness. The Jokai was badly damaged and sank. Four of her crew were drowned.

TRUANT OFFICERS

IN SESSION AT CITY HALL THIS MORNING.

The anual convention of the state association of truant commissioners is being held at City Hall today. President Lynch of Holyoke is in the chair. The morning session was devoted to reading reports.

WARD FOUR CAUCUS.

The candidates for Common Council, etc., in Ward Four met yesterday and agreed upon the following caucus officers: Chairman, Joseph Gormley; secretary, James Gorman; ballot distributor, Simon Lynch; checkers, Patrick Nestor, Michael Cullinane, Joseph E. Egan, Charles Tumelty, Joseph Farley, Thomas Shehan; instructors, Joseph Maloney and Patrick Ryan.

TO GO TO KLONDIKE
Requires nerve and lots of it. People with weak nerves should take Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, the great vegetable remedy for Nervous Exhaustion, Nervous Prostration, Indigestion and Constipation. It cleanses the blood imperceptibly but effectually of all impurities, banishing pimples, eruptions, itch, boils, carbuncles, and sallow skin. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

The alarm from box 25 shortly after nine o'clock this morning was occasioned by a fire in the house at the corner of Merimack street and Malden Lane, owned by Mrs. Doyle. The fire started in a closet in the tenement of Mrs. Ferron caused by children playing with matches while the mother was away. The blaze burned out the closet and spread up to the top floor. The chemical engine quickly stopped it and the damage will not be great.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel A. Abbott observed the 50th anniversary of their marriage at their home yesterday.

CAMP FARRAGUT

Representative-elect Henry J. Draper presided at the entertainment given by Camp Farragut Wednesday evening. The program included an overture by the orchestra of Camp Farragut, L. H. Anderson, leader; reading, Bernice Hovey; piano solo, Arthur Moore; reading, Ethel Morey; cornet duet, Baxter and Harriman.

Coal that will burn! You want some? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, sells it.

A NARROW ESCAPE

Burns Family Nearly Suffocated.

BY INHALATION OF DEADLY COAL GAS.

Three Children Found Unconscious This Morning.

The family of Mr. Burns of 8 Floyd street had a very narrow escape from suffocation by coal gas this morning. The family consists of the father, two boys and a girl, the children being aged 19, 10 and 14 years.

The father woke up early this morning and found the house full of coal gas coming from a kitchen stove that had been left with a good fire going when the family retired.

Fearing that it had affected the children, he went to their rooms immediately and was unable to rouse them the three being unconscious. A physician was called and neighbors came to Mr. Burns' assistance. After much hard work all three were resuscitated but all became unconscious again, the oldest boy being in a particularly bad condition. They soon recovered with the exception of the oldest, who is confined to his bed today as a result of the occurrence.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Mr. Editor—I notice that some of Dr. Kelley's opponents raise objections to the fact that he is residing for the present with his parents outside the ward. As the doctor is a voter in the ward, there is no room whatever for any reasonable objection. On the other hand, it is reported that Mr. Donnelly is about to move out of the ward, but as both are voters in the ward, this matter of residence has no bearing on the case.

It should be remembered by the voters that it has been the custom in Ward Four, as in old Ward Three to give a member at least two full terms in the school board and if they give a member more than this, so much the better for themselves, because the longer a member is in the school board the greater is his influence. A new member has to begin at the bottom of the ladder on the most worthless committees where he has no opportunity to aid his constituents on the more important matters such as in the High school, the Training school, or the committee on teachers. Dr. Kelley is now a member of the most important standing committees of the school board, and if returned next year his influence will be even greater; but if the voters send a new member to represent them it will be three years at least before he will be as useful as the doctor now is, assuming his qualifications to be the same. During the coming year, several very important matters will come up for decision. One will be that of deciding between the Training school and the Normal school. There is at present a number of teachers whose retention is involved in the outcome of this settlement. Is it not advisable to send an experienced member to represent you in the settlement of this matter rather than a new and inexperienced member. Without reflecting in the least upon Mr. Donnelly, who is a nice young gentleman, in the interests of teachers, pupils and people of this ward, I would advise you, in all fairness to support Dr. Kelley at the caucus and the polls.

—Old Resident.

Ex-Councilman John D. Sullivan is prominently mentioned as the democratic candidate for alderman in Ward Nine. Mr. Sullivan is a democrat with a clean record, having acquitted himself most creditably during the famous deadlock. He has friends all over the city and would make a strong candidate.

REGISTRATION ENDED.

Registration for the city election closed at 10 o'clock, Wednesday night and 1092 names were added to the list during the seven days' session of the registrars.

The registration is heavily democratic. Wednesday night a corp of workers directed by J. J. O'Connor, Esq., hustled around after voters. Chairman Poore directed the work on the republican side.

Police Officer Thomas Whittaker, who has been quite sick for several weeks, is now threatened with pneumonia.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

Hood's Pills
Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travellers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN
This old hostelry has been refitted and furnished and is up-to date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course Dinner a specialty.
Washington Tavern
Cor. Central and Church St.
F. H. HARRIS, Prop. J. J. SULLIVAN, Mgr.

A MAN IN PAJAMAHS
isn't in such a fix as this, well clothed no matter what happens, they're comfortable to sleep in and "great" if you shave before dressing in the morning.
Our pajamahs are cut full sizes and fit properly: Scotch Cheviots, Domet Flannel and Madras Cloth, from 98 cents a set to $2.00.
Domet Flannel Night Shirts, 55 inches long, 50c. to $1.00. Fancy trimmed cotton night shirts, 39c. to $1.00.
PUTNAM & SON,
No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

CHICAGO'S TUNNELITIS.

Might Fitly Be Called Tunnel Sickness and Resembles Seasickness.

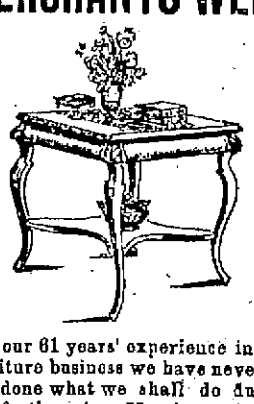
Many people in Chicago are afflicted with what might fitly be called tunnel sickness. Those subject to it say if they went through the tunnels 20 times a day each time would bring a recurrence of the feeling of nausea. The sickness is said in many ways to be similar to that induced by the sea. A man who regards himself as one of the victims of the subways gives as explanation the air of the tunnels.

"I can account for the nausea in no other way," he said. "Every time the car passes into the tunnel I feel a tingling of the nostrils. I seem to smell an odor of death—that at least is my notion of it—and before the lowest point of the tunnel is reached my head is swimming and I am nauseated. As soon as I am outside the tunnel I am all right again. I have met several people who had suffered the same way, and they unite in saying they were unable to become accustomed to underground transit. Naturally I never pass through a tunnel if I can avoid it."—Chicago Chronicle.

Money Deposited
On or before Friday December 3rd in the Savings Department of the
Traders' National Bank
Will draw interest from December 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compound semi-annually.
HOURS { Daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1. p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.
30 Middlesex street, 31 Post Office Avenue.
Chas. J. Glidden, President.
William F. Hills, Cashier.

LOST—A MONOGRAM FAN AT ASSOCIATE hall Wednesday evening. Reward at 89 Walker street.

MERCHANTS WEEK



In our 61 years' experience in the furniture business we have never before done what we shall do during the forthcoming Merchants Week. We shall reduce the price of every piece of furniture in our immense stock.
This would mean very little for an ordinary furniture store, but with us it means selling goods for six days at about the actual cost to manufacture.
Our present prices are based on the low rents of the wholesale district, and are at least 10 per cent. under all other stores. Deduct the Merchants Week discount and it is almost less than the goods cost us.
This Parlor Centre Table is a fair sample of over 3000 other cases. It is solid oak, in rich quartered grain, with full grained box framing, carved corners and high polish finish. The lower shelf is very spacious, measuring 16 inches in diameter at its narrowest point.
Just for a test, try to buy this table under $15 in any store in this country. Our price for Merchants Week will be
$7.
We deliver goods into the houses of our Lowell customers absolutely free of all expense as to freight or cartage.
Paine Furniture Co.,
48 Canal St., Boston.

REMINISCENT OF THANKSGIVING

THE LEGISLATIVE ROWDIES

Made Another Scene in Austrian Parliament Yesterday.

Plan to Balk the Disturbers Declared in Effect But it Has Not Stopped the Trouble.

Vienna, Nov. 26.—When the lower house of the reischrath reassembled Thursday after adjourning from the scene of unprecedented disorder, all the ministers were present, and the approaches to the presidential tribune were blocked, doors having been erected since the disgraceful fight of Wednesday in and about the tribune and throughout the house.

The entrance of the president of the chamber, Dr. Abrahamovics, was the signal for loud and ironical salutations, which were followed by vehement leftist shouts of "Shame." Dr. Ambrahamovics made an attempt to speak, but Dr. Wolff, the German nationalist leader, interrupted him by shouting: "Some one else must take the chair, not this swindler."

Mr. Schoenerer, the leader of a section of the German opposition, then yelled at the top of his voice: "I demand the right to speak, which I am entitled to."

Thereupon Dr. Wolff retorted: "There is no such thing as right in this house. It is trodden under foot by this mameluke."

As the uproar which followed showed every sign of increasing, Dr. Abrahamovics adjourned the house until the afternoon amidst a storm of "Hurrahs" and "Bravos."

When the sitting was resumed the leftists commenced a tremendous din, in the middle of which the German centrist, Mr. Falkenhyn, conceived as a happy idea a proposal to cow obstructionists by threatening their pockets. He moved that for the future disorderly members might be suspended for three days by the president, or for 30 days by the house, during which time their allowance should be stopped; while members refusing to leave the chamber when requested might be forcibly expelled.

The speech was interupted by a continuous uproar, Mr. Wolff shouting: Let's pitch the blackguards out." The president vainly called for order." Finally Wolff stationed himself directly in front of the presidential tribune and began a shrill whistle. A number of deputies tried to force open the doors at the front of the platform, while a party of Czechs endeavored to prevent them.

When the tumult was at its height Mr. Abrahamovics declared that he regarded the motion of Mr. Falkenhyn as a necessary measure of self-defence and called for the voting. The whole right at once arose and the president declared the motion carried. A number of deputies then began clambering upon the president's platform, whereupon he seized his bell and left the house. After a shore interval he returned and began to address the chamber, but his voice was drowned in a torrent of leftist yells and shouts of "Get out," "Shame." Finally the sitting was suspended for an hour, at the close of which the president returned and announced that in accordance with wishes expressed in many quarters he had decided to close the sitting.

These scenes, which are regarded as a parliamentary coup d'etat, were witnessed by the British ambassador, Sir Horace Rumbold, and by Samuel L. Clemenly (Mark Twain), with other noted foreigners.

The motion of Count Falkehayn (Mr. Falkenhyn as previously sent out), former minister of agriculture, was carried by means of an evidently preconcerted signal between the president and the rightists, for no word of the president's speech was audible. This novel proceeding was greeted with howls and jeers by the obstructionists. For a long time Count Badeni, the premier, stood calm and unmoved, but when the disorders reached a climax both he and the president sought freedom from personal violence in flight.

Five Vienna newspapers, including The Free Press and the Socialist organ, Zeitung, in addition to several provincial journals, have been confiscated for articles on Wednesday's proceedings.

HYPNOTIZED BY GYPSY.

New York, Nov. 26.—The police of East Orange, N. J., are looking for a woman who dresses in garments of red and yellow, presumably a gypsy, and who, with an "evil, glittering eye," so influences servant girls that in a sort of hypnotic trance they give their money to her.

The latest case was that reported by O. E. Condit of O. E. & W. Condit, wholesale beef dealers in East Orange. He said that Lena Brown, a colored servant employed at his residence, 36 South Clinton street, had been hypnotized by a fortune teller, and had been compelled to give all her money to the woman.

SMOTHERED IN A BARN.

Bennington, Vt., Nov. 26.—Henry Maloney, 33 years old, was smothered in a barn by a 700-pound door falling on him. He was partly intoxicated, and when the door fell over on him, pinning him to the floor and breaking his shoulder, he was unable to extricate himself and slowly perished. When the door was removed from the body it was found that Maloney, in his frantic efforts to free himself, had torn his clothes to threads.

First class printing done at this office.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

E. R. Ide, 78 years old, a leading merchant of Salem, Mass., is dead.

The Roman Catholic church of St. John the Evangelist at Penacook, N. H., was dedicated Thursday.

Spanish imports into Cuba are to have preferential rights varying from 20 to 35 per cent over those of other countries.

John McCarthy, aged 54, a New Haven teamster, was choked to death yesterday by a piece of beefstonk lodging in his throat when he was eating breakfast.

The large barns on the farm of Sanford & Rudd at Hoosick, Vt., were totally destroyed by fire, with a loss of $4000. Seventy-five tons of hay were also consumed.

In consequence of the revolt of the Albanians of the districts of Diakova and Ipek, northeast of Cutari, large bodies of Bulgarian and Servian troops have been ordered to proceed to the disaffected district.

One hundred thousand dollars worth of property was burned at Pensacola, Fla., yesterday by an incendiary fire which started in a building used as a warehouse. The fire spread from this building to Clubb's lumber yard, an old freight house of the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the company's new freight house. The contents of both was destroyed.

NINTH ANNUAL BALL

OF THE ST. JOHN'S T. A. SOCIETY OF NORTH CHELMSFORD.

The ninth annual concert and ball of the St. John's T. A. society of North Chelmsford was held in the town hall Wednesday evening. A concert of choice selections entertained the guests early in the evening. The grand march was led by Mr. John McTague and Miss Lizzie McTague. The order contained 21 numbers and every dance was thoroughly enjoyed. Hibbard's orchestra furnished music. The officers: General manager, Jas. J. O'Connell; assistant, James J. Berrett; floor director, John McTague; assistant, John J. O'Connell; aids, George Foren, Michael Connelly, William E. O'Neil, John J. Brennan, John Larkin, James T. Leahey, Edward Dunn, John Flaherty; reception committee, John E. Hogan, John F. McManimin, Frank W. Hogan, Patrick McEnaney, Patrick T. McMahon, Patrick Dunnigan.

A STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT.

In another part of this paper there appears a very remarkable announcement from the Paine Furniture company, 48 Canal street, Boston. They state that they shall reduce the price of every piece of furniture in their stock during Merchants' Week, which is from November 29 to December 4, inclusive. The mere fact of the reduction is, perhaps, not so significant as the extent of it. The $15 centre table, of which an engraving appears in this paper, is to be offered during Merchants' Week at $7. It is a chance for some one.

A changing of one of the boilers of the Tremont and Suffolk mills has caused a shut down of a portion of the works for a few days.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Nethersole

WRITES:

"AFTER being completely worn out from constant nervous strain, I was advised to use the GENUINE JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT. It has benefited me so wonderfully that I have become its strongest advocate."

Ask for the Genuine

Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

Avoid Substitutes

Lowell One Price Clothing Co.

Our goods and prices welcome the most critical inspection and comparison. Prices tell. Quality counts. Our best advertisements are the sterling values that we give.

OUR GREAT UNLOADING SALE CONTINUES

Since the inauguration of this unprecedented sale thousands of shrewd bargain seekers availed themselves of this chance of a lifetime to secure the greatest values ever offered in Men's, Boys' and Children's Fine, New, Stylish, Up-to-Date Clothing. After visiting all the bargain sales in the city, the economical buyers came invariably to ours, and they do not leave our place without purchasing, when they have seen our mammoth stock of well assorted goods and our exceptionally low prices.

Our lines of $7.50 and $8.00 Men's Overcoats, in fine Black Kerseys, are the greatest Overcoat bargains in Lowell. They are equal in every respect to the usual $12.00 and $14.00 garments. Our prices for this sale are

$7.50 and $8.00

HIGH CLASS OVERCOATS

Our assortment of High Grade Overcoats is absolutely without a peer. They reach the very top notch of styles and beauty. They have been selected with the greatest care for the best trade. Everything that is desirable—from $4 to $24—is here. Is it a Box Coat? We have it, just full enough to be good style and not bad taste. Is it a Top Coat? We have it, cut, made and trimmed as only the best tailored are. No matter what your Overcoat notion may be, be it tight or loose, long or short, smooth or rough, light or dark, high or low priced, we have it.

Several lots Men's and Young Men's raw edges, strap and lap seams brown and black Kersey Overcoats, regular $15 garment, at only

$10

75 extra fine black Kersey Men's Overcoats, heavy, light color, clay lining, with satin yoke and sleeve linings, made to sell at $18, our price is

$11.50

A large variety of styles of fine black, blue and brown Kersey Overcoats, with durable black clay worsted and fancy linings, wide satin yokes, usually sold at $16.50 to $18. They are all marked at the astonishing low price of

$12

150 Men's blue, black and brown triple mills finest Kersey Overcoats, in short, regular long and stout sizes, made with wide facings and heavy clay worsted linings, plain and raw edges, lap and strap seams, made by best journeymen tailors, well worth $20. They must all be sold at

$15

In the finer grade Overcoats we have an almost endless variety in light whipcord with fancy back, tan, snuff, brown, oxford, blue and black shades, every one elegantly tailored. No house in Lowell can show a larger and more artistic display. They are leaders, and all of them great values.

Furnishing Goods

To keep up the excitement we shall continue to offer bargains of even greater values than those that attracted such crowds in this department since the beginning of this record-breaking sale. Our assortment is enormous. Every style that should be in a first class stock is here. Our lines of Men's and Boys' Sweaters is the largest and most complete in the city; more than forty different kinds to select from. Prices ranging from

50c. to $3.50

They are all great values.

Gloves. Gloves.

Our assortment is simply incomparable. Every kind from the coarse working sorts to the fine dressy Gloves are here, and the prices for the same grade of goods cannot be equalled. Now is the time for bargain seekers who are looking for the greatest possible values for their money, to invest.

Lowell One Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED),
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels, and half-barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUOGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
F. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

Only Been Used But a Few Days

An Extra Fine Mahogany

UPRIGHT PIANO

That sells for $275 will be sold by

W. F. TRUMBELL

FOR **$185.00**

This is your chance. Bring any one you wish to inspect the instrument. 104 Westford street is still the place for all great bargains.

PIANOS.

The public are most cordially invited to call at our parlors and inspect the new pianos just received from our factory; and we shall make special inducements, so if you are thinking of purchasing a piano or organ call and get our prices and terms.

New upright piano, handsome case, including book, stool, scarf, and 12 lessons free for

$240.00

Cash or easy terms to suit. We have another bargain, and it is worth seeing, if you don't buy. Upright piano, with stool, scarf, book, and 12 lessons for only

$265.00.

Will let it go on easy installments. The pianos that were out on rent for three months while our building was being remodelled have come in and we shall sell them at a sacrifice to make room for goods now on the way from our factory. New and second-hand organs at all prices. Square pianos taken in trade; also orders left with us for tuning and repairing will receive our prompt attention, and our prices the lowest. The public will find our store open every evening, so whether you wish to buy or not, call and see us.

ESTEY

145 Merrimack Street.

A. H. ROGERS, Manager.

ANNUAL FESTIVAL

For the Benefit of the

Old Ladies' Home

Huntington Hall, Dec. 1,

POP CONCERT

MUSIC BY

Royal Hungarian Gypsy Band

Fancy Dancing by Miss Devoll.

Seats reserved at tables, at which light refreshments and temperance drinks will be served, 25 cents extra. On sale at C. W. Durant's, corner Central and Middle streets.

December 2

"Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works,"

Under the direction of Miss Mary Seldon McCabb. General Dancing. Music by American Orchestra.

Tickets, Either Evening, 50c.

CHILDREN 25 CENTS.

THE THANKSGIVING FEAST

Was Quietly Observed in Lowell and Vicinity.

Police Had Little to do—Even the Poor Enjoyed the Day and Had Plenty—The Festivities in Banquet Halls and Social Clubs.

Thanksgiving is over, and so far as can be judged it was well enjoyed, even by the poor. The day was quietly spent, and fortunately, there was no tragedy to mark its passing. There was some work for the police, but nothing very serious.

The inmates of the Lowell jail were treated to a turkey dinner and had a few hours' recreation after dinner.

At the City Farm, Col. Pindar and Mrs. Pindar looked after the inmates in their usual first clas style and treated them to a first class dinner, at which turkey was furnished in abundance.

At the Y.M.C.A. rooms, a party of 200 was provided with a good turkey dinner.

Both the Old Ladies' Home and the Ayer Home for Young Women and Children were generously remembered by outside friends and bountiful turkey dinners were served at both institutions. The children at the Ayer Home were allowed to romp and play to their heart's content and the day was without doubt a memorably happy one to them.

Y. M. C. I. PARTY.

The sociable of the Y.M.C.I. in Huntington hall last night was finely attended. Preceding the dance there was an entertainment program of the following numbers, including selections by the Columbia orchestra; violin and piano duets, Master Charles McGrail and Miss Annie McGrail; songs, Walter V. Hickey and Thomas McGinn; contortionist, John McNulty. Miss Frances Hickey, accompanist.

EMERALDS' SOCIAL.

The Emeralds' association held a most enjoyable assembly in Hibernian hall last night. Dancing was enjoyed by 125 couples, the Cadet orchestra furnishing music. The officers were: General manager, Patrick Fitzgerald; assistant general manager, John J. Fahey; floor director, Dennis O'Neil; aids, P. H. Cremmin, Michael Sullivan, John J. Powers, T. F. Spellman, Daniel Hannifin, Patrick Wrinn, Michael Leahey, Thomas Shea, M. A. Ryan, Frank W. McManamon, Patrick O'Keegan.

HURDY GURDY PARTY.

The second night of the hurdy-gurdy dance at the Reform club drew an attendance of about 50 couples. Everybody had a good time. The officials: General manager, George Farrow; floor director, James O'Laughlin; assistant, P. J. Ryan.

BURKES' SOCIAL.

The Burkes had a very pleasant party in their hall last night and about 50 couples enjoyed the dancing.

CLOVER CLUB.

The assembly of the Clover club in Associate hall last night was a big success. The 40-yards dash between Brady and Cunningham was won by the latter.

The Manhattan and Atwood's orchestra provided music for dancing. The ocials: General manager, D. F. O'Connor; assistant general manager, Wm. F. Sullivan; floor director, E. Saunders; assistant floor director, F. Kelley; aids, F. Roark, T. Grady, F. Carr, J. Day, J. Mulligan, A. Keefe, Wm. Moulton, G. O'Connor, J. McCluskey, J. J. Murphy.

COLORED PEOPLE DANCE.

Seventy-five couples took part in the dance of the Colored Associates in Highland hall last night. Concord, N. H., Boston, Haverhill, Andover, Methuen, and Worcester were represented and about all of the visitors remained over night.

The officials: Manager Lewis H. R. Anderson; floor director, Jewell C. Marsh; aids, John E. Jackson, Peter Flemings, Arthur Moore.

CATHOLIC CHURCH SERVICE.

In all the Catholic churches of the city yesterday, special service was held.

At the Immaculate Conception church high mass was celebrated for the benefactors of the church.

The mass at St. Michael's church was for the repose of the soul of the late Rev. William O'Brien of Winchester.

At St. Patrick's church, service was held for members of the Holy Name society.

JUSTICE FIELD, who resigns from Supreme bench.

U. S. ATTORNEY GENERAL McKENNA, who will succeed Justice Field.

EVE OF FESTIVAL

The Police Made a Raid on Gamblers.

ALL AGOG IN THE SOCIETY HALLS.

The Kirmess Very Successful at Associate.

Thanksgiving Eve in olden days was the eve for raffles the country over, fat turkeys being generally the prizes played for. Of late, however, the police have watched for raffles on this night and their watchfulness has had the effect of breaking up the custom.

On Wednesday night Inspector Donaldson and Lieutenant Kew were out looking for raffles and they succeeded in making a raid.

It was in the butcher shop in the Joshua Willis block on Moody street, near Race street, kept by Adolph LaMountain, where they were raffling at 10.30 Wednesday night and the inspectors seized a complete outfit, consisting of a kind of a roulette wheel, dice, etc. About 50 men were in the back room where the gaming was going on and the names of the principals were taken for future use, no arrests bing made at the time.

When they entered the back room of the store they found dice-shaking going on, for chickens while the wheel was played with tickets, 12 being sold at 10 cents each, the winner getting a chicken or a dollar.

Post 185, G.A.R., was inspected Wednesday by Commander Smiley of Post 120. Following the exercises there was a campfire at which Commander Hamblett presided and there were remarks by Comrades Fulton, Hon. Frederick Lawton, George W. Peore, Esq., and Hon. George H. Marston.

The proprietors of the Belvidere on Wednesday evening furnished a free table of turkey, mashed potatoes and other edibles which were thoroughly relished by a crowd of 200 visitors.

TRADES COUNCIL DANCE.

The Trades and Labor Council held a sociable in Spinner's hall Wednesday evening which was very largely attended.

The officers were Michael Duggan, general manager; James Carlston, assistant; Joseph Ashton, floor director; Thomas F. Delehanty, assistant; aids, Thomas O'Mally, James Collins, Patrick Kane, Lewis Saunders, Alex Ray, William McCarthy, Alex Peterson.

THE KIRMESS.

The Kirmess, a most attractive entertainment, was enjoyed by an audience that completely packed Associate hall Wednesday night. It was given by the ladies who will have charge of Fr. Leonard's table at the coming bazaar. The dances were of course the main feature. Those who took part were becomingly costumed and went through the various figures with a grace of movement that called forth loud applause. During the evening Col. J. W. Bennett visited the refreshment table and supplied a large group of children with candy, pop-corn, and dolls.

The Cadet orchestra furnished music and the tables were very beautifully decorated and presided over by an array of young ladies that made them still more attractive.

LAUREL ASSOCIATES.

The assembly of the Laurel Associates in Prescott hall Wednesday night was a delightful affair. Seventy-five dancing under the direction of these officers: Charles E. Clark, general manger; John F. McCarty, assistant; Michael F. Ford, floor director; Thomas A. Heath, asistant.

FRANKLIN CLUB.

The Franklin Social club held a dance in St. Joseph's hall last night. Elvin's orchestra furnished the music. The officers: General manager, William Archambeault; assistant, George Rencour; floor director, Albert Montmarquet; assistant flor director, Henry Desmarais; chief aid, Omer Lahare.

FUNERALS.

TIGHE—The remains of Matthew Tighe, formerly a police officer in Boston, arrived in this city from Boston yesterday afternoon and were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

KEEFE—On Wednesday, Undertaker O'Donnell forwarded to Pawtucket, R. I., the remains of William Keefe.

PAUL—The funeral of Mary A. Paul took place yesterday afternoon from her late home on Chapel street and was well attended. At St. Peter's church Rev. Fr. McManus conducted service. The bearers were John McGrade, Geo. McKenna, Thomas Hennessy, and John J. Keefe. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

WEBSTER—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah B. Webster took place Wednesday forenoon at 10.30 a. m., from the residence of her son-in-law, Major E. T. Rowell, Methuen street. Mr. John Sawyer had charge of the arrangements. Rev. Smith T. Ford was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were Hon. E. M. Tucke, H. W. Tinker, Robert L. Read, and Thomas Walsh. Interment was at the Lowell cemetery.

BROOKS—The funeral services of Mrs. Lydia B. Brooks, wife of James W. Brooks, were held at her late home, 44 West Fifth street at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Although the funeral was private, there was a very large attendance and the floral tributes were very numerous and beautiful, showing the high esteem for the deceased and the deep sympathy for Mr. Brooks.

VISITED CITY HALL.

Mayor Hardy of Beloit, Wis., was at City Hall Wednesday with S. N. Wood to whom he is related by marriage. They were shown about by Mayor Courtney. In the corridor Col. Bennett was encountered and he was introduced to Mayor Hardy as a man who was looking for trouble. "We democrats are trying to save him from it," said Mayor Courtney. A discussion followed between Candidate Bennett and Mayor Hardy. Col. Bennett while on a western trip once paid a short visit to Beloit.

FIREMEN'S BALL

Grand Affair Held Thanksgiving Eve.

A MERRY CROWD IN HUNTINGTON HALL!

Assist the Gallant Laddies at the Ball.

With no alarms to interrupt their pleasure the gallant firemen of the city enjoyed the dance on Thanksgiving Eve at their annual ball in Huntington. They were out in force with their wives and sweethearts, the men in the becoming blue and silver of the department and the ladies in pretty gowns and then flair was carried out most successfully.

The hall was tastefully decorated. Streamers of Nile green, pink and white radiated from the center chandelier to the sides of the hall, an artistic conception of an air castle in variegated lines depending from the center and resting gracefully above the heads of the merry dancers.

E. S. HOSMER, Chief.

The windows were all overhung with material of delicate hues and two immense panels in a striking harmony of colors graced the walls at either side of the stage. The front of the balcony was studded with stars and crescents in green and pink upon a background of white, while firemen's lanterns and trumpets were hung at intervals upon the front of the balcony.

The stage was a bower of beauty, being overhung with the prevailing colors. At the front of the stage was a series of green and pink sunbursts, which were overtopped by a mass of foliage. In the background was a large and realistic scene, representing a burning building.

About the stage were portraits of the board of engineers.

From 8 to 9 the American orchestra rendered one of its excellent concert programs.

At 9 o'clock the grand march was started with about 150 couples in line, while double that number watched the inspiring spectacle from the gallery or the floor, which had been roped off to prevent the spectators from crowding the dancers. The march was led by Chief E. S. Hosmer and his daughter, Miss Emma Hosmer; next came Hon. Charles D. Palmer and Mrs. Hosmer; J. F. Norton and Mrs. Norton; Captain Foley and Mrs. Foley. From this time until 2 o'clock the dancing was continuous, with an intermision of 45 minutes at midnight.

Among the invited guests present were Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Perkins of Lawrence, Messrs. McKay and Brackett of Methuen, Aldermen Eastman and Cosgrove, and several others.

The officers of the affair were as follows: General manager, President E. Hosmer; floor director, Treasurer J. F. Norton; aids, Capt. C. D. Foley, Henry Boynton, Lieut. O. A. Knapp, Lieut. W. A. Dolan, Lieut. J. A. Joyce, E. A. Walsh, Lieut. Charles Riley, G. A. Dickey, Lieut. W. H. Halstead, W. F. Tighe, G. H. Chapman, James McCafferty, Geo. Buck, John Donohue, H. A. Merrill, and E. Lepene.

The reception committee consisted of Mayor William F. Courtney, ex-Mayor Charles D. Palmer, Alderman L. A. Derby, Alderman C. H. Cosgrove, Councilman Stephen O'Hare, Engineer G. F. Salmon, Engineer Edward Meloy, and Engineer H. W. Burton. The committee on arrangements consisted of E. S. Hosmer, J. F. Norton, Charles Stackpole, W. A. Dolan, Joseph Baxter, and J. F. McKissock.

COOK REMEDY CO

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY.

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently

CURED IN 15 TO 35 DAYS.

You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE

taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary

BLOOD POISON

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.

We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians.

$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. 100 page book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 & 308 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

COOK REMEDY CO

MISS MAUD GONNE

To Get a Splendid Reception in Boston.

APPEAL SENT OUT TO PATRIOTIC IRISHMEN.

In Behalf of the Political Prisoners.

If present indications may be taken as a criterion, then it may be assumed that the reception to be tendered to Miss Maud Gonne on Sunday, Dec. 19, in Boston when she lectures at the Columbia theatre, will be a royal one. The committee of arrangements having the matter in charge, which is composed of over 300 delegates from the councils of the Irish National and kindred patriotic societies met last evening in the hall of the Irish-American club, Broadway, South Boston, and transacted a great deal of business.

It was decided to extend an invitation to Mr. John J. O'Connor, formerly of the Royal University of Ireland, to deliver an address of welcome to Miss Gonne on the night of the reception.

The following appeal to the Irish-Nationalists of Boston and vicinity has been issued:

Fellow Countrymen and Comrades:

There is no need to make known to you the name of Miss Maud Gonne, who will soon be in your midst on a mission of nationality, such as she has long since made her own. Wherever Irish-Nationalists are to be found the name of Miss Gonne is known as a foremost worker in the cause of amnesty and Ireland and her exertions are cherished with gratitude and pride by every patriotic Irishman.

Her mission to America today marks the crown of her efforts on behalf of her native land, just at the time at which she addresses the Irish millions of the New World, marks the culmination of the new struggle or Irish unity and the starting point of the new campaign of Irish freedom.

Generous Irishmen of Boston and neighborhood, true and unswerving soldiers of Ireland's nationhood, the eve of the centennial of '98 should find you and does find you we are convinced, engaged in the preparation of all your action and influence in the muster of your forces, in view of the great commemoration which will recall to our country's enemy, the eternal fidelity of the Irish race to the national independence of Ireland and to the memory of the heroes and martyrs of the national battles of 100 years ago. In the name of Wolfe Tone and Lord Edward Fitzgerald, of the men of Antrim, and the men of Oxford, of Ontarl Hill and Castlebar, you will meet beneath the allied banners of the Stars and Stripes and the Harp and Sunburst. You will meet at the Columbia theatre on Sunday evening, December 19, to renew the vow of nationality, to restore the broken unity of the Irish race, to suppress faction, to organize your strength and to aid your native land. To aid in that work, to appeal to your generous patriotism and to promote the mission of the past, Miss Gonne will appear upon the platform as the envoy and representative of Ireland.

We are confident you wil give to that chivalrous and devoted Irishwoman the welcome which is due to her and which will be worthy of you.

Signed in behalf of the committee:

—James Ryan, Chairman.
John Dolan, Vice-Chairman.
JOHN M. COTTER, Sec'ry.
MARTIN J. ROCHE, Treas.

A COURT MARTIAL

Col. Hunter Strongly Condemns Capt. Lovering.

FIRE ON A STEAMER IN BOSTON HARBOR.

Going to Klondike in Air Ships Next.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The verdict in the Lovering court-martial was agreed upon at a short session of the court Thursday. It is the general opinion that Captain Lovering will meet with nothing worse than a reprimand. The finding is always a secret one, being forwarded to the commanding officer of the department. From General Brooks it will be sent to Washington, where it is discretionary with the military authorities to give it out for publication.

In his argument the judge advocate said:

"The conjuncture does not appear to have been so extraordinary as to justify a military officer either making a mistake of judgment or losing his temper. The military law makes no allowance for the infirmities of human temper. It perceives that loss by soldiers of self-control is loss of power to command respect. No circumstances of irritation will justify a soldier in breaking from the established rules of discipline." In concluding, Colonel Hunter said:

"In this trial I think there is something more than a serious accusation involved. I think the reputation of army officers for good judgment, for command of self, for humanity and justification is all on trial here. This is a time of peril to our order and our tribunals. I think the things which the accused has done tyrannically ought to appear to you who have heard just as bitter and scandalous as they did to him who felt them. The finding delivered by this court will live long after taps have been sounded over the graves of the men who are here present.

FIRE ON A STEAMER.

Boston, Nov. 26.—The iron steamship Barrowmore of the Johnson line was partially burned at East Boston yesterday morning. From 3:56 o'clock until 8:20 the fireboat and fire department of East Boston fought the flames that were eating into the cargo in the forward part of the boat.

The Barrowmore is about 7000 tons burden, rigged with two masts, with a crew of 36 men, and laden with a miscellaneous cargo. She was advertised to leave for London, and her cargo was nearly all aboard when the flames were discovered. The fire at first was confined to a quantity of hay in bales that was being carried as fodder for the cattle that were to comprise a portion of the steamer's cargo. The hay burned stubbornly and with suffocating smoke, spreading into a mass of corn in bulky bags.

A second alarm called the entire fire force of East Boston to the scene. The fireboat was pouring 4000 gallons of water a minute into the steamer, and the outpour of the nine lines of hose caused the Barrowmore to sink until the keel touched bottom.

The towboat William Sprague pumped the steamer clear of her surplus water, which had sunken her to a depth of 28 feet. The water penetrated every part of the vessel forward. The estimate of the loss is set at about $5000 by fire and water. The firemen say that the fire was started by a torch, by the light of which the coal trimmers were working, being upset and falling through an open hatchway into the hay.

BY AIRSHIP TO KLONDIKE.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—Hiram S. Maxim, superintendent of construction of the Atlantic and Pacific Aerial Navigation company, announces that the company now has in course of construction an airship in which it is expected to make the trip to the Klondike. He said: "When everything necessary is on board the ship will weigh 5000 pounds, and we shall take on board about one ton weight of passengers and provisions. The space occupied will be 106,000 cubic feet. The propelling power will be a 16-horse power naphtha engine, which will be made of aluminum, as far as that metal can be used, and will weigh complete 200 pounds. The gasoline will be stored in tanks in the cases, which will contain sufficient quantity to drive the vessel around the earth without replenishing the tanks. The skin of the ship will be doubled and the intermediate space will be filled with hydrogen gas. This gas will be confined in separate compartments, and will be in the upper part of the cylinder and in the cones."

BIG GRAY ENAMELED WARE.

We have received a new lot of Tea and Coffee Pots and Preserving Kettles. One with a pound of 60c. Tea while they last. Dickson Bros Tea Store, 82 Merrimack street.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

THE KLONDIKE CAFE.

129 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00; Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket. 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 129 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

MATRIMONIAL.

At St. Peter's parochial residence Wednesday evening, Rev. Fr. McDonough united in marriage Mr. James H. Pinder and Miss Annie Crowley. Mr. Michael F. Cannon was best man and Miss Maggie Vaughan was bridesmaid. The bride was becomingly gowned in white mull trimmed with satin and pearls and carried bride's roses and the bridemaid was attired in white and carried chrysanthemums. A reception followed at the residence of the bridegroom's brother-in-law, Mr. Avery Marshall, 215 Parker street, for which the D. L. Page company catered.

Mr. Pinder is an employe of the printing department of the C. I. Hood company and many elegant wedding presents were received, including a handsome sideboard from the press room employes. Mr. and Mrs. Pinder left early in the evening for a short wedding trip. They will be at home to their friends after December 1, at 123 Railroad street.

PEARSON—STEVENS.

Mr. Frank S. Pearson and Miss Marcia S. Stevens were married Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. Obed S. Smith, by Rev. George Wright. Only the families of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony.

SMITH—WILMOT.

Mr. Harry N. Smith of Warren, N. H., and Miss Alice E. Wilmot were united in marriage Wednesday evening by Rev. Mr. Mathews at the home of the bride, 30 Chambers street. The bridesmaid was Miss Martha Ashworth and the best man was Mr. Joseph Wilmot. A reception followed the ceremony. After their honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmot will reside in Warren, N. H.

SHEA—ROBINSON.

Miss Mary E. Robinson, an estimable young lady of Nashua, and Mr. Edward E. Shea, a vocalist of considerable ability and a popular member of the Y.M.C.I., were quietly married at the parochial residence of the Immaculate Conception church, Wednesday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. William D. Joyce, O. M. I., Miss Kittie Whalen of this city acting as bridesmaid, while Mr. George F. Lynch of the Y.M.C.I. was groomsman.

Immediately after the nuptial ceremony, the happy couple left for the home of the bride, 123 Canal street in Nashua, where an informal reception was held. The D. L. Page company catered. They were made the recipients of many handsome presents, including a purse from the members of the Y.M.C.I.

Upon their return from their honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Shea will reside at their new home in the Oaklands, where they will be at home to friends after December 1.

RILEY-MACK.

At St. Patrick's parochial residence yesterday afternoon Rev. Fr. Burke united in marriage Mr. Michael Riley, a popular young resident of Ward Two and Miss Annie Mack. Mr. Thomas Riley, a brother of the groom, acted as best man and Miss Annie Mack, a cousin of the bride, was the bridesmaid.

After the nuptials had been celebrated a short reception followed at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. John Clancy. The bridal couple were the recipients of many gifts, some of which were of considerable value.

Mr. and Mrs. Riley will be at home to their friends after December 1, at their new home, 59 Worthen street.

DONOHUE-LYNCH.

Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Mr. James Donohue of this city and Miss Nellie Lynch were quietly married by Rev. Fr. O'Brien in St. Michael's church. After the marriage vows had been taken the newly married couple held a reception at 46 West Third street, which will be their future home. The D. L. Page company catered.

HEATH-MORSE.

At the residence of the bride's parents, 328 Fairmount street, last evening, Rev. C. W. Huntington united in marriage Mr. Arthur Heath and Miss Elizabeth J. Morse.

The best man was Mr. Fred Heath, brother of the groom, and the bridesmaids were Miss Margaret Morse, sister of the bride, and Miss Lulu Heath, sister of the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Walker of Salem and Mr. Dearborn were among the guests from out-of-town. A large number of Lowell friends were present. At the conclusion of the ceremony refreshments were served to the guests.

The happy couple left Lowell on a late train. On their return they will reside at 95 Pleasant street.

FLANAGAN-TARRANT.

Mr. James Flanagan and Miss Mary Tarrant were united in marriage Wednesday evening at St. Peter's parochial residence. he ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. Michael Ronan of St. Peter's parish. The bridesmaid was Miss Margaret Tarant, sister of the bride, and Mr. Patrick Flanagan brother of the groom, acted as best man. The bride was beautifully attired in a becoming dress of pink lansdowne, with trimmings of white pearl and ribbon. The bridesmaid was gowned in a dress of white cashmere with chiffon trimmings and carried tea roses. Immediately after the wedding an informal reception was given at the future home of Mr. and Mrs. Flanagan at 1201 Central street. The young couple left on the 8.30 train for a short wedding tour and will be at home to their friends on and after December 1, at their new home. The presents were numerous. Among the out-of-town guests present was Mrs. Harris of Boston.

BRITISH STAR NOW.

Tod Sloane and His Fine Apparel Are Now Admired In England.

When Tod Sloane first arrived in England and began to ride he was laughed at and his style ridiculed. It was declared "impossible."

Tod hadn't won a race then. He said nothing in reply to his critics, but chewed gum and wore his most fashionable clothes. Then he began to win races, at first on favorites and then on 10 to 1 shots. By and by his success with horses owned by Americans attracted so much attention that he was offered mounts on English horses. He continued his winning streak, and now even the most prejudiced of his critics have been compelled to acknowledge that the midget American jockey, with his fine clothes and eccentric riding, is a factor whenever he rides in a race.

Recently several papers that at first objected to the American rider complimented him. The Globe says:

"However ugly Sloane's style is it pays, and we must admit that he is a perfect artist in the saddle and that at his weight we have little stock in England to cope with him."

The Sun remarks: "Even those prejudiced are forced to admit he knows how to beat most of our men when his mount is good enough. There is something in his methods deserving of consideration."—New York World.

NEW CYCLING KING.

The Once Amateur Champion Must Lower His Colors to Earl Peabody.

A. A. Zimmerman's great record of 108 firsts in a season has been successfully broken by Earl W. Peabody, the Chicago amateur, who recently completed his quest by the addition of four firsts at the Macon meet. Not satisfied with the mere breaking of the great record of the grinder, Peabody will continue to the close of the season and add to that record as many wins as possible. With his 104 firsts at present he has also 20 seconds and 20 thirds.

Peabody is an amateur pure and simple.

He has enjoyed the greatest freedom all the season in his long hunt, having been supplied liberally by the L. A. W. racing board with traveling permits.

The father of Peabody has taken the liveliest interest in the racing career of his son, providing him liberally with funds for his great traveling. Peabody has not gained his record by what is termed "pot hunting." He has been at all the big meets of the season, including all those meets in the east at which national championships were run.

In the amateur national championships he gained more points than any of the other amateurs, although he won but one of the battles. Now that he has gained his object and landed the great record of Zimmerman, his father declares that Earl will retire from racing and take up business pursuits. Peabody learned to ride but last year, when he was a scholar at the Chicago university. He learned to ride that he might defeat a member of his class who was distasteful to him. He did defeat the man and so easily, although but a novice, that he decided to go to more racing. At the start of the present season he made the announcement that he would attempt to beat the record of Zimmerman, and that idea had been his all the season.

During his career this season he has won among other things:

Fifty-one diamonds, 9 medals, 9 watches, 4 silver tea sets, 1 silver water set, 2 suits of clothes, 1 overcoat, 8 umbrellas, 1 rocking chair, 8 pairs of shoes, 2 saddles, 4 pairs of tires, 4 stickpins, 1 shaving mug, 1 watch chain, 1 fountain pen, 1 cardcase, 2 boxes of cigars and 1 each, camera, wallet, target rifle, opal stud, garnet ring, fancy ring, carving set, silver vase and $400 in merchandise. Glory has been his prize in six races.—New York World.

BROKE HIS LEG.

Owen Smith, the well known slater residing on Common street, fell from a roof of one of the Tewksbury almshouse buildings Monday and broke his leg.

Bon Ami

THE NEW CLEANER

POLISHED A WINDOW A MINUTE.

All Grocers.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD Have it in the House

It will positively cure the many common ailments which will occur to the inmates of every family as long as life has woes. It soothes every ache, every lameness, every pain, every soreness everywhere. It prevents and cures asthma, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, diphtheria, gout, hacking, hoarseness, headache, whooping cough, influenza and neuralgia.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician.

For more than forty years I have used Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in my family. I regard it one of the best and safest family medicines; used internal and external in all cases. O. H. INGALLS, Dea. 2d Bapt. Ch., Bangor, Me.

CROUP. My children are subject to croup. All that is necessary is to give them a dose, bathe the chest and throat with your Liniment, tuck them in bed, and the croup disappears as if by magic. E. A. PERRENOT, Rockport, Tex.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases and Care of Sick Room," Mailed Free. Sold by all Druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

Storing Bicycles.

Do you want your Bicycle properly taken care of during the winter months, and when the spring comes have it ready to ride without waiting for repairs? We have the finest store house in New England. It is commodious, fire proof and steam heat. For a small price we will store and insure your Bicycle from now until next April, besides clean and vaseline all bearings and running parts, and brighten the nickle and enamel so it will look like new. Come and let us show you how we do it.

RING'S BIG STORE,

Bicycles and Sewing Machines, 221, 223 Dutton Street.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.
SUN BUILDING,
Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press

New Bedford is to have a new textile school. The city has voted the necessary $25,000 for starting it and now we may expect to see the Lowell school duplicated in New Bedford. Our sister city is convinced that in order to keep abreast of the times in the manufacture of textiles, a school of this kind is an absolute necessity. Technical schools are quite numerous on the continent, and for this reason the manufacture of textiles is rapidly progressing while the cost is being reduced. If the supremacy of New England in textile industries is to be maintained, it is necessary to turn out young men versed in every branch of the art and competent to direct the work of a factory in all the finer lines of goods. This is where the Southern states can not, at least for the present, compete with New England.

QUARANTINE AGAINST DIPHTHERIA.

The Board of Health has taken away from the physicians of the city the power they formerly possessed of pronouncing children sufficiently recovered from contagious diseases to return to school. The board reserves the privilege of saying when the children who have been afflicted with diphtheria, scarlet fever, croup, or any disease, of this kind shall return to school. The step is a good one as many children have been found to return to school too soon and thereby communicate the disease from which they suffered to others. At present the number of cases of diphtheria in the city is quite alarming and the Board of Health will be sustained in maintaining a strict quarantine against every house in which the disease is found to exist.

THE MAIL'S CHARGE.

The Mail is making a great fuss over the alleged connection of Mr. Pearson with the street railroad company. It claims that Mr. Pearson is under the thumb of this company, that Manager Sullivan has but to make known his desires to Mr. Pearson and the latter will sacrifice the interests of the city for the street railroad. All this is the sheerest nonsense. There is no foundation whatever for any such suspicion. Mr. Pearson has no connection with the street railroad. He is a democrat who will be loyal to his party, loyal to the city and can be relied upon to keep the street railroad from imposing upon the city as it has been allowed to do by the superintendent of streets for the past few years. Will the Mail venture to say that Mr. Pearson would permit the superintendent of streets to use his department for the benefit of the street railroad, as has been done under republican appointees? That is republican management. The Mail cannot find anything of the kind sanctioned by any democrat at city hall. It is purely republican policy to employ such men to do the work which should be done by the street railroad company. The Mail would serve its party better by letting the relations of the city to the street railroad be buried forever, but if it wishes to keep on clamoring then we will meet it in the proper manner.

MR. BARNARD'S REPORT.

Purchasing Agent Barnard has issued a document showing according to statements that he has saved the city the sum of $38,000 during his ten months of service. The first thing noticeable about Mr. Barnard's report is that it is just two months ahead of time. City officials do not usually compile a report of their respective departments before the end of the year unless there is some very urgent reason for so doing. Mr. Barnard is a candidate for re-election and hence the premature publication of his report. If the claim made in this report was borne out by the facts, Mr. Barnard should be re-elected. But his conclusions are drawn from wrong premises and consequently they are misleading.

The trouble with the statistics brought forward by Mr. Barnard is that he compares things that are not comparable. He assumed that the supplies purchased by him at a low price were fully as good as those purchased by his predecessors at a higher price. Now Mr. Barnard has no proof whatever that this is a fact. For example, he has purchased rubber boots at a low price and he claims that they are just as good as those purchased before he entered office at a higher price and so with many other articles. He called for bids for every requisition of any importance and he received bids on the worst quality of goods as well as on the best. Will Mr. Barnard say how often he has accepted the lowest bid in preference to the highest, which was for the highest quality of goods. If the quality as well as the market price of those goods were the same in 1896 as in 1897 then Mr. Barnard's calculation as to the gain to the city would be correct. If the quality of the goods is not the same and the market price is not the same, then his calculations are worthless and his claim of having saved the city $38,000 is but mere moonshine. Notwithstanding this Mr. Barnard's report may fulfill its object in deceiving the voters and causing them to believe that he has saved the city a very large amount of money. A good many people think that the profits made by the purchasing agency would not be sufficient to pay all the expenses of running that department.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Troy Times—In a suit recently brought before him, a Baltimore judge decided that a faith cure doctor cannot collect a bill for healing a patient. It is a poor rule that will not work both ways. If faith will effect a cure, why will it not foot the bill?

Buffalo Express—The President will make himself unpopular with Congress if he makes many more such breaks as the release of the Competitor prisoners. Think what a lot of speeches will have to be re-written now to meet the changed conditions!

Chicago Times-Herald—Friends of Lemuel E. Quigg, who had planned to give a big banquet in his honor, have have money and will endow a hospital bed. Mr. Quigg will be recalled as the young man who was leading Mr. Platt's elephant at the time the collision occurred.

Waterbury American—According to a Jacksonville despatch, John R. Scott, the colored politician and republican leader in Florida, who opened the last republican national convention at St. Louis with prayer, is in the county jail charged with the murder of the Rev. Obadiah Adams, pastor of St. James' African Methodist Episcopal church, in a quarrel over a woman. The indictment is of significance as illustrating the sort of morals which prevail among even the religious leaders of the southern Afro-Americans.

Boston Transcript—Secretary Long is quite moderate in the requests he will make of Congress. One battleship and half a dozen torpedo boats comprise the building program he recommends. Furthermore, he wants docks big enough for the biggest battleships and enough powder to be kept dry against eventualities. He has taken the middle course between those who say we have navy enough and those who hold that we can never have navy enough. The probability is that Congress will grant his requests without much debate.

Boston Post—Let all considerations of social standing, of wealth, of personal popularity, of membership in swell college societies of everything except fitness for the work be put aside and Harvard will be able to put a team in the field that shall wear the "H" with honor. Harvard has a larger number of men to pick from than any other university in the country. There is no reason why the strongest team should not be made up in Cambridge, if only it is made up with the single purpose of winning.

Philadelphia Record—It will interest housekeepers who try to keep some track of domestic expenditure to know that a new trust is preparing to bear down upon them. A combination of the makers of enameled ware has been formed in which companies in St. Louis Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, and Milwaukee are said to be interested. The capital of the trust will be $25,000,000. As the Dingley tariff duty upon enameled ware is 40 per cent., it will be perceived that strong inducement is held out by the government for the plunder of housewives who buy enameled pots, pans, and kettles. For this and for other opportunities to reach licensed hands into the pockets of the people are we "protected."

Boston Post—It begins to look as if the voters of Boston might go to the polls on the third Tuesday in December 100,000 strong. The supplementary registration has already brought the lists up to show a larger total than ever before known in the history of the city and there is plenty of time to put on the list the less than 3000 names required to make up the round number.

The growth of the voting list is caused, of course, by the energy of the campaign for municipal officers. It is the result of organized political work. But, whatever the cause, the effect is most desirable. Anything that will bring the people to the performance of their political duties that will produce a full vote, is in the interest of good government. It is when the lists are meagre and the vote small that the control of their government is in danger of slipping away from the people. Boston with 100,000 voters is after than Boston with 290,000.

The Churchman—What is needed at this critical stage in the history of the country is courage and civic self-sacrifice. The people are, after all, responsible for evil conditions which have been possible only because they have permitted them. Eminently respectable citizens abstain from all active contact with the public life of the country and then cry out at its vulgarity. Let them do their proper work, instead of delegating it to others. Popular government has not failed, but some states and cities have voluntarily ceased to govern themselves by putting the management of their affairs into commission. Free institutions have not broken down, but a good many men have shown an unwillingness to pay the prices they exact. If there is to be popular government in this country, the people must take the trouble to do the governing; it cannot be delegated to professional politicians. It is time, therefore, for Christian men to look their own conduct in the face, and instead of denouncing machines, and despairing of free institutions, to set about those works of penitence which show a real conviction of the sin of indifference and neglect. What is needed is neither criticism nor cynicism, but a courageous confession of past sins and a cheerful acceptance of public duties. Nothing could be more dangerous than the spread of the feeling of despair; nothing can make way so quickly for righteous politics as a working faith in the possibility of better things. The Christian citizen has no right to despair.

KEEP your blood pure, your appetite good, your digestion perfect by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has power to keep you WELL.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Interesting Facts and Figures as to Lighting Cities and Towns.

The price of illuminating gas in St. Louis is $1.10 per 1,000 feet and for fuel gas 90 cents per 1,000 feet, with 10 per cent rebate for payment in advance. The city government has no control over the price of gas. In 1890 an ordinance was passed by the municipal assembly, over the mayor's veto, fixing the price of illuminating gas at 95 cents and of fuel gas at 40 cents for five years thereafter. It was declared invalid by the state supreme court.

Last year's appropriation for public lighting in St. Louis amounted to $382,400. The total expenditure during the year was $380,078.55, leaving a balance of $40,321.45 to be returned to the general fund.

For the fiscal year ending April 7, 1896, St. Louis spent for public gas lighting $281,885.17. For the year ending April 12, 1897, it spent $38,876.37 for gas lighting.

Chicago became the owner of its electric lighting system in 1887. Today the city owns 3,254 arc lamps of 2,000 candle power. Their average cost, including all items, is $93.40 per lamp per annum. Chicago is at the same time leasing 200 lamps of exactly the same power from electric lighting companies and pays $137 per lamp per year for them.

Detroit established a municipal electric lighting plant in 1894. The first official report showed that it cost $84.70 per lamp to light her streets instead of $138.80 per lamp, as it previously did. The Detroit experiment is limited to street lighting.

Little Rock has maintained its own gas and electric lighting plant since 1888. The city electrician states that the cost of the city's electric light last year, including every item of expense, was $41.20 per lamp per year.

In 1888 Dunkirk, N. Y., established an electric plant by which the water supply and lighting service are jointly furnished. For the year ending March 1, 1897, allowing fully for interest on the investment and all other items of cost, Dunkirk's 75 arc lights of 2,000 candle power each were furnished at an expense to the taxpayers of $30.54 per year.

Richmond has had a municipal gas plant since 1851. It is now supplying consumers with gas at $1 per 1,000. The people are so well pleased with their public gas service that they have secured an act of the legislature prohibiting the sale of the plant unless by authority of a popular vote. The actual cost of making and distributing the gas is 79 cents per 1,000 feet, the city treasury making a profit of 27 cents per 1,000 feet. During the 50 years from 1847 to 1897 the Richmond public gas works have yielded a net profit of $1,174,855.29 over and above all the cost of maintenance and production. This amount exceeds the total cost of the original construction and of all extensions since made by nearly $400,000.

Electric arc lights cost Bangor, Me., $85 each. Troy, N. Y., pays $81 per lamp. Each city has its own plant.

Cheyenne, Wy., with private ownership of plant, pays more for its lights than any other city in the United States—namely, $162 per arc lamp.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The "Fiat" Goes.

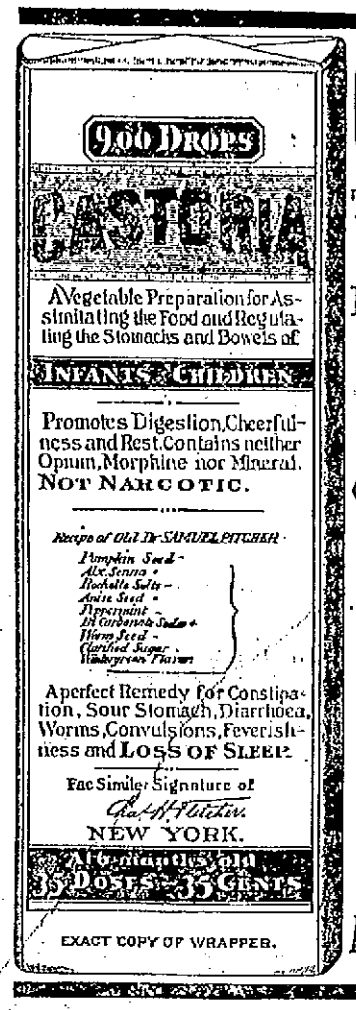
After the discovery of gold in California and Australia, Germany and Austria demonetized gold. In 1871 Germany demonetized silver and remonetized gold. To a "fool greenbacker" it would appear as if neither gold nor silver is money without the "fiat" of a government behind them to make them such. If the United States were to demonetize both gold and silver, would they still be money, and if it were to issue full legal tender greenbacks with the "fiat" wouldn't they still be money and the world still move? The trouble with you is that you don't know what money is, and it is doubtful if your sawdust filled cranium will ever be able to grasp the truth. Wealth is the product of labor; money, its legal representative, is a product, not of labor, but of legislation, and only when it is supplied by a government in ample volume does it benefit a people. Restrict its issue below the needs of the people for exchange, and unjust rates of interest are possible; increase the issue so that the supply equals the demand, and prosperity comes, gold or no gold, silver or no silver.—People's Tribune.

The Middle of the Middle.

There is the middle of the road and there is the middle of the middle of the road. The middle of the middle is to demonetize both gold and silver. The time has come to abolish this system of barbarism. All the wrangling in the civilized world is caused by this devilish system. It is Mammon worship and nothing else. We have been, as reformers, monkeying around with side issues long enough. Let us begin now to besiege the citadel of the enemy. This coin money system is the central pillar on which the temple of plutocracy stands. Pull that down and the whole fabric tumbles into ruin. Coin money is the hotbed out of which usury grows. Usury is the taproot evil of the world. All the civil governments of the world are run in the interest of usury.—Rev. D. Oglesby in Chicago Express.

The Dangerous Class.

Another thing I have learned is to trust the people. Can you wonder that when I found supposedly respectable men in the business of buying public officials I lost faith in the classes and clung to the masses? In certain circles, in some of your own clubs, the talk is that republics are a failure and that a monarchy like England is the only stable form of government. My friends, I have always noticed that those who do not trust the people are those who are trying to do something which is against the interests of the people.—Governor Pingree Before Nineteenth Century Club.



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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CREDIT TO ALL

We want you to realize that we are buying goods in such large quantities and do business on such a large scale that we are able not only to quote the lowest prices possible, but also to make terms to suit everybody's means.

Men's Overcoats and Suits.

We have an elegant new line of all wool Kersey Overcoats, only $10, guaranteed to be equal to any $15 Overcoat. Others at $12, $15 and $18. Nobby Business Suits in all wool Scotch Mixtures, $8.00 to $25.

Ladies' Department.

This week, strictly all wool Boucle Jackets, worth $10; our price $7.98. Capes in all the new materials, reduced from $4.98 and $7.98, to $2.98 and $4.98.

Caesar Misch
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

N. Y. Cloak and Suit Store

12 JOHN STREET.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS

We will commence now in downright earnest to unload our enormous stock of Garments and Furs. If anything will do it the prices we quote will.

Remember every one is new and fresh. We never carry old style Garments. Here are a few specimens of what we have:

JACKETS.

Black Beaver or Boucle Jackets, equal to any $5 Garment you can buy. Reduced now to $2.49.

75 Heavy Black Boucle Jackets, with Kersey strap trimming, high storm collar and half lined, worth $10.75, reduced now to $4.75.

Heavy Covert Cloth Jackets, dark tan shade, a very desirable garment at half price, worth $9.75, reduced now to $4.95.

Persian Boucle Jackets, satin lined throughout, our best selling style, a regular $12.50 Jacket, reduced now to $6.95.

Tailor made Jackets of fine Kersey, in tan, red, green, blue, brown and black, handsomely stitched, regular price $13.50, reduced now to $7.95.

CAPES.

A sample of what we are offering in Capes. One lot of Beaver Double Capes, handsomely braided and empire plaited back, regular price $3.95, reduced now to $1.98.

One lot of extra fine Persian Boucle Capes, 36 inch length, fine satin lining and edged with Thibet fur, worth $17.50, reduced now to $9.75.

FURS. FURS.

We have the most complete line of Furs we have ever shown. All reduced to less than the prices they could be duplicated for. For example:

30 inch Astrachan Capes, worth $13.50, for $6.75.

3 inch Electric Seal Capes, worth $21.50, for $12.50.

30 inch Wool Seal Capes, were $25, for $18.50.

TEETH

$5 to $10 a Set

No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth Filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Rodless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Not open Evenings

DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Block, Merrimack & Bridge

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WITH THE DISCOUNT OFF FOR PROMPT PAYMENT IS

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

FIRST CLASS COOKING STOVES SET UP AND RENTED AT A LOW RATE PER YEAR, PIPING INCLUDED. COKE, BROKEN, SCREENED, AND DELIVERED, AT $1.50 PER CHALDRON; $2.25 PER HALF CHALDRON; CASH.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR THE USE OF METERS.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMER'S CELLAR.

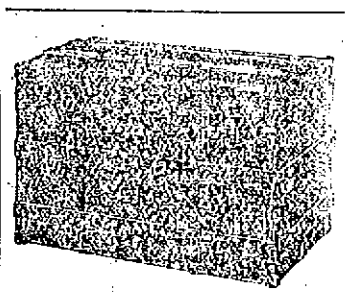
ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Corham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.



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P. F. DEVINE Prop.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.

M. H. Carey. H. Getty

FOR THANKSGIVING.

Market Department—Fresh killed Turkeys, Ducks, Geese and Chickens, Celery, Cranberries and everything to be found in a first class market. Grocery Department—Fancy Florida Oranges 30c. per doz; Malaga Grapes, 2 lbs. for 25c; New Mixed Nuts, 8 lbs for 25c; Pure Broken Candy 10c. per lb; Nice bananas, Layer Raisons, Sweet Cider, etc. Bakery Kitchen—Our usual line of home cooking with the addition of handsomely decorated Wedding Cakes for the girls who will get married on this day.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
615 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET
Tel 144-4 Wauneatt Bank Block

Steinert's

PEASE PEASE

The popular Pease pleases everybody. Four styles to select from at

Steinert's
34 Prescott St.

PIANOS

You Have Struck the Right Place

When you have found

PETER WATSON'S

Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 TO 60 CHARLES STREET AND 465 LAWRENCE STREET.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

When You Want to Get the

FINEST CLASS OF ALE

In the city, call at GEORGE ENWRIGHT'S place at 11 Middlesex street. This is the only place on the south side of the city where you can get Reitz's half stock ale. Just drop in and sample a glass. Also the choicest brands of wines, liquors and cigars

J. H. COSTELLO, CARPENTER and JOBBER

120 LAWRENCE STREET.

All order promptly attended to.

LARGE, ELEGANT

Boarding and Lodging House

on one of the main streets for sale or will exchange for a cottage in city.

DONOVAN & MANSUR,

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street
Lowell, Mass. Telephone 400-4.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 462 Market street. John W. Kilman, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 3 Chestnut street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for cutting or brilliant printing rooms. Apply at Leggett & Co., One Price Jewelers, 70 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lewis' Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 471 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dows', Central street, A. Moore', Gorham street, pharmacists.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING. Inquire at Sun office.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

WANTED — HOUSEGIRLS AT THE Lowell Employment Office, 352 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall.

FOR SALE—NEAR SALEM STREET, COTtage house with land. Price $1300. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WAGONS OWING TO LACK OF STORAGE I am obliged to sell at any price the following wagons: viz—1 high grade democrat, 1 first class grocers wagon, 1 very fine top square wagon, 1 extra second hand square wagon. 5 Robins St.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON—URBAN HALL and 3 small halls to let for parties and socials by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Apply Room 1, Urban block.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AT A hotel. Can speak French or English and furnish the best of references. Address T., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—NEAR CENTRAL AND Church streets, two tenement house with stores and barn. This is a bargain. Price $1,100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made not ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co, Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—GOOD BOARDING AND LODGING house of 10 rooms, in a good location. Price only $300. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

BACHELORS WILL FIND NICE FURnished, sunny rooms, well appointed, at 115 Cross street, Mrs Nawn.

LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNdle containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

TO LET—TWO PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, with gas, bath room, hot and cold water, etc. Rent low; call or address Bell2 137 Starkpole St

LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 2 to 6 days without fail, no pain; no danger; no interference with work; price $2.00 by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 171 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKETVILLE, NEW cottage house and land. Price $1350, on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST — BETWEEN ROBINSON STREET and Bluford Square, pocketbook containing sum of money and receipt with Lizzie M. Young's name. Return to 15 Robinson street and receive reward.

WANTED—AT ONCE, LADY AND MEN canvassers. Something new. Salary and commission. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central street.

FOR SALE—NEAR BRIDGE STREET, good cottage house and land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIE OR GENTS at 121 Fletcher street, for best household article on earth.

FOR SALE—FIVE MILES FROM LOWELL, small farm of 13 acres, cottage house and barn. Price only $1200 and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—A BULL TERRIER RED AND WHITE pup, about four months old. Reward at 18 Willis street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady for an Art Needle Work Dept. Must understand embroidery. Apply Reed & Hughes, Lawrence, Mass.

WANTED—A SMALL TENEMENT CENtrally located for man and wife in respectable surroundings. Apply to "R," sun office.

FOR SALE—IN HAVERHILL, MASS., CONfectionery and Ice Cream Saloon. Best location in the city. Will sell cheap. Address box 3 3, Haverhill, Mass.

LOST—A SHEPHERD DOG, DARK BROWN body, paws and tan color; white spot on breast. Reward at 154 School street.

TO LET—TENEMENTS OF FIVE AND SIX rooms, three minutes from Middlesex street depot. $1.60 per week and upwards. Arnold J. Ryan, 11 Appleton street.

WANTED — MANAGER FOR BRANCH office. Old established firm. $900 and expenses first year. $300 cash required to cover stock carried. Address Manufacturer, care Sun.

CANVASSERS WANTED — IN LOWELL, for a good selling article. Address M. A. Scallan & Co., P. O. Box 251, Lawrence, Mass.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms. Modern conveniences. Hot and cold water. Desirable locality. Call at 60 Bartlett street.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid 2½ story hip-roof house of 8 rooms pantry and bath rooms, with tub, marble wash bowls, &c., maple floors in kitchen, dining room, pantry and bath rooms, hot and cold water. Piazza and balcony, nice lot of land, high and dry, very slightly, near cars and schools. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, No. 29 A, Hildreth Building, (Old Post Office.)

New Music Hall

W. H. BOOTH, Manager.

THANKSGIVING ATTRACTION.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 25, 26, 27. Matinees Thanksgiving and Saturday

Lincoln J. Carter's Grand Scenic Production,

THE FAST MAIL.

10 sets of special scenery. Flight of the fast mail. Niagara Falls by moonlight, with bow of mist. Practical working engine and 14 freight cars, with illuminated caboose. The days of the Mississippi river scene and steamboat explosion, and other startling effects.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings and Wednesday Matinee, Nov. 29, 30, Dec. 1.

DAINTY KATIE ROONEY,

In Her Greatest Success

"THE GIRL FROM IRELAND."

A merry farce comedy in 3 acts. Produced by a superb company of comedians, singers and dancers. A shower of laughs. A downpour of merriment. A whirlwind of fun. "Turn Down the Gas and Whistle Three Times." See KATIE ROONEY in her celebrated imitations of her famous father, the late Pat Rooney.

Lowell High Grade

FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

MICHAEL AGAIN A VICTOR

He Defeated Starbuck by a Clear Three Miles.

Tacks on the Track at Start—Tom Ryan's Easy Victory Over a Namesake.

New York, Nov. 26.—Jimmy Michael, the Welsh bicyclist, for the third time this year defeated Frank Starbuck of Philadelphia. The two racers met last night in a 25 mile contest over a carefully prepared board track in Madison Square garden, and the "rabbit" made a runaway race of it after the second mile had been completed. He won in 50 minutes 29 1-5 seconds, thus beating his own Chicago in-door record of 52:31 2-5 by 2:05 1-5. At the finish Starbuck was 30 laps behind, and as the track measured nine laps to the mile the Quaker city man was left three and one-third miles behind.

Over 15,000 persons passed through the turnstiles, and half as many more were left outside, as the house was not able to accommodate them. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed during the night and the preliminary events, which were well contested, resulted in excellent finishes.

In the one mile handicap, final, Nat Butler, "the handicap king," beat John Gougoltz, "the unpaced king" of France, by three yards, both starting from scratch, and it fell to the lot of A. E. Weinig of Buffalo, who had an allowance of 50 yards, to divide them.

Michael and Starbuck received an ovation when they came to the starting line. Then it was discovered that some miscreant had thrown a number of tacks over the track. The start was delayed for 15 minutes while the track was swept. At 10:19 the men started, and during the entire distance they were paced by tandem teams. Michael jumped off in the lead and covered the first mile in 2:04. In the second mile, owing to poor pacing, he fell back and Starbuck passed him, finishing the second mile in 4:09 1-5. At the end of the third mile, however, Michael gained one lap on his opponent, and from that time to the end of the race there was only one in it, as the little Welshman pushed his pedals so rapidly that he tired his pacemakers. He covered each mile of the 25 in excellent time, his average being 2:01 4-5. On the third mile the Welshman gained a lap on Starbuck, and he gradually increased his lead until he was a mile ahead at the twelft mile. From this to the end he drew away rapidly and at the finish he was 30 laps to the good.

In the first race of these two Michael won by 25 yards, but on the next occasion he had a more pronounced advantage owing to the inferiority of Starbuck's pacemakers. In the match at Willow Grove (Philadelphia) the result was in favor of "Star," who rode a well judged race and stamped himself as the best native crack behind pace. It was in this race that Michael received his solitary defeat since coming to this country, and he was anxious to wipe it out.

VICTORY FOR TOM RYAN.

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Tommy Ryan knocked out "Australian Jim" Ryan in five rounds before the Maple Avenue Athletic club last night. The men were matched to fight 20 rounds at 154 pounds. Tommy had things his own way, and the Australian was unable to land with any effect. Ex-champion Paddy Ryan acted as referee.

The men sparred lightly for the first two rounds, Tommy following his man about the ring and contenting himself with avoiding Jim's blows. In the third round Tommy began to force matters a little, but his man came back, and Tommy kept away from him toward the close.

In the fourth Tommy set the pace and got to close quarters. Two stiff left jabs on the body started the Australian, and at the close of the round he was clinching to avoid the blows.

At the opening of the fifth Jim appeared weak. He still had considerable steam in his blows, but could not land, and after every swing he clinched to avoid punishment. He hugged Tommy and refused to let go his hold when cautioned by the referee. Tommy tried to break away, and the referee had to separate them. Tommy planted a left on the body and jabbed another in that same place. Jim swung wild, and Tommy swung a hard left on the neck. Jim appeared dazed and staggered back. Tommy followed him and swung his right on the point of the jaw. The Australian went down like a log. He made an effort to rise, but sank back and lay on his face while the referee counted him out.

After Tommy had been declared the winner Jim struggled to his feet and started toward Tommy, who stood in his corner. The referee held him back until he could collect himself.

FOOTBALL THANKSGIVING.

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—The university of Pennsylvania football team defeated Cornell by the score of 4 to 0. During the first half Cornell did all the playing, but in the second half Pennsylvania used their guards-back formation with terrible effect on the Cornell line. After nearly every scrimmage in which this formation was used there would be a Cornell man stretched on the grass.

New York, Nov. 26.—One of the fiercest football games of the year took place on the Orange oval in the presence of 6000 spectators. Orange won by six to four, but from the standpoint of fist and foot work Elizabeth came out ahead.

Boston, Nov. 26.—Boston college defeated Holy Cross college of Worcester at football by a score of 12 to 0. Boston gained the first touchdown after 20 minutes of play in the first half through a long run by White behind almost perfect interference, while the second touchdown was made by hard rushing by Ryan, with the "guards' back" formation. Seewin kicked both goals with ease. The field was in wretched condition because of a game played in the morning, and resembled a quagmire as much as anything. Through this mass of mud, the players slid and squirmed, although there was comparatively little fumbling, considering the slippery condition of the ball.

Providence, Nov. 26.—The game between Brown and Wesleyan resulted in a victory for Brown, 12 to 4. The contest attracted about 2000 people. Wesleyan was weakened behind the line by the absence of Raymond, and Brown played with four substitutes. Nevertheless the home team clearly outclassed the visitors.

Newton, Mass., Nov. 26.—Dartmouth defeated Newton by a score of 24 to 0. Dartmouth played a very scrappy game from start to finish, and had the home team off its feet throughout the entire game. The feature was a run of 100 yards for a touchdown by Eckstrom of Dartmouth.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The university of Chicago football team defeated the university of Michigan team by the score of 21 to 12. Clarence Hershberger, the right halfback of the Chicagos, made three successful play kicks. The first one was made from the 17-yard line and the second from the 30-yard line. The third kick brought 12,000 persons to their feet. The ball at the time was not more than five yards from the side lines and 25 yards from the goal, and when Hershberger and Clark dropped back to attempt the play, Chicago supporters were amazed. The ball was passed cleanly, and Clark placed it on the 35-yard line. An instant later the ball was sailing high in the air. It dropped squarely between the posts, and a new football record had been made.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—More than 5000 persons witnessed the football game between the Carlisle Indians and the team of the university of Cincinnati. The Indians won by the score of 10 to 0. The game was played in a drenching rain.

INTERCOLLEGIATE ROWING.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Cornell's relations with the various college rowing clubs is quite complicated. In the first place, from their nearness of location, Cornell, Columbia and university of Pennsylvania have always found it advantageous to row together. Cornell is on very pleasant terms with these universities, and there is no doubt that there will be another triangular meet next summer. While Cornell feels that her victories last summer entitle her to admission to any American intercollegiate boat race, she is not so anxious to meet Yale that she would do so on any conditions the New Haven authorities might prescribe.

Cornell might be willing to row at New London, provided Yale and Harvard would admit Columbia and Pennsylvania, or provided these two latter would meet Cornell in a triangular race on that course. The Cornell navy officials have, however, always objected to the New London course as being too narrow for a three-cornered contest. If Yale and Harvard would admit all three—Cornell, Columbia and Pennsylvania—to their race, then the match would be rowed in heats and only two crews would have to row together at one time. There is hardly any doubt that the Cornell graduates and undergraduates would be much pleased if a permanent arrangement could be made among the respective universities whereby this annual uncertainty would be avoided.

THURSDAY'S POLO GAMES.

At Pawtucket—Pawtucket, 9; New Bedford, 5.

At Salem—Providence, 3; Salem, 2.

At Augusta—Augusta, 11; Portland, 3. Augusta, 4; Bath, 3.

At New Bedford—Fall River, 10; New Bedford, 5.

At Gardiner, Me—Bath, 3; Gardiner, 0.

At Portland—Gardiner, 6; Portland, 6.

At Rockland—Rockland, 3; Lewiston, 6. Lewiston, 7; Rockland, 2.

At Providence—Providence, 8; Pawtucket, 4.

At Hartford—Wallingford, 2; Hartford, 1. Hartford, 4; Waterbury, 1.

At New Haven—New Haven, 2; Waterbury, 0.

At Wallingford—New Haven, 14; Wallingford, 7.

GAMES IN CANADA.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—The final games for the Rugby championship of Canada were played yesterday. At Montreal, Ottawa college defeated Hamilton for the senior championship by 14 to 10, and in this city Toronto university won over the Britannias of Montreal by 25 to 5 for the intermediate championship.

ACCIDENT TO A BICYCLIST.

New York, Nov. 26.—During an eight-mile bicycle race at the Guttenburg race track Robert Guth of this city, who was leading by some yards, crossed the line and fell gasping from his wheel. When picked up he was unconscious, and a doctor who examined him said that one rib was broken, and that he was otherwise bruised. The breaking of the rib, he said, was probably caused by falling off the wheel, and as it is directly over the heart, the injury may prove fatal.

FLOORED FIVE TIMES.

New London, Conn., Nov. 26.—Austin Rice of this city was given the decision over Patsy Broderick of Providence in the eleventh round after Broderick had been floored five times in a little more than two minutes of fighting in the round. The gong saved Broderick from a knockout in the tenth round. James Boutelle of Providence was referee. The bout took place in the gymnasium of the New London Athletic club, and was witnessed by over 600 persons.

CORBETT KNOCKED OUT.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 26.—In a baseball game between the Gilt Edges of this city and the Baltimores Corbett was knocked out of the box. The local team won, 4 to 3."

MAJOR AND CAPTAIN GIVE IN.

Havana, Nov. 26. — Major Robert Echarte and Captain Echarte, the latter a brother-in-law of General Sanguilly, have formally surrendered in the province of Matanzas.

The governor of Santa Clara province and the mayor of the city of Santa Clara having advised the government that the food which is being supplied to the troops is of very inferior quality the government, according to the official account, has issued stringent orders correcting the abuses of supply, and the troops will be supplied with good rations in the future.

TWO DECREES SIGNED.

Madrid, Nov. 26.—The Official Gazette publishes two decrees signed by the queen regent and by Sagasta, the premier. The first decree applies to the Antilles, the laws inscribed in the first chapter of the Spanish constitution, with a guarantee of the application of the general laws. The second decree extends to the Antilles the universal suffrage law of 1890. According to the law of June, 1890, the electoral qualification is held by all male Spaniards, 25 years of age, who enjoy all civil rights and have been citizens of a municipality for at least two years.

DEMOCRATIC FACTIONS.

Boston, Nov. 26.—The Democrats will hold their mayoralty and aldermanic caucuses tonight. There are contests only for aldermen, but they are being waged with so much enthusiasm and vigor that an immense vote is looked for. So far as the aldermanic delegations are concerned, it is generally admitted that the fight will be between the Lee-Corbett combination on the one hand and the Hayes-McNary-Lomasney combination on the other. It is expected that from 26,000 to 30,000 voters will go to the caucuses.

AWOKE JUST IN TIME.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—Lee Pitts, a Pullman porter, is a prisoner on the charge of attempted robbery. A. E. Hill, a broker of Providence, R. I., alleged that Pitts tried to steal from his pocket an envelope containing $39,000 in certified checks and $3000 in cash.

Broker Hill was a passenger on the B and O train from the east and caused the arrest of Pitts. Mr. Hill related this story: "Just after the train passed Odin, Ills., the porter pulled the curtains aside and reached into my berth. He took $10 out of my trousers pocket and then thrust his hands into my inside pocket, where I had an envelope containing $42,000 in cash and checks. I awoke just in time to save the envelope. I grappled with the negro, and the encounter attracted the attention of the Pullman conductor, J. B. Hodges. He ordered the negro to return the $10 he had taken."

ARREST OF AN ABSCONDER.

New York, Nov. 26.—Donald McClelland, the messenger of the Bronx borough bank of this city who absconded three days ago with $2535 belonging to that institution, was arrested at the Grand Central depot. He had just returned from Chicago. He surrendered all of the money with the exception of $103 which he had spent on the trip. The prisoner is the son of Dr. J. A. McClelland, a well known resident of Westchester, N. Y.

HAD BEEN DOING NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 26.—A woman of middle age who described herself as Louisa Clausson of Providence called at the "tenderloin" police station last night and, saying that she was a victim of the morphine habit and unable to get the drug, asked for medical treatment. As she refused to part with a small brown dog, the ambulance surgeon refused to take her to the hospital. Before leaving the police station with her pet the woman said that she had come here with a gentleman and a lady to have a good time, and her companions had abandoned her.

TWO LYNCHING BEES.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 26.—An unknown negro was killed by lynchers near Blackshear, his body being riddled with bullets. The negro outraged the 17-year-old daughter of Eli Davis, a farmer.

Waycross, Ga., Nov. 26.—Jerry Johnson, a negro, was lynched last night by a mob near Screven. He was in charge of officers and was being taken to jail. The negro was made the target for a number of rifles. He had been arrested for stealing a mule.

Domestic Joy.

The charm of domestic joy will be preserved, if those parents, who fear the early death of one of their loved ones when attacked with a serious throat or lung trouble, resort at once to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, a never-failing remedy. "I used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for my son, who was eight years old. He has been troubled with a bronchial cough since he was two and a half years of age, and I have tried everything, but found Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup does him the most good." Mrs. A. Geib, 317 Demott St., West Hoboken, N.J. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents, and is cheaper than the dealer's big profit making substitute, because Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup always cures while the substitute does not.

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE THANKSGIVING HOLIDAY

President McKinley Listens to Sensational Preacher.

Who Follows Burchard's Idea as an Alarmist — How Americans Observed the Day in London.

Washington, Nov. 26.—At the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal church, where President McKinley attended services Thursday, the Rev. Dr. Johnston read the Thanksgiving proclamation of the president and said that in issuing it the president showed a piety and wisdom which augured well for the nation. "Prosperity is here," said the minister. "The light of better days is shining on us, and, though it will take time to recover from four years of distress, we are gaining. Times are hard, but not as hard as they have been, and people should thank God that it is no worse after the experience of the past four years."

Dr. Johnston presented statistics to prove the assertion that prosperity had returned, referring to the large crops of wheat, cotton and other products. "The created values of this year in the United States were estimated at fourteen billions," he said, and then he dilated upon the greatness of the nation and its mission on earth. Speaking of the perils that threaten the nation, he said that chief among them were rum, socialism and jesuitism. He spoke at some length against the danger of a foreign church obtaining ascendency in the state, and said that if jesuitism ever prevails in this country the United States will become as Mexico, Italy and Spain. He advocated giving the Catholic the same civil rights that every man enjoys, but said that his church should be warned to keep its hands off the state. In the course of his remarks Dr. Johnston referred to Spain as a "burnt out nation; the basest of kingdoms." He referred to the danger of corrupt parties and instanced the victory of Tammany in New York.

HOLIDAY IN LONDON.

London, Nov. 26.—Over 300 American men and women and a few English persons celebrated Thanksgiving day by a dinner last night. The list of toasts was long. The health of Queen Victoria was proposed by the chairman, who read a letter from the private secretary to her majesty.

Judge Barnes of the high court of justice proposed the health of Ambassador Hay, dwelling upon the great friendliness that he believed existed between England and the United States, and saying: "If the two countries will only put their backs together they can rule the destinies of the world."

Ambassador Hay responded with a bright speech. He sketched the origin of the day, which began, he said, "in that pathetic thank offering of our forefathers when they were keeping alight the spark of freedom which was destined to kindle into a beacon blaze, enlightening and admonishing the world. Some of our peculiar institutions, thank heaven, we have lost. The worst passed away in the tempest of the war it caused, but this, the most unquestionably peculiar of all, we can trust to abide with us forever. This is one of the few things we can do that offends nobody, threatens no one and competes with no one. There can never be too much gratitude in the world. Seventy millions of voices praising God together would not justify the addition of one ironclad to any navy on earth. We can barely be said to be in a foreign land. A French statesman said the other day, 'Where there is one Frenchman, there is France.' So we have 300 good reasons here to believe we are in America, and may be pardoned for speaking of some little things that we care about."

Mr. Hay then paid an eloquent tribute to "the unknown, nameless artist who in the days of early New England first brought to perfection the pumpkin pie." He endorsed Benjamin Franklin's suggestion that the turkey should be the national emblem instead of the eagle, "who, with aristocratic profile, loud voice and predatory disposition, hardly commends himself as the emblem of modest, industrious and conscientious democracy, while the turkey, like a true altruist, exists only for the public welfare."

In concluding his speech, Mr. Hay enumerated the causes for thankfulness, and said: "We are thankful that we speak English; or, if our friends on this side of the ocean think that is boasting, that we talk United States, which answers equally well for telling the truth. The great body of the people of the two countries are friends. We are the fortunate heirs to English law and liberty, which both nations respect."

DR. HATCH'S CASE

Letter Which He Sent to a Witness.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE COMING AGAINST HIM.

A Much Married Manager in Trouble.

Manchester, N. H., Nov. 26.—A special from Center Ossipee to the Manchester Union announces the winding up of the preliminary hearing in the complaint against Dr. John Ralph Hatch of Centerville, who is accused of the murder of his wife on the night of Sept. 11. Justice Hobbs announced that he would give a decision Dec. 5.

Lawyer Foote made a strong argument in favor of his motion for the discharge of the doctor, while County Solicitor Tasker contented himself with calling the attention of the justice to the testimony which had been put in.

The state called some eight witnesses Thursday, and the defense rested without calling a single one. The chief witness was Artena Wiggin, the 17-year-old waitress at the Central House, whose name had been mentioned with that of Dr. Hatch. Her testimony was considered to be favorable to the doctor. She said that he had called at her father's home a number of times to help her in her studies, but his visits stopped because of a quarrel with her father about the death of a cow which he had attended. The doctor began to correspond concerning her studies, and frequently had interviews with her, but she ceased to meet him when she knew more about him.

Letters which the doctor had sent to Miss Wiggin since the death of his wife, the first one dated a little more than one month from that event, were offered by Agnes Wiggin, 23 years old, her sister, but they were finally ruled out after debate upon their admissibility as evidence.

The following letter from Dr. Hatch to Dr. Lougee was read in court, having been written Tuesday:

"Guilford, N. H., Nov. 23.

"Dear Doctor—Will you please kindly write me a line, addressed to this place, and inform me what has been learned about the stomach and anything else which may interest me, as I am, of course, anxious to have it set right before the world. I wish you would write a short article for a newspaper stating that the rumors of foul play were without any foundation, and that there is no reason to suppose there was any unpleasantness to indicate suicide.

"I was in a position to know almost positively she never thought of doing such a thing. Another thing, doctor, as you have been so very kind to me, I would ask. You know the rumors about me and a young lady there? Let me say there never was anything wrong between us, as truly as I live. We only met and talked together as friends, though perhaps we liked each other too well.

"That girl is as innocent as a baby. It was her innocence which led her to do as she did and which caused the talk. She now thinks I have talked about her, and won't speak to me. Will you not, for her sake, as your patient, do all you can to set the matter right with her? I shall never see her again, but I do not, cannot endure the thought that she should believe me as base as she does, for I would not do anything to harm her to save my soul. I know that out of the abundant kindness of your heart and from all I ever heard of you, you will do all you can to comfort her at least, for if we cannot all be saints and gain future reward in that way, we can at least do a kindness sometimes to save a soul in distress, and if a life of unselfish kindness and self-sacrifice won't save us, I do not know what will.

"My wife never thought there was anything wrong between us. I can prove this by two different persons. I do not think I shall come back to Centerville to stop. Please send the item for the newspaper and I will get it published here. I will reward you some time for your kindnesses to me and never forget them. Please write soon."

MUCH MARRIED MANAGER.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 26.—Max Rosenberg, a theatrical manager, is held for the Indianapolis authorities on a charge of bigamy made by Blanche Rosenberg, nee Mitchell, of Chicago, who says they were married Nov. 1, 1896, but that, after living with her parents a while, he tired of her. She says that on March 1, of this year, Rosenberg was married to Jessie Crawford, and he is said to have another wife in New York city. Hypnotic influence on Rosenberg's part is alleged. Rosenberg says he was married twice, but divorced both times, and will return to Indianapolis without requisition papers.

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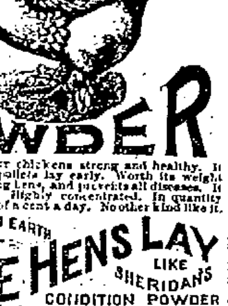

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THE DRAMA IN NEW YORK.

News and Gossip of the Rialto--Gallant John Drew--Magician Dixey--Nat Goodwin's Comedy.

[Copyright, 1897.]

New York, Nov. '—John Drew, always gallant—that is, always gallant on the stage and in the corridors of the Waldorf—has swooped down upon New York at his old stamping ground, the Empire theater, with "A Marriage of Convenience," a merry little trifle adapted from the French of Dumas and resembling very much "The Iron Master" and half a dozen similar plays. All the meat of "A Marriage of Convenience" might be put into a one act curtain raiser. For five years John Drew has made an annual visit to the Empire and on each successive occasion has scored successes of no mean order, from a box office standpoint. Last year "Rosemary," with little Maude Adams and Arthur Byron in the cast, broke all records, and John Drew, the gallant, likewise chubby Charley Frohman, were correspondingly happy. This fall, while the gallant Mr. Drew was on tour, little Maude Adams blossomed out at the same Empire in J. M. Barrie's "The Little Minister." Of course the gallant John Drew had no idea that his erstwhile leading lady would make a hit. But she did. She hit New York right between the eyes, and "The Little Minister" played to more money during its stay at the Empire than any other attraction, not barring the gallant Mr. Drew in "Rosemary." The supposition was that Miss Adams would be permitted to remain at the Empire and that John Drew, with his native gallantry, would consent to produce "A Marriage of Convenience" at the Garrick. Not so, however. Mr. Drew very gallantly demanded the due and forfeit of his contract. It called for his appearance at the Empire, and at the Empire only would he consent to play. So little Miss Adams had to move down to the cozy little Garrick, where she is now playing to more money than is the gallant Mr. Drew at the Empire. In fact, the "standing room only" sign at the Garrick is being overworked, while that at the Empire begins to show some sign of dust and of age.

After all, there isn't much to Mr. Drew's new play. In the costume of Louis XV, without his mustache and with his nose grown larger than ever, John Drew is certainly not the picturesque figure the matinee girls of Daly's bowed down and worshiped only half a decade ago. Of course, he is easy and graceful, but that is all. Miss Isabelle Irving, his leading lady, appears rather a hoydenish court lady and, with all her finery, gives one the impression that she would be more at home in an up to date farce comedy. On the other hand, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, who appears as a maid, looks very much as though she would give better satisfaction to the management and the public were she to exchange places with Miss Irving and assume the role of the mistress. Arthur Byron, son of Oliver Doud Byron, plays the role of the chevalier and gives about as artistic a bit of work as has been seen in New York in some time. It would not surprise me at all should Mr. Frohman take it into his head to star Mr. Byron next season as he has done Miss Adams this year.

The thought that little Miss Adams was playing for greater money than "A Marriage of Convenience" was not the only thing John Drew had to ponder over during his opening week. In the first place, news has reached here that his brother Sydney, who never received proper recognition on this side of the water, is making a terrific success in London and will remain there for three years at least. Sydney always was a better actor than John in the minds of many competent critics, but he was as unfortunate as John was successful. In the second place, there were two more or less important productions—one, "Miss Francis of Yale," a farce written by Mr. Michael Morton, brother of Martha Morton, and the other, "The Heart of the Klondike," a regular "thriller," written by Scott Marble. In the cast are Laura Burt, Odell Williams, Sheridan Block, E. L. Snader and other equally competent players. Of course, Miss Burt was the heroine, and she did all sorts of impossible things in the most plausible manner. Laura is a pretty girl, a clever actress, and so long as she continues to wear that almost mannish suit with the long brown leggings there will be no room in the front rows at the Star theater. I don't intend to bore you with the plot of the play, but the scenery is magnificent, the representation of Chilkat pass being particularly effective.

As for "Miss Francis of Yale," with Etienne Girardot in the title role, at the Manhattan, there is but one verdict, and that is—failure. It is about the most dismal French farce that has been seen in New York in a long while.

As I predicted some weeks ago, Oscar Hammerstein has been compelled to assign and give up Olympia. It is reported that Edward E. Rice will gain control of at least a part of it for his New York production.

Over at Koster & Bial's, Anna Held, who withdrew from the cast of "La Poupee" just before the crash at Olympia, is delighting crowded houses, and with the assistance of Alice Atherton and a strong olio the fortunes of this house appear to be reviving.

By the way, Henry E. Dixey is a full fledged magician, a worthy successor to the late Hermann and a better conjurer than the present Keller. Dixey expects to remain in New York city at the Garden theater for the greater part of the winter. I met him on a street car the other day, and he was telling me of his first experience at speechmaking before the curtain. It was while he was starring through the west with Charles Frohman's company in "The Thoroughbred." They were playing one night stands and struck a town which had evidently previously been visited either by Richard Mansfield or Sol Smith Russell, for at the end of the performance the audience demanded a speech. There was a hasty consultation behind the scenes, and to Dixey was delegated the honor of addressing the multitude. His appearance before the curtain was greeted with great applause. But he noticed that during his three minute talk his auditors froze in their seats, and when he retired he did so without even a hand clap from the ushers. He had frequently referred to the beauties of the town, and when he asked the stage manager why he had been greeted so warmly on his first appearance and in such an icy manner when he retired he was informed that he had been all the while talking and praising the town in which "The Thoroughbred" people had appeared the day before.

The long litigation between the Jardines and Daly over the road rights of "The Geisha" is about at an end. After having attached the company in every town for 30 consecutive performances the litigious Augustin gave up the fight, and the Jardines and their company are going their merry way.

I told you in my last letter that "A Lady of Quality," which served to introduce Julia Arthur as a stellar attraction, was a success. I woke up next morning to find that nearly all the critics had slated it unmercifully. Notwithstanding this fact, Miss Arthur is playing to the greatest business in the history of Wallack's theater, and her engagement has been extended indefinitely.

Of course, Richard Mansfield, the artistic, not content with the enormous box office receipts of "The Devil's Disciple," insisted on giving the last week of his stay here over to reproductions of his old plays, "Prince Karl," "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," "A Parisian Romance" and "Richard III" being included in his repertory. Mansfield made a different speech at every performance.

News from the road confirms the first reports regarding "The Highwayman," Smith and De Koven's latest opera. There is no doubt of its success, and it is said to be the best work done by these gentlemen since "Robin Hood." Another opera, the music of which is by Victor Herbert and the libretto by Harry B. Smith, which appears to have caught on out of town and will later be seen for a run in Broadway, is "Peg Woffington," with Camille d'Arville in the title role. There have been many and conflicting reports regarding this opera, but the consensus of opinion now is that it is an unmistakable money winner.

E. H. Sothern has returned to "An Enemy to the King." This young man has not been quite so successful since his marriage, and his Claude Melnotte in "The Lady of Lyons," which he insisted on playing at the Thursday and Saturday matinees, is about the funniest thing in town. Farce comedy will never die so long as Ned Sothern insists on playing Claude.

Wilton Lackaye is back in town after a tour which closed temporarily last week in Richmond on account of the yellow fever scare. Lackaye's new play, "The Royal Secret," while it did not do an enormous business, lost only $70 in five weeks in what is perhaps the worst territory in America. This record was so encouraging that Mr. Lackaye will resume almost immediately.

I suppose you have heard something of the troubles of Margaret Mather. This young woman, whom J. M. Hill first exploited as Juliet, who later married Philip Weiss, leader of the orchestra of the Bijou theater, Pittsburg, was divorced, married young Pabst, the millionaire Milwaukee brewer, horsewhipped him on the street, separated, received a liberal allowance and then returned to the stage in the spectacular production of "Cymbeline," is just now having a rather flamboyant time of it. Last week her scenery and costumes were attached in Jersey City, and while they were later released it is said that there are other claims pressing against her. If this be so, then Miss Mather must have spent at least $100,000 in less than two years, as that is the sum said to have been settled upon her by Mr. Pabst when they separated. At that time she was personally possessed of at least $50,000. It costs some people a lot of money to be a star.

I mentioned in a previous letter the old saw that all things run in threes and wondered whether Nat C. Goodwin, who, like Sol Smith Russell and Richard Mansfield, had failed time and time again to score in New York, would make out with his new venture, "An American Citizen." Well, the old saw stood by Nat, and critics and public are unanimous in their praise of his work. Just think of the caustic Alan Dale talking in this manner: "If Nat Goodwin—I beg his pardon, I should say Mr. N. C. Goodwin—has ever doubted the potency of his own particular brand of humor, he must have seen last night that his career as a laugh maker is as luminous as ever. In Mrs. Madeleine Lucette Ryley's new four act comedy, 'An American Citizen,' produced at the Knickerbocker theater, Nat, that is to say, Mr. N. C., rattled off his joyously careless 'gags' to the tune of the most effervescent laughter.

"Mr. Goodwin has hankered for the emotional for a long time. He has seen gloomy but effective visions of himself as the sable Hamlet (Ha, ha! at the idea), he has tackled David Garrick and fumed at one or two of the critical fraternity who dared not to like him. Goodwin has deftly tried to push aside that godgiven mood for the ridiculous for which we first learned to like him. He tired of our laughter. It was insipid, cheap, infra dig. He yearned to see us in tears as we watched him lunching on heroes and dining on scenery.

"Foolish, most foolish Nat! Last night, however, we forgave the dreadful rumors anent the melancholy Dane and all the clouds of tragedy that he has been pulling over his own humorously flaxen hair. For in 'An American Citizen' Nat Goodwin was himself again. The programme was an error when it dubbed him Mr. N. C. We were violently in the wrong when we expected another dose of 'David Garrick' and 'In Mizzoura.' Our good old comedian was restored to us. We laughed, and we were refreshed. And this morning Mr. Goodwin will say to himself: 'Another odious success. Here I am, doomed again to make the fools of New York better.' For such successes may he long be Nat.

"And litter we did—occasionally, alas, like fools. When the haughty heroine (heroines are never heroines unless they are haughty) remarked, 'I can ride a horse bareback,' and Mr. Goodwin responded, 'Aren't you afraid of catching cold?' the audience at the Knickerbocker forgot the antiquity of the gag and roared."

"An American Citizen" is the best play that Mrs. Ryley has given us since "Christopher, Jr." "The Coat of Many Colors" is forgiven instantly, and all the nice things we used to say about Mrs. Ryley before she grew so horribly accustomed to her crescendo popularity come in handy again. The play is occasionally sketchy, as, for example, in the second act, when conventional people wander on and off the stage and say conventional things in a conventional way.

The comedy, however, is a man and woman dialogue, and that is the kind of dialogue that this public and any public likes. It is the case of a fellow who falls in love with his own wife, and we are still wholesome enough to prefer that sort of a person to one who falls in love with somebody else. Moreover, the third act is so piquant that it just verges on the risky, and as long as it only just verges—and they were really married, you know—even the prude can scarcely object.

FRANK CONNELLY.

A Timely Protest.

These stories of inordinate appetite, amorous mischance, carnal delirium, slaughter and sudden death, whether in novels or in plays, are cheap and nasty, and to persons who possess good health and good taste their exposition upon the stage is a repulsive bore. The purpose of art should be beauty, not deformity—the exhibition of an ideal to be emulated, not a horror to be shunned—the excitement of noble emotion, not of disgust. To be a mass of vanity, fury, concupiscence and selfishness is not to possess character, but to lack it. There can be no individuality in any person, man or woman, whose sole object in life is to get mated—whose whole nature and experience are bounded within the narrow limits of amatory passion. Such a person is merely rudimentary. Many writers of novels and plays have for some time manifested a fervid desire to declare that the wrongdoing of a woman is not in any sense more culpable than the wrongdoing of a man, and that the wrongdoing ought not socially to invalidate the woman any more than it invalidates the man. That proposition is perfectly sound, and nobody disputes it, but the proclamation of it, however strenuous, will never produce the slightest practical effect. Society, for its own protection, must always take more account of maternity than any other element that is involved in this subject, and to the end of time the man who wishes to marry will prefer Miranda before all the Clorindas in the world.—William Winter.

Sued a Manager.

Richard Mansfield sued a manager in St. Louis for payment of guarantees which the manager had refused on the ground that the performance was not up to the standard. A local jury decided in the manager's favor, and the star says that local juries always discriminate against an actor when he sues for money due him.

Charles B. Hanford is authority for the statement that young dramatic authors in France get 10 per cent of the gross receipts, besides $10 worth of tickets, every time the play is presented.

In short, comic opera is not a fad and never has been since its initial introduction into England by Sir William Davenant, one time poet laureate of the British isles. Before Davenant's innovation tragedy held full sway on the London stage, but the musical comedy, or comic opera, with attractive scenery, bright costumes, music and singing, proved so alluring that the playhouses where the dramas of Shakespeare were being produced had to close for want of patronage. A hue and a cry was set up, and we have not ceased to hear its echo to this day.

From Davenant's time to the present the theater going public has not supported representations of the more exalted drama except when presented by great artists—artists of great dramatic abilities, who were able to portray properly classic roles. It is only when such artists appear that the plays of Shakespeare can be enjoyed or be expected to receive the support of a discriminating public. There is no longer any novelty in these representations except at the hands of consummate artists.

I think I can state with entire honesty, and it is with a high degree of pleasure, what I have said elsewhere, that every effort to raise the dignity of light comic opera has met with the cordial support of the best critics of the American press. It is a common pastime, that of "dead cutting the critics with opprobrious speech," yet it cannot be denied that every meritorious comic opera representation made during the past few years has met with their cordial support. With hardly an exception they have praised that which was worthy and unmercifully flayed that which was lacking in dignity, merit or worth. Dryden said, "Praise the priest who patiently is poor." So also let those who are interested in a higher order of musical comedy laud the critic for his honesty of purpose and his courage during a time when frivolity and a low order of burlesque seemed to be gaining full sway, to run counter to a low public taste.

There is no species of drama which is more worthy the attention and the support of a cultivated mind than comic opera of the right sort. There is much that contributes to a proper and pleasing production—the music, the scenery, the costumes, pretty faces and shapely figures, not to mention the voices. This may not all be very intellectual, but it is pleasing, diverting and restful. It fulfills all that may rightly be expected of the theater—wholesome entertainment.

ANDREW A. M'CORMICK.

A HOME FOR COMIC OPERA

After Nine Years New York Will Have a Permanent Theater For Light Opera. McCormick's Enterprise.

[Copyright, 1897.]

Nine years ago Mr. James A. Bailey, Mr. Frank Sanger and Mr. Elliott Zborowski decided to build a theater in New York for comic opera productions and the permanent home of a comic opera stock company of first quality. The plans of the scheme were completed and the contract ready for signatures when James A. Bailey of the Barnum & Bailey circus was taken ill. It was feared he would lose his mind, hence the doctors advised that he give up all business cares. Mr. Zborowski, a rich Londoner, and Mr. Sanger went ahead, however, and built the theater—the Broadway. The idea of the stock company was given up for the time, however, but is now about to be consummated. Mr. Sanger has been out of the Broadway for two years, and Mr. Zborowski is now its chief owner. The permanent comic opera idea was Mr. Zborowski's pet scheme. He now proposes to put his plan into effect. I, as president and manager of the Broadway Theater company, am putting into effect Mr. Zborowski's idea.

The first opera to be produced by the Broadway Theater Opera company will be "The Highwayman," by De Koven and Smith. Operas will be elegantly presented and the company a very large and excellent one, including the following well known artists: Joseph O'Mara, late of Sir Augustus Harris' London Opera company; Miss Hilda Clark and Jerome Sykes, late of the Bostonians; Harry Macdonough, Miss Nellie Braggins and those who have been prominent in comic opera.

For well nigh two centuries comic opera has held a permanent place in the affections of the playgoing public. There have been times when interest has languished, when it appeared that comic opera was held in small regard. These periods of depression were owing to the fact that the real article had been weighed down by the introduction of horse play and buffoonery. Real comic opera had become little else than uncouth burlesque.

It was a change that was most displeasing to good taste. The public was quick to resent the introduction of a crude alloy. Eighteen carat comic opera devoid of extraneous and base matter has always been esteemed and handsomely rewarded.

A. A. M'CORMICK AND THE FUTURE HOME OF LIGHT OPERA.

Bernhardt on Tour.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt has started upon a continental tour. Accompanied by her son, daughter and son-in-law, she left Paris recently for Switzerland, Belgium and Holland, where her latest Parisian successes are to be produced, as well as the old favorites, among which are the perennial "La Dame aux Camellias," "Phedre" and "La Tosca." The tour will last only about a month, when the beloved Sarah will return for a series of plays at her own theater. She travels even in Europe in a state of luxury called "American" for lack of a better word. The Compagnie des Chemins du Fer du Nord put a private car at her disposal, fitted up in a manner to which even the president of the republic is hardly accustomed, and a long, narrow strip of carpeting extended from the sidewalk to the train. None but the officials of the theater were allowed in that particular portion of the station, and a band of music played until the train pulled out. In another car were three chambermaids of her household, her maitre d'hotel and her coachman. Even her four wheeled carriage, so conspicuous wherever she goes, was hoisted into the baggage car in fragments, and her pet collie had a favored place beside his illustrious mistress. Her admirers remark that before returning she will have played in the land of William Tell and in that of William of Orange. There remains only "the land of William of Prussia," they say, "into which this patriotic Frenchwoman will not enter." There was, nevertheless, not long ago, a report that Mme. Bernhardt had intended to go to Germany, but that the testy William of Prussia had expressed his hostility to her playing in Strassburg, whither she had set out, unless she agreed to go to other cities also.

Hissing and Applause.

Somebody has discovered that hissing and applause in theaters began some time during the seventeenth century. As the mediæval plays in France were organized by the church, applause was forbidden, and in 1650, when "Aspar," by Fontenelle, was produced, hissing was heard for the first time. The claque is said to have come into existence in France as early as the eighteenth century, when the number of comedians increased and actors felt more and more the need of applause. In order to make it certain, the claque was hired. There was a rebellion against the claque almost as soon as the custom was first introduced, and its condemnation has been constant ever since. But the institution still survives in France.

Cleo In Burlesque.

Cleo de Merode is made the central figure of an episode in a current Paris burlesque. One scene is laid in the foyer de danse at the opera—a part of the theater to which subscribers and distinguished persons are admitted. The directors of the opera are MM. Gaillard and Bertrand. M. Gaillard brings to the ballet a monarch made up to represent the king of Siam and introduces him to a young woman who is dressed to look as much as possible like the absent Cleo. M. Gaillard wrote a letter of protest to the manager, and the next night the introduction was made not by a man who was made to resemble Gaillard, but his partner, M. Bertrand.

Brady's New Farce.

William A. Brady has received from London a new farcical comedy adapted from the German. It has a peculiar theme. A man of science marries a young woman who does not love him. He is in despair, when he is advised by a fellow student to transfuse the blood of a lamb into her veins and she will become gentle and loving toward him. The scientist does so, and the result is that the wife falls in love with every man she meets. This leads to a series of most amusing complications. The comedy will probably be seen at the Schiller theater, Chicago, in the near future.

New Theater In Costa Rica.

The new Teatro Nacional at San Jose, Costa Rica, was opened recently, and is said to be the finest public building in Central America. It was built at a cost of $3,000,000, Costa Rica money, and has been decorated by European painters and sculptors. The house seats 1,200 persons, is electrically illuminated and supplied with all modern appurtenances, a great part having been purchased in this country. The government of Costa Rica will give the use of the house free, with lights and service, to theatrical companies wishing to appear in San Jose.

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LIZZIE HOLMES' PRESENTATION OF THE BEST SIDE OF ANARCHISM.

Our Present Dog Eat Dog System Crushes the Nobler and Purer Instincts—She Has Great Faith In Voluntary Association Under Just Conditions.

[Special Correspondence.]

Society as at present organized is a very complicated and incomprehensible affair. With its many mysterious methods, its chaotic order, its economic paradoxes, its multitudinous laws, institutions and precedents, it is a marvel of a conglomeration that fairly baffles us all. It is the growth of ages, a deposit of old customs, through which a modicum of new thought slowly sifts and constantly disturbs. It rests upon old, hardened but brittle foundations, and it is very unstable. Its errors are ingrained and a thousand new errors must be daily heaped upon the structure to hold it intact. Its weight crushes the very beings whom it is supposed to protect. It hampers, restricts, tortures, the very atoms of which it is composed, yet these atoms dread its dissolution more than anything else in the world.

Humanity lives, loves, suffers and reproduces in this society somehow, but is seldom happy. We none of us know what to do with the cumbersome thing with its myriads of parts that all seem so necessary and yet result in so little good. The lower strata sullenly complain that the upper ones press upon them so heavily; the middle layers reproach the lower for their ignorance, coarseness and stupidity; the upper imagine they might be happy if those beneath them were not so restless. No one exactly likes it, but most of us think only of scrambling into some easy place for ourselves and letting the masses look out for themselves.

Society should be a collection of individuals united by bonds of sympathy, interdependence and natural attraction. We have never yet tried whether these qualities alone, which are inherent in man, would be sufficient to weld us into a compact and harmonious whole or not. Such organization as society has has been forced. We have become so accustomed to the militant powers which control society and which are the outgrowth of that warlike spirit of our savage ancestors necessary when war was the principal business of the world. A nation that has reached no higher plane than that of war must have its citizens under complete control. They must all be at the beck and call of a strong central power or government. The safety, the very existence, of the community depends upon implicit obedience to the rulers from every subject. This complete surrender of personal liberty for the sake of the protection afforded by the whole, necessary once and never dropped through all the succeeding stages of development, is still a fundamental principle in the theory of government. No one remembers when he personally and voluntarily yielded up his personal liberty for the protection offered by the whole, yet each citizen is supposed to have done so. It is a fetich, a religion. Men believe they would fall away into chaos and ruin if the bonds and guards of an authoritative society did not hedge them about on every side, and through all the various forms of society, through despotisms, slavery, feudalism, commercialism, down to these days when peaceful progress is supposed to be the business of mankind, the old, military systems of organization cling to us and shape our conditions. We do not imagine we can organize in any other way.

So we have strong governments, armies, wonderful killing machinery, prisons, executioners, courts and police. We have systems by which the most useful of mankind, the laborer, is constantly robbed, after which he makes good material for the work of the criminal departments. We have complex financial arrangements that hinder exchange instead of facilitating it. We have poverty and misery enough for the most uncivilized world in the universe. There is need enough for work to be done everywhere, yet men go begging for it. We have coercion in the name of freedom and struggles between authority and rebellion for the sake of peace.

We are beginning to realize that society is a bad mixture, not even as good as the material would warrant, and numerous new theories of the organization of society are being promulgated. These new thoughts are sent out by true hearted men and women who are sacrificing a quiet and comfortable life for the stormy one of the reformer. Some of them may succeed to some extent and at a great cost.

But to my mind most of these theories are too complicated, too authoritative, contain too much that is needless and mysterious. Few people can bear to throw away an old wrong altogether. Something must be put in its place. The mind seems incapable of grasping the idea of a healthy nothingness where a huge fester has been.

My idea of a model society would be that its organization should be as simple and plain as possible. I would want a multitude of barriers removed, and then, so great is my faith in the inherent aspirations in man, I would leave people free to organize as they chose. I would like to see the many perplexing institutions and statutes which are intended to bind people together and make them good whether or no, but which serve an opposite purpose, simply ignored and forgotten. The land should be as free as the air and sunlight. In such freedom it would not take us long to discover the best methods of organization. I believe it would result in the harmonious welding together of society, not its disruption. People need each other and would unite because it was the most natural thing in the world to do; they would respect others' equal rights that their own might be respected and because they would be happier in so doing, which is but another way of saying they would be good.

A thorough organization of the industries and means of exchange would be found to be necessary. For the most important business of society as a whole is to see that the necessities of civilized life are produced plentifully and means provided for their ready and equitable distribution. This accomplished, it would be seen that surprisingly little else would need outside regulation. Animals are ferocious when they cannot get food or when their supply is in danger. So are men.

Secure in the prime essentials of life, men naturally reach out after higher and better things. It is possible to progress indefinitely. It is possible for each and every individual in the world to obtain all he needs for his fullest development without interfering with or invading the equal right of every other individual to so develop and yet not grow in isolated selfishness. People naturally incline toward each other. Their similar needs, feelings, aspirations would bring them together and establish the closest relations. The spontaneous attraction of sympathy and kindliness would weld together a society closer, more orderly and more stable than physical force can ever do.

LIZZIE M. HOLMES.

GEORGE M. PULLMAN.

Was He a Benefactor?—The New York Journal Thinks Not.

The palace car king is dead. On the whole was George M. Pullman a benefactor to the workingmen, of whom he employed thousands?

That he made his way from a boyhood of poverty to a manhood of wealth was to his credit. He benefited the world by the creation and multiplication of luxurious cars, making travel by day and night a comfort instead of a trial, and he was entitled to the reward of his enterprise and energy.

But the chief monument which he built for himself was the town of Pullman, owned and managed by his car company as one of its assets. This used to be spoken of not only as a model town in its appointments and its administration, but as a benefaction to the workmen for whose accommodation it was built and cared for.

The strike of 1894 dispelled some of the illusion which had gathered in prosperous times over the homes of the favored workingmen of Pullman. It revealed the absolute dependence of these men and their families upon the great corporate employer. Their town was attractive and well kept, but it was not theirs, and they could not own their homes.

It was profitable to the company in good times and the workmen were contented with their freedom from public cares, but when hard times came their wages were cut down, their savings wasted away, their rents went on and they were at the mercy of the company. Their struggle for better terms with the combination of employer, landlord and town ruler was futile.

Liberty has its price, but it is better to pay it. Self dependence has its trials, but they beget strength, which is better than helplessness. Pullman's personal motives may have been good, but the model town of his corporation was a gilded cage that imprisoned the manhood of its denizens.—New York Journal.

Testing an Eight Hour Law.

A case of great importance has just been elaborately argued before the United States supreme court. The question involved is the power of a state legislature to pass a law fixing the duration of the workday for adults and making it a punishable offense for an employer to hire a man to labor more than the prescribed number of hours. The case has been appealed from the supreme court of Utah, which sustained the constitutionality of the Utah eight hour law for miners engaged in work in underground mines.

The facts are as follows: An operator named Holden was convicted for employing a miner for ten hours a day, contrary to the new eight hour law, and sentenced to pay a fine and to serve 57 days in jail. Holden, admitting the facts alleged, had pleaded not guilty—first, because the miner had voluntarily entered into the contract for the services in question; second, because the statute was repugnant to the constitution of the United States in that it deprived employer and employee of the right to contract in a lawful way for a lawful purpose; third, because the statute was class legislation, and, fourth, because it deprived the defendant of his property and liberty without due process of law.

It is plain that these exceptions are those which would naturally be raised in any state of the Union against a law restricting the hours of adult labor. But the familiarity of the objections does not detract from them strength and validity. The supreme court of Utah, however, upheld the law and denied a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. It looked upon the eight hour law as a proper exercise of the police power of the state in protecting life, health and morals. As this is the first American case in which a state supreme court has sustained a law interfering with the right of adults to make contracts for labor great interest attaches to the proceedings in the federal court. The decision will turn on fundamental principles of constitutional construction and will constitute a landmark in our economic and judicial history.—Chicago Post.

Dr. Wright Discovers a Symptom.

Carroll D. Wright says the rich are growing richer and the poor are growing richer too. Idleness is one of the main symptoms of riches. As men become more wealthy they become more idle. That's the symptom that Wright bases his assertion on. Idleness among the poor is increasing fast. Of course they're growing richer.—Social Democrat.

PERFECTED ORGANIZATION.

Such Is What President Ratchford of the Miners Says Labor Needs.

A more perfect organization is absolutely essential to the miners' welfare. We must have an organization embracing every member of our trade, with a strong defense fund to support those who may be forced into strikes—an institution based upon business lines and conducted in strict conformity to the principles of the trades union movement. In speaking of the movement in a general way it is steadily advancing, the interests of the workers are being promoted in proportion to the strength of their trades unions. All the reforms brought about in the way of improving the conditions of employment, shortening the hours of labor or increasing the wages of the workers have come to the men through their trades unions.

There is much work yet to be done. A universal eight hour workday is the demand of the time. Through it the surplus labor can be taken from the mines, which today is ready to undermine their fellow workers, not because of their desires, but because of their necessities. The man who is idle is often as deserving as the man who is working, and while the latter continues to work nine or ten hours a day the former will be out of employment and can only secure a job by working at a lower rate of wages. The regulation of machinery, which has affected all trades nearly alike, is also a question to be solved by the trades unions.

Machinery must be controlled by the people or the people will be controlled by machinery. The children of today are operating this machinery, because they can work cheaper than their fathers, and instead of the father supporting the child the child is supporting the father. A system of compulsory education is absolutely necessary to remove those conditions. The child who is of school age must be taken from the shop, mine and factory and the father given employment. The destiny of our proud nation and the perpetuity of her institutions depend upon the education of our children. Let their education be had in schools and their worldly advancement will follow, each acting in the interests of the other and all acting as one in the fraternity of the unions of trades allied in one grand effort to advance.—M. D. Ratchford.

Socialists of Germany.

The Social Democratic congress at Hamburg, by a vote of 160 to 50, abrogated the prohibition against participation in elections for members of the diet. The congress also passed the resolution which was introduced by Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, providing that in case of second ballots in elections to the reichstag, instead of, abstaining from voting where their candidates are defeated on the first ballot, Socialists shall support whichever candidate pledges himself to vote against the imposition of new taxes or the raising of existing ones, against exceptional laws and all measures involving encroachment upon universal suffrage or laws of association or press laws. The resolution also provides that if neither candidate will pledge himself to these demands, Socialists must abstain from voting, as they have done hitherto. It was decided that no compromise or agreement should be concluded with other parties.

The action of the congress in passing Herr Bebel's resolution is most important. Under the present Prussian electoral system it is almost impossible for the Socialists to elect a representative to the diet. Their participation in the elections, therefore, may result in breaking the Conservative majority in the diet.

Prison Labor.

At the recent conference of the New York Prison association John H. Bartis spoke of the effects of the constitutional amendment which became operative six months ago and which forbids the sale of prison products to any but state and municipal institutions.

"When the amendment was first adopted," said Mr. Bartis, "those interested in our state penal institutions were in despair. It was thought that the great number of prisoners who would be thrown out of employment would increase the ratio of insanity. On the contrary, what seemed disaster has proved a blessing. We find that in six months the most remarkable progress has been made at Sing Sing, Erie, Clinton and Matteawan. Trade schools have been established and men are being fitted for useful lives. Moreover, the municipal and state institutions, including the national guard, are compelled to pay the market price for prison products. So great has the progress been that it is safe to say that the penal institutions of New York will within a year or so be self sustaining.

Rich Humbugs.

Not a day passes, according to the statements of local physicians and surgeons, that men and women in affluent circumstances do not line up with the needy or poverty stricken at the free dispensaries in Chicago, and often in the scramble for gratuitous medicines and treatment the worthy poor are repulsed and people of fortune get the benefit of the charity.

Fifty-five per cent, it is said, of all the people in the city who receive free medicines and medical and surgical treatment are abundantly able to pay for what they get. Fourteen per cent, it is further affirmed, have incomes ranging from $3,000 to $12,000 a year. On the other hand, thousands of poor men and women who have decent personal pride and a sense of personal responsibility for self maintenance either go without the assistance they need or suffer privation in other lines to get it. Often the rich literally rob the needy of what is specially provided for them.—Chicago Tribune.

SUNBEAMS

Only Six Left.

Papa Cat—Aren't you living rather fast, Thomas?

Young Thomas—Oh, no. I'm 1½ years old and have only lost three of my lives.

Papa Cat—Well, be careful, you young scamp!—New York Journal.

OUR FUNNY LANGUAGE.

Verb endings, as they're used by us,
Are nothing shot of marvelous
And full of oddity, as thus:

If a nap you take, that nap is took,
But bread is baked and never book,
And a Klondike claim is staked, not stook.

A man who swims may say he's swum,
But milk is skimmed and seldom skum,
And nails you trim; they are not trum.

When words you speak, those words are spoken.
But a nose is tweaked and can't be twoken,
And what you seek is never soken.

If I should stick you, you'd be stuck.
Should you lick me I'd not be luck,
Nor could I by a kick be kuck.

If we forget, then we've forgotten,
But things we wet are never wotten,
And houses let cannot be letten.

The goods one sells are always sold,
But fears dispelled are not dispold,
Nor what you smell is ever smold.

When young, a top you oft saw spun.
But did you see a grin e'er grun
Or a potato neatly skun!

The drinks you drink of course are drunk.
But who shall say that thoughts are thunk
Or at a pretty girl he's wunk?

And so from time to time, you see,
Great errors would be made if we
Spoke English by analogy.

—New York Sunday Journal.

Georgie's Hard Luck.

DEAR UNCLE FRED—I never Was so mad in my Life. I wonder if Other Boys has paws that always Tries to Git the Best of Them. No Wonder they are so much roug into the World. Last week paw he told me if I would Be a Good Boy in School and Git a credit mark He would git me Something nice.

So I went to School Every Day and Studied as Hard as I could, and when the End of the week Come I told the Teacher about it and she Give me a Note to paw Sayin I was one of the Best Boys in School.

I took it Home, and paw says:

"Georgie, I'm Proud of you. It makes me glad to Think I am the Fawther of Such a Good Boy. So I will keep my promise."

What do you s'pose He bot me?

I'm a Billy Goat with long whiskers onto Him if He Didn't Give me a rake to keep the yard clean, with a tag onto It sayin, "To Georgie for Bein a Good Boy."

I jist feel like Committen Some Horrable Crime. GEORGIE.

—Cleveland Leader.

The Wonderful Law.

Soon after Jim's admission as a learned counselor an old neighbor to give him a start gave him a lot of hard claims to collect, telling him he could have half that was collected. Jim soon received half that was due from one of the debtors and was called on a little later by his client for his share of the money. "Your half?" said the astute lawyer. "I didn't collect your half. I only collected mine." The astonished old patron said, "Why, Jim, I don't understand such proceeding." But the lofty reply was: "There is a heap of law you don't understand. I tell you, old fellow, this law is a powerful thing."—Case and Comment.

Theatrical Qualifications.

"Of course, she doesn't amount to much as an actress," said the manager, "but"—

Naturally every one was anxious to hear the conclusion of the sentence.

"—she is the woman who got so much advertising in connection with a plan to go to the Klondike."

It seems almost unnecessary to say that she was engaged.—Chicago Post.

A Case of Wheels.

Gabber—Oh, don't talk to me about bicycles. I'm sick at the very thought of 'em. You couldn't hire me to put my head into a shop where they sell the things.

Tibber—That would be a case of wheels within wheels, wouldn't it?—Boston Transcript.

A Wish.

"My youth," said the penurious man, "was spent as a sailor."

"I'd like to have known you then."

"Why?"

"It would have been a pleasure to see you pay out something, even if it was only a cable."—Washington Star.

Taking His Measure.

Tonitom—I see young Snoozerly has become a member of the Yarvard football team.

Bozzfuzz—What is he—a half back or a quarter back?

Tonitom—From what I can make out he is a drawback.—New York Journal.

What He Wanted to Know.

Plater—I hate to see a man give up in despair at the first difficulty. I like to see a man who is bound to get on in the world.

Slater (after his ninth failure to mount)—But how in the world is a fellow to get on?—Boston Transcript.

True.

Gummey—Ricketts tells me that the girl he is engaged to is a high born lady.

Gargoyle—It is quite true. Her parents were living in a flat on the fifteenth story at the time of her birth.—Up to Date.

ANOTHER KLONDIKE STORY.

The Rivers and Rocks Are Full of Yellow Gold, But—

"Yes, sir," said the man who got back from the Klondike. "The gold is there. The rivers and rocks are full of it. All you have to do is to wade into the ice water with a bushel basket and scoop it up and carry it home. The trouble is that you have to be careful not to overload your bushel basket. If you do, you're likely to break it."

"But you can get another," suggested the eager listener.

"Of course you can get another. But bushel baskets cost anywhere from $1,500 to $3,000 apiece, and as you can't stay in the ice water long enough to make $500 or so a day it's just as well to take smaller loads and economize."

"I suppose you brought back a lot of money with you?"

"Well, I didn't stay up there so very long. I was afraid of rheumatism. I didn't have a particularly rich claim. I didn't get more than $50,000 or $60,000 out of it."

"That was enough to make it worth the trip."

"Well, you mustn't forget that you have looked only at one side of the ledger. Of course when a man is making money he gets a little reckless and likes to live liberally. I guess I must have spent $10,000 or $15,000 for cough medicine while I was there. One day after I had been particularly lucky I thought I would indulge in the luxury of a few pine boards to keep the wind out of the shanty I had bought. I forget how much I paid in ounces for that shanty, but the gold dust came pretty near filling the former owner's steamer trunk. I could have made a fortune out of it if it hadn't fallen to pieces the week before I left."

"Did they charge very much for the pine boards?"

"Twenty dollars a square inch without any rebate for knotholes. Still I brought back some money. It isn't quite as much as I would have made if I had staid here at home, but it's enough to cover the expense of my trip back next spring and give me something besides to live on for a few weeks till I get something to do just to pay my board in the meantime."—Washington Star.

One For Tammie.

An old Scotch farmer was in the habit of traveling from his village to the adjacent town on market days by the railway. He never purchased a ticket, always paying at the end of the journey each way. One day the ticket collector at the market town station took him to task for this.

"Hoo is it, Mr. M'Donald," said he in the hearing of all the other passengers in the compartment, "that ye ne'er hae a teeckit?"

With a knowing look, the ancient Sandy replied:

"Tammie, ye ken the time when the company wudna' pay for ma coo the train kilt? Weel, I swore then that they'd ne'er see anither bawbee o' mine, and, Tammie, as lang as ye're collector here and yer brither Jock is at t' ither en' I ken fu' weel they ne'er will."—Nuggets.

Quite Delicate.

Mrs. Gabb (hostess)—Your little son does not appear to have much appetite.

Mrs. Gadd—No; he is quite delicate.

Mrs. Gabb—Can't you think of anything you would like, my little man?

Little Man—No'm. You see, mom made me eat a hull lot before we started, so I wouldn't make a pig of myself.—New York Weekly.

A Mean Man's Remark.

"Good gracious!" said the dear girl. "Here is a young ladies' seminary down in Georgia that teaches its pupils how to go through the wedding ceremony."

"That's the first seminary on record," said the mean man, "that ever taught its girls something they will be sure to remember."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Willing to Wait.

Miss De Rich—Now, my love, you must ask pa.

Mr. De Poore—Oh, I'm in no hurry. Let's wait.

"I do not object to a long engagement, if it is your wish, but how long?"

"Um—er—how old is your pa?"—New York Weekly.

Limitations of the Remedy.

"It's all very sweet to talk about marrying a man to reform him," said Aunt Cynthia, with a sniff, "but it's my opinion that there's only one vice a man was ever cured of by matrimony."

"And what's that?"

"Bachelorhood."—Detroit News.

His Mean Assumption.

Miss Goodwell—How do do, Mr. Howland? By the way, I saw you at church Sunday.

Mr. Howland—Yes, I punctured my tire Saturday. What was the matter with your wheel?—Chicago News.

Properly Directed.

Library Assistant — Man came in awhile ago and asked for "The Plutocrat of the Breakfast Table."

Manager—What did you do for him?

"Told him to write to Havemeyer about it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Her Advertisement.

A Boston typewriter girl, in advertising for a place, says, "I am neither pretty nor frivolous." At last accounts she was still unemployed.—Richmond Times.

Rivals Galore.

"May I ask one question before we part forever. Is there another man?"

She—Unfortunately, yes. Several of him.—Brooklyn Life.

He Couldn't.

"Oh, we must part!" the maiden said.
"My name, I heard it called!"
"I cannot part"—he hung his head—
"Because I am so bald!"

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BRAND NEW SWINDLE.

West Virginia Farmers Are Being Victimized by Shrewd Bunkoists.

The farmers in interior counties of West Virginia are being victimized by a shrewd lot of bunkoists. The plan adopted by the swindler is to call upon his victim, talk about crops and incidentally to offer the farmer $1 a bushel for his entire crop of wheat. The farmer, of course, instantly accepts what he knows to be a better price than he can get in his locality, and then the pleasant stranger produces a book which is to all appearances a book of agreements.

The farmer signs what appears to be an alleged agreement to deliver his wheat at a certain station near his place. The stranger then leaves him in a happy frame of mind, but a few days later the farmer receives a notice that a certain bank or bill discounter somewhere holds his note for the amount of money indicated on his alleged agreement. Of course the signature is undeniable, and the farmer is in a hole.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow
Via Londonderry.

From Company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
S. S. STATE OF NEBRASKA will sail on the 4th Dec. and 5th Jan. She will carry only one class of passengers called SECOND CABIN and the rates will be $35.00 and $40.00, according to location of room and number of occupants. Prepaid $37.50.

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Second Cabin, $31.50. Steerage, $25.50.

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(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec. 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; round passage, $78.37. Steerage passage $25.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to local agents. Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell; F. H. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

HOLIDAY GOODS

We have a few odds and ends that we are cutting down to holiday prices.

Popular Cocktails, 40c., were 75c.
Jamaica Rum and Maple Sugar, 85c., were $1
Crystallized Rock and Rye, 85c., were $1
Commodore Cocktails, Martini, 25c., were 40c.
Commodore Old Tom Gin, 50c., were 75c.

We also have a new invoice of

RHINE WINES

	Bot. Pts. Case.	Qts. Doz. Case.
Niersteiner	$9	$8
Laubenheimer	$9	$8
Rudesheimer	$14	$10
Liebfraumilch	$12	$11
Liebacher	$12	$11
Hochheimer	$13	$12
Zeltinger	$9	$8
(moselle or sparkling.)		
Brauneberger	$11	$10

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ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

DONOVAN & MANSUR, Auctioneers.

Lowell, Mass., Nov. 15, 1897.

On Saturday, December 4th, at 4 o'clock p. m., we will sell, whether it rains or shines, at public auction to whosoever will bid the highest price therefor, the valuable estate of the late Philip Lynch on the premises, corner Whipple, Swift, and Chase streets. We need but mention the locality to have you appreciate this opportunity of securing one of the finest investments. This estate will be sold in two lots, viz.: The first lot to be sold consists of 6362 square feet of land with a large, three-story, sled French roof housetpattitt large three-story slated French roof house. The first floor of the building is used as a store and on the second and third floors of the building are 12 large square rooms with all improvements. It has always been occupied by the late Philip Lynch and his sisters, and as everybody knows, it is today just as good as the day it was built. The building is so situated that there is improved land enough fronting on Whipple street to erect another building, also another lot of land fronting on Swift street, sufficiently large to place a third building thereon. For an investment the purchaser could increase his income two fold. Adjoining this is a barn large enough to accommodate 2 horses, and a large carriage shed. If you intend to be a bidder, the premises are now open for your inspection.

The second lot consists of 2045 square feet of land with a cottage house thereon and fronting on Chase street. Anyone wishing to buy this for an investment can readily let it at $12 per month. As a house, it cannot be surpassed. For further particulars, you can call at the office of the auctioneers, 26 Central street, Room 1, Swan building.

$3,700 can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. on the first lot, and $800 can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. on the second lot.

Terms—$300 down at sale on lot one and $300 down at sale on lot two.

—William A. Ingham, Administrator.

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Of the Leading Brands of
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Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make

PO-MEL-IA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak.

TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

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(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY,
Room 11, Barristers Hall,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

DON'T

Put off the bow to the inevitable. Your sleigh must be made ready for winter use sooner or later. Today is not any to soon. What little time there is will be needed for the paint and varnish to dry and harden.

We are already at work on quite a few.

Can we add yours to the list?

The SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY WORTHEN STREET.

The DAYLIGHT Incandescent Gas Lamp

will save you one-half your gas and give three times the light. The DAYLIGHT Mantles will last three times as long as any other on the market. Try them.

I have for sale Chimneys (glass or mica) that will fit lamp in use.

Geo. H. Bachelder,
SOLE AGENT,
23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.
Telephone 567-3.

IT IS NOT WHAT YOU EARN,

But What You Save

THAT MAKES YOU

"RICH"

Save regularly on a definite plan, and deposit in the

WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK

273 Central and 4 Gorham St., Lowell, Mass.

LETTER CARRIERS

Will collect mail and supply postage stamps to all houses supplied with the new

U. S. Postal Boxes

These boxes cost no more than one year's rent for a box in the post office and will last a lifetime. For further information apply to

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Who are the sole agents in Lowell for the authorized

U. S. POSTAL BOX

The only box from which collections will be made by letter carriers.

For Thanksgiving.

Rogers Knives, Forks and Spoons, Nut Cracks, etc. Quality the best. Our prices the lowest.

J. D. Grant, Practical Watchmaker,
64 Merrimack Street.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 05	6 00	§7 01
6 35	7 40	6 25	7 45
6 42	7 53	6 40	§7 40
§7 04	8 02	7 55	9 10
*7 20	8 10	*8 30	§9 10
§7 23	8 15	*9 00	§9 38
§7 33	8 50	9 10	§10 23
*7 45	8 37	10 17	11 33
*8 00	9 49	10 45	11 58
9 15	10 38	11 30	§12 07
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 50
11 00	12 01	*1 00	§1 38
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 15	1 05	*3 00	§3 36
1 40	2 50	3 47	5 03
3 00	4 25	4 14	§5 32
*§3 52	4 35	*5 00	6 45
4 25	5 30	5 35	6 35
§5 22	6 15	5 47	6 07
5 44	7 10	6 14	7 30
*§6 32	7 05	*7 30	§8 09
*§7 40	8 20	*8 00	§8 38
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
§7 20	8 10	2 15	§3 05
§7 28	8 15	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 00	§5 53
§4 45	5 32	7 39	§8 15
§6 45	7 00	8 00	§8 38
		9 00	§10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 39	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 35	10 37
9 25	10 39	10 45	11 40
10 50	12 01	11 50	1 08
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 10
12 45	1 58	3 40	4 55
2 30	3 21	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 25	6 01	7 13
5 10	5 42	6 35	7 43
6 15	7 26	9 45	10 37
7 00	8 06	11 15 ‖	12 01
9 23	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 20	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 28	5 00	6 25
5 30	6 55	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

£ CHRISTMAS DRAFTS £

Payable in Ireland, England, Scotland and all parts of the world. For sale at Murphy's steamship agency, 15 Appleton street. Steamer "Canada" leaves Boston Dec. 9 and will reach Queenstown Dec. 16, in season for Christmas.

A DOUBLE ROASTING PAN

Until Thanksgiving we will give away with a pound of our 60c. Tea a double roaster. See samples in show window. Telephone 35-2, Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone, 556-3.

Cold? Well, buy your coal of Rourke & Sullivan. It will keep your house comfortable. 228 Central street, 964 Gorham street.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Weber piano in fine condition. For sale at 66 W. Sixth street. Call at once.

They are only $18.60. Those Ladies' Solid Gold Watches. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

The blind singers, Messrs. J. W. Maynard and E. E. Coffin, gave an entertainment in the vestry of the Highland M. E. church Wednesday night, under the auspices of Gen. Fiske lodge of Good Templars.

The alarm from box 26 at 3.21 o'clock Wednesday afternoon was for an insignificant blaze in a tenement house cellar in the rear of Boynton's grocery store on Merrimack street. The property is owned by S. K. Chase.

Cook, Taylor & Co.'s advertisement in this paper will call your attention to a job lot of ladies' flannelette wrappers at 74 cents each, which go on sale this afternoon at 5 o'clock and the sale continues until all are closed out. Don't miss reading of this great bargain.

NEW SOCIAL CLUB.

The Pawtucketville Canadian social club, a new orагnization met Tuesday evening and adopted a constitution. J. W. Alexander presided.

As is indicated in the name, the club is organized for social purposes. It is proposed to arrange parties to make money, the surplus after the club's expenses are paid, being intended to promote naturalization next fall. The club will have a hall at Garner avenue and New Moody street in Pawtucketville. Officers will be elected next Tuesday night.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of Philip Connors vs. Connors Brothers, in which the petitioner asked for an accounting, occupied the attention of Judge Gaskell at the afternoon session of the Superior court yesterday. He made no decision but took the case under consideration. The court adjourned sine die.

FITCHBURG WON.

The Fitchburg Checker club visited Lowell yesterday and played a match with the Lowell Checker club at the headquarters of the latter, Room 18, Barristers' hall.

The Lowell club presented a strong team with the following score.

LOWELL.

	Won.	Drawn.
George A. Dearborn	1	3
Asa J. Richardson	2	3
Jacob Saunders	3	0
George H. Knight	1	1
Martin Farrell	3	1
Neil McKillop	3	1
John Sayers	3	0
Wm. P. Foye	3	1
James J. Morris	4	0
	23	9

FITCHBURGS.

	Won.	Drawn.
P. J. Mulcahy	0	3
H. O. Whitcomb	0	3
C. X. Blanchard	1	0
H. D. McIntire	2	1
J. Ferguson	0	1
L. Wilkins	0	1
James McGrath	1	0
T. McGrath	0	0
J. H. Norton	0	0
	4	9

WORKINGMEN AND MECHANICS, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

For sale, cheap, on easy terms, located on D street, near the Shaw Stocking company, on high and dry land, with good sewerage, convenient to schools, churches, and two lines of street cars, piped for gas and water; five cottage houses and one two-tenement house. These houses have all modern improvements and are suitably arranged for families. Part of these houses have just been completed and the rest will be finished, ready for occupancy in a very short time.

Terms liberal. A small amount down and the balance can be paid in monthly instalments.

Anyone desiring to go through these houses and inquire terms and prices, call on J. W. Bennett, the owner, at 584 Middlesex street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 Merk St.

FIVE GOOD GAMES

The Lowells Defeated by an Eleven From Harvard.

BIG SEVEN AND BOULEVARDS HAD A DISPUTE.

Strong Albions Defeated the Almonts.

There were five football games yesterday in which Lowell teams took part. The principal game was on the Fair Grounds, where, in the presence of 1600 people the Lowells were beaten by Harvards, '98, by a score of 16 to 0. It was an exciting game and the Harvard boys had their hands full all the time.

Had the Lowells been a little stronger at the ends yesterday the result might have been different. They were all that was required in center plays, but when end plays would serve to good advantage, they were found wanting. The visitors soon realized this and made the most of their opponent through the centre, while the Lowells never thought of doing anything else. They bucked the centre many a time when an end play would give them the advantage. They made the college men hustle however, and kept them on the alert most of the time. There were several players more or less injured during the game but none were seriously hurt.

Shaw and Benoit had their wind knocked out but they soon recovered.

Tabor's right leg was injured and he had to retire.

Edson, Emmons and Fleichem were the stars of the visitors while Danforth (of Tech), Tabor and Benoit had the honors for the Lowells. The line-up:

LOWELL	HARVARD
O'Donnell, re	re, Fleichem
Coburn, rt	rt, Rice
Shaw, rg	rg, Hall
Gill, c	c, Wood
Herlrck, lg	lg, Barnes
Tabor, lt	lt, Graydon
Homer, le	le, Valentine
Allen, qb	qb, Vincent
Benoit, rhb	rhb, Edson
Danforth, lhb	lhb, Flint
Banks, fb	fb, Emmons

Linesmen, Ralph Pinder, Walter Muzzey; timekeeper, E. S. Tuttle, Jr.; referee, Safford.

Time, two 20-minute halves. Attendance, 1600.

HIGHLANDS 4; HIGH SCHOOL 2d, 0.

A team of young rugby football players, styling themselves the Lowell High School Second, and a team from the Highlands met at Atherton yesterday morning. It was a very good game and while the ground was unfavorable to good football some very pretty plays were made by both sides. The result was 4 to 0 in favor of the Highlands.

HAVERHILL 22; LOWELL 0.

The Tiger-Emerald combination visited Haverhill yesterday morning under the name of the Lowell High schools. They were down for a game with the Haverhill High school team and made a sorry mess of it. They never had the least show of winning from the start and when the whistle blew for call of time the score stood Haverhill 22, Lowell 0.

ALBIONS 2; ALMONTS 1.

The two old rivals faced each other at Atherton yesterday morning and the Albions won.

After 15 minutes' play J. W. Whitworth made a long shot for goal, and Brodem, the Albion custodian, made a mis-kick, the ball going under his foot and between the posts. This was the only scoring done in the first half. The Albions kept the ball in the Almont's territory in the second half and sent shot after shot into the Almont goalkeeper. George Allen made matters very uncomfortable for the Albions by his dirty playing, the referree having to caution him on several occasions. Nelson finally succeeded in equalizing the score and five minutes later Flynn followed with another for the Albions.

THEY BOTH WON.

The Big Seven and Boulevards played a game yesterday and both sides won. In the second half Bassett scored a touchdown for the Boulevards, so the Boulevards say. There was a dispute, however, over the point being allowed, the umpire deciding in favor of the Boulevards and the referee in favor of the Big Sevens. As the Boulevards would not give in to the decision of the rreferee, and they claim the Big Sevens started the ball in motion and scord a touchdown from which a goal was kicked. This was a very easy thing to do under the circumstances, as the Boulevards made no effort to checkmate them. Now the Big Sevens claim a victory by a score of 6 to 0 and the Boulevards allege that they are the victors by a score of 4 to 0.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The origin of the word toasts is lost in obscurity. Some say it originated in an uncomfortable habit that the Danes had of cutting the throats of the English while they were drinking their spiced ale and tint in order to guard against this contingency the individual requested a friend near by to become his surety or pledge while he was occupied in imbibition. Others say that a famous beauty while bathing in the Cross Bath had one of her admirers take a glass of the water from the bath and drink her health. A gay fellow offered to jump in, saying that although he liked not the liquor he would have the toast. He was opposed but ever after a glass to one's lady love was called a toast. But the Romans had toast masters and therefore must have had toasts; in fact, they used sometimes to drink their crowns, that is they threw their wreaths of flowers into the wine. If anyone had designs on another this was a convenient way to poison him, the flowers being poisoned. Cleopatra, infact, dressed herself with poisoned flowers and after Anthony had refused to eat anything of which she had not previously tasted, for fear of poison, she proposed to drink the crowns. Anthony gallantly was about to drink when Cleopatra seized his arm and told him of his danger.

Prof. C. W. Oldrieve, the famous natator, will attempt to walk across the Atlantic ocean.

Capt. W. A. Andrews, a native of Beverly, who has already crossed the ocean in a tiny craft, will go along in a 14 1-2 foot boat. The arrangements are that the two must always remain in sight of each other and the professor must walk all the way. When he gets into the boat to eat and sleep, the craft must be laid to or sailed in a circle so that it cannot be denied that the professor walked all the way over.

These two intrepid voyagers want to go to the Paris Exposition in 1900, and will start from Boston next Fourth of July so as to be in good time for the fete.

The couple will land at Havre, and will then proceed up the Seine to Paris. They expect to visit other places in Europe. They expect to be recompensed by exhibiting themselves and their boat at one cent a head.

CRIMINALS SENTENCED.

John H. Laskey, who was convicted of forgery on complaint of the city of Cambridge, was sentenced Monday afternoon to three years in the house of correction by Judge Wardwell in the Middlesex superior court in East Cambridge.

John F. Salinger, convicted of breaking and entering into Rosenberg's shoe store in East Cambridge, was sentenced to the reformatory, and Patrick J. Dwyer, charged with receiving stolen goods in the same case, was placed on probation.

RECEIVED A SCALP WOUND.

Vincent Solma, a Pole residing in William street, while working for the Locks & Canals company in the Concord river, back of the Middlesex company's mills, was struck with a stone that was being swung in a derrick, yesterday morning and received a severe scalp wound. He was taken to the corporation hospital.

First class printing at this office.

It will go... Right to the spot

Ayer's Hair Vigor will go right to that bald spot and begin to bring the hair back.

It Makes Hair Grow.

MECHANICS PHALANX.

Major Taylor of Wakefield presided at the meeting of the Mechanic Phalanx Wednesday night. Thomas Livingstone was elected second lieutenant to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Arthur D. Colby. Thomas Kittredge was a contestant for the position, receiving 19 votes to 26 for his opponent. A camp fire was enjoyed after the business meeting, refreshments, smoking and speeches serving to pass the time very pleasantly. The refreshments were "set up" by Capt. Greig as the result of a bet as to his shooting ability.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Some People We Know, and We Will Profit by Hearing About Them.

This is a purely local event.
It took place in Lowell, Mass.
Not in Buffalo or New York.
You are asked to investigate it.
Asked to believe a citizen's word.
To confirm a citizen's statement.
Any article that is endorsed,
That obtains resident advocates,
Is more worthy of confidence
Than a far-off foreign article.
Testified to by foreign people.

Mr. H. Doyle, motorman, residing at 1415 Middlesex street, says: "I suffered a great deal with my back and kidneys. When cold weather came, backache came and dizziness and headaches with it. I wore flannel bandages and tried the ordinary household remedies, but I grew no better and urinary trouble set in. I read what Doan's Kidney Pills were doing here in Lowell and I made up my mind I would try them. I got a box at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and I give them the credit of my cure. I have not a sign of my old trouble and don't have any use for the flannel bandage. I have just got some for my wife, as I believe she needs them, and they are just the thing. Use my name if you wish. I am quite willing you should tell what they have done for me."

For sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Great Reduction Sale

FOR TODAY ONLY!

LINEN DEPT.

Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Tray Cloths, Table Tops, Table Sets, Doylies, Table Damask, etc., to decorate your home table. Nothing prettier than nice linens. The victuals taste much better when partaken of from a snowy white table cloth.

They were never so cheap in price and never so good in quality.

NAPKINS.

Union Napkins, 5-8 size, 59c a dozen, were 79c.

Union Napkins, 3-4 size, 79c a dozen, were 98c.

Silver Bleach Table Napkins, all pure linen, 98c a doz.

Bleached Damask Table Napkins, 3-4 sizes, all linen, $1.39 a dozen.

Bleached Satin Damask Table Napkins, 3-4 sizes, all linen, $1.79 a dozen.

Bleached Satin Damask Table Napkins, 3-4 sizes, all linen, $1.98 a dozen.

TABLE CLOTHS.

8-4 linen table cloths, red and blue borders, 69c each, worth 89c.

8-10 linen table cloths red, and blue borders, $1.29 each, worth $1.49 to $1.75.

10-4 silver bleach table cloths (all white), 98c each, worth $1.39.

TABLE CLOTHS.

8-4 No. 98a, German linen table cloth (all white), full bleach, 98c, worth $1.25.

8-10 No. 98a, German linen table cloth (all white), full bleach, $1.49, a bargain.

10-4 colored border table sets (12 napkins, 1 table cloth), all linen, $1.69 a set.

1 lot about 12 table sets, very fine, to be sold at extra low prices to clean up. All color borders.

8-4 Hemstitch all white table sets (12 napkins, 1 table cloth), $4.98 a set.

10-4 Hemstitch all white table sets (12 napkins, 1 table cloth), $5.98 a set.

Doylies and tray cloths.

Linen doylies, fringed, 46c a dozen.

Linen doylies damask, 5c each.

Silk and linen doylies, 9c each, worth 15c.

Linen tray cloths, damask, 19c each.

Linen tray cloths, satin damask, $2.87½ a dozen.

Linen tray cloths, hemstitch damask, 29c each.

TABLE DAMASK.

1 piece left (or part piece), half bleached table damask, for 15c a yard.

Half bleached table damask, 29c, all linen.

Full bleached Scotch damask, 39c.

Silver bleached German damask (partially bleached in Sun only), will wash white in 3 washes; the best wearing damask made today, and only 50c a yard.

TABLE DAMASK.

A wider one in heavier weight, for 59c a yard.

Satin Damask, fine E & B Scotch goods, 98c.

TOWELS.

Linen Towels, 5c each.

Linen Damask and Huck Towels, 9c each.

Linen Damask and Huck Towels, 2 for 25c.

Linen Huck Towels, Hemstitched, 19c each.

Linen Damask Towell (54 inch long), 25c (big thing).

Linen Double Damask Towels Hemstitched, 29c, worth 42c.

CRASH.

Linen Barnsley Crash, 5c a yard.

Linen Scotch Crash, 5 3-4c a yard.

Linen Russia Crash, the best made, for 12 1-2c a yard.

Great Sale Today and Tomorrow Forenoon of Comforters and Blankets. Blankets for 19c, and Comforters for 23c each. These are Specimen Bargains.

Cloak Bargains.

81. A heavy boucle Jacket, lined with fine quality satin, in all colors desirable, $7.50 worth $12.50.

82. An English Cheviot Jacket, fine quality, latest style, black taffeta silk lined, $7.50, worth $12.00.

83. English Covert Jackets, velvet collar, half silk lined, $4.98, worth $7.50.

These Are Bargain Days With The Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.

OUR RIDDLE.—There was once a man, a little man, who blew is horn until he "bust up"

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

Here We Are Again

Once More it is

Ladies' Wrappers

Made From Flannelette

beautiful patterns, oil boiled, fast colors, which will wash and yet grow brighter each time, we do not intend to HUMBUG or DECEIVE you. This perfect fitting, handsome figured, stylish shape, fine Flannelette Wrapper is now and never was sold in this or any other city for less than ONE HUNDRED CENTS, we paid "spot cash" for nearly 50 dozen and to beat all previous records will sell you ONE or ONE DOZEN at only 74c. each for choice.

☛ Sale to commence at 5 o'clock p. m. today to give those employed during the day an equal chance with all others.

This takes the bun, and young, middle-aged or elderly ladies can procure a FINE QUALITY GENUINE $1.00 or $1.25 FLANNELETTE WRAPPER for only 74c., 74c., 74c.

DESCRIPTION.

Yoke in back with watteau from same, yoke in back and front, ruffled, lined waist, finished with goods same as wrapper, forming a vest front which buttons, turn over collar, full skirt at hips and extra broad, 3 1-4 yards or more at the bottom of the skirt, with deep hem, skirts are cut long, sleeves are the latest and most fashionable, sizes 32 to 46 complete, so that small, medium and extra large women can be fitted at same cost. No Wrapper costing from $1.00 to $1.50 could be better in make and fit than this is; and in the lot are red grounds with figures and dots, navy blue with white dots, black with bright figures, black and white for mourning, grey mixtures for half mourning, subdued colors for bashful maidens, large, bright, gay figures and colors for "the girls."

During the more than one-third of a century in this one location without a "skip or a break," we are confident that we have never offered so great a real "red hot" bargain as this. Have we ever attempted to deceive you on these Special Wrapper Sales before? Come and see about this one. No trouble to show you whether you buy or not.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets

A $75,000 Stock

OF

Men's, Women's and Children's

WINTER

UNDERWEAR

Friday and Saturday will be the people's days at the People's Store. Incomparable bargains that will clear the stock, do it well and in short order. The opportunity is unprecedented.

Women's and Children's Dept.

5 cases of Infant's Fleeced Jersey Vests, sizes 1 to 6, at 12 1-2c. Each.

3 cases of Boys' Random Shirts and Drawers, an exceptional value at 25c. Each.

3 cases of Boys' Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, the greatest value ever offered, at 49c. Each.

2 cases of Misses' Harvard Jersey Vests and Pants and 3 cases of Ladies' Richelieu ribbed, heavy fleeced Vests and Pants, white or Egyptian, an extraordinary value, 25c. Each.

60 dozen Jersey Wool Pants, in medium sizes, regular $1 grade, at 50c. Each.

40 dozen Harvard Jersey Fleeced Combination Suits, white or Egyptian, at 87c. Each.

20 dozen Ladies' Black Tights at the extraordinary low price of 49c. Each.

Men' Underwear.

65 dozen Men's Scotch Mixed Shirts, large sizes only, a 50c. Shirt, at 25c. Each.

45 dozen Men's White Cotton and Wool Shirts and Drawers, odd sizes, a 50c. article, at 39c. Each.

50 dozen Men's Extra Heavy Nature Wool Shirts and Drawers, a regular $1.00 quality, at 62c. Each.

2 cases of Men's Extra Heavy Quality Camels Hair Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, $1.50 quality, at 98c. Each.

60 dozen Men's Flannelette Shirts, a 37 1-2c. quality, at 19c. Each.

Sweaters and Cardigan Jackets

Boys' Wool Sweaters, in crimson and dark blue, only 75c. Each.

Men's Heavy Wool Sweaters, in crimson and black, $1.50 quality, 98c. Each.

Men's Cardigan Jackets, in crimson, navy blue, tan and dark brown, only $1.00 Each.

Men's Night Shirts.

One lot of Men's Flannelette Night Shirts, all sizes, made to sell at $1.00 and $1.25. Price for two days, 75c. Each.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

FAIRY SOAP

PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.

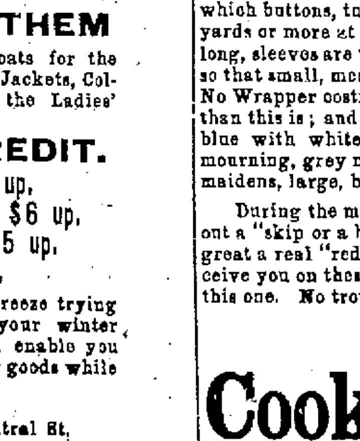
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.

The Soap of the Century

Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS



WE HAVE THEM

Stylish Suits and Overcoats for the Men and Boys. Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Skirts for the Ladies' and Girls.

SOLD ON CREDIT.

Men's Nobby Suits $5 up.
Men's Nobby Overcoats $6 up.
Custom Made Suits $15 up.
Ladies' Jackets $5 up.

No need for anyone to freeze trying to save enough to buy your winter outfit, as our terms will enable you to buy now and pay for goods while wearing them.

EMPIRE CREDIT CLOTHING CO., Over 97 Central St. Open Evenings.